R E P O R T R E S U M E S

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POLITICS IN THE AGE OF HOMESPUN, A BIBLIOGRAPHY.

BY- DUBOIS, CAROL J. BUCKLEY, MONA
STATE UNIV. OF N.Y., ONEONTA, COLL. AT ONEONTA

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DESCRIPTORS- *ANNOTATED BIBLIOGRAPHIES, *BOOKS, *HISTORICAL REVIEWS, *NEWSPAPERS, *POLITICAL ISSUES, STUDENTS, TEACHERS, THE OTSEGO REPUBLICAN, THE FREEMAN'S JOURNAL, PROJECT PROBE,

TWENTY-FIVE BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES CONCERNING THE NEW YORK POLITICAL SCENE HAVE BEEN LISTED IN THIS DOCUMENT. THE BOOKS HAVE BEEN ANNOTATED AND SOME BOOKS WHICH ARE NOW OUT OF PRINT ARE INCLUDED FOR THEIR HISTORICAL VALUE. BOOKS OF PRIMARY INTEREST TO STUDENTS AND THOSE MOST HELPFUL TO TEACHERS HAVE BEEN DIFFERENTIATED. ACCOMPANYING THIS BIBLIOGRAPHY ARE XEROXED COPIES OF TWO NEWSPAPERS WHICH REPRESENT THE CONFLICTING POLITICAL ISSUES OF THE 1840 PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION. THE NEWSPAPERS ARE COMPOSITES OF ORIGINAL ISSUES PUBLISHED DURING A THREE MONTH PERIOD IN 1840. (JS)

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POLITICS

HOMESPUN

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POLITICS IN THE AGE OF HOMESPUN

A BIBLIOGRAPHY

PROJECT PROBE

January, 1968

Compiled by Carol J. DuBois

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Project PROBE

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of Creativity in Education

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Sole Supervisory District of Otsego County
in Cooperation with the Catskill Area School Study Council

135 Old Main
State University College
Oneonta, New York 13820

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POLITICAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

For the second subject-oriented bibliography in the series planned by PROBE to supplement the Age of Homespun curriculum guide, the focal point will be the New York political scene.

This bibliography is not intended to be extensive or comprehensive, but is, instead, designed to provide teachers with a selective reference list of readily available titles. A few standard works, now out of print, have been included simply because their value is too great to be ignored. However, most of the entries refer to books which should be on your library shelves.

To indicate the nature and usefulness of these bibliographical entries, they have been annotated whenever possible. The use of (BIP) at the conclusion of the entry identifies it as a Book in Print. Books of primary interest to students have been marked S, while those most helpful to teachers have been marked T. If a book may best be used by a student only with close teacher supervision, the symbols T (S) have been used.

Your reaction to our materials and/or your suggestions for additional entries will be welcomed. Send these to the Cooperstown office of PROBE, P. O. Box 445, Cooperstown, New York 13326.

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POLITICAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

Alexander, DeAlva Stanwood. A Political History of the State of New York. 3 Vols. New York: Henry Holt and Company, 1906. T. (S.)

Out of print but standard - a good though somewhat biased (favors Whigs and Republicans) study of New York's Political history. Vol. I deals with the years 1774 to 1832 while Vol. II covers 1833 to 1861 and Vol. III 1861 to 1882.

Beardsley, Levi. Reminiscences. New York: C. Vinten, 1952.

Very interesting and readable reminiscences by a significant political figure who made his home in Otsego County. Full of stories about everyday life in upstate New York as well as state political activities. S. T.

Benson, Lee. Concept of Jacksonian Democracy: New York as A Test Case. Princeton, New Jersey: Princeton University Press, 1961. (BIP.) Paperback: New York: Atheneum Publishers, 1964. (BIP.) T.

Not easy reading, but an important book.

Bobbe, Dorothie. DeWitt Clinton. New York: Minton, Balch & Co., 1933. Port Washington, N.Y.: I. J. Friedman, 1962. T. (S.)

Remains the standard Clinton bibliography though a new one is planned.

Chambers, William Nisbet. Political Parties in a New Nation. New York: Oxford University Press, 1963.

Able treatment of developmental period of American political parties, 1776-1809.

Christman, Henry. Tin Horns and Calico. New York: H. Holt and Company, 1945. T. (S.)

Good adult history of the anti-rent wars.

Commager, Henry Steele (ed.). The Era of Reform, 1830-1860. Princeton, New Jersey: Van Nostrand, 1960. (Paperback) T. (S.)

Contains reprints of documents relevant to nationwide reforms of the period. Significant to New York politics.

David, Paul T., Goldman, Ralph M., and Bain, Richard C. The Politics of National Party Conventions. Revised edition. New York: Vintage Books, 1964. (Paperback.) T. (S.)

Brief, easy to read history of American party conventions. Material relevant to Homespun era is scattered throughout.

Donovan, Herbert D. A. The Barnburners. New York: The New York University Press, 1925. T.

Excellent, well written history of political upheavals in New York 1830-1850. Interesting maps show political breakdowns. Bibliography.

Ellis, David M. Landlords and Farmers in the Hudson-Mohawk Region, 1790 - 1850. Ithaca, N.Y.: Cornell University Press, 1946. T. (S.) Paperback edition: New York: Octagon Books, Inc., 1966.

Well documented treatment of agricultural development of eastern New York. Included are chapters dealing with the anti-rent movement and its influence in politics. Well illustrated with maps and charts.

Flick, Alexander C. (ed.). History of the State of New York. 10 Vols. New York: Columbia University Press, 1933-37. T. (S.)

Vol. VI, Age of Reform, contains four very good chapters relating to New York politics: Chapter II, "The Growth of Political Parties, 1777-1828;" Chapter III, "Party Struggles, 1828-1850; "Chapter IV, "New York's Participation in the Federal Government;" and Chapter VIII, "Reform Movement." Bibliographies accompany most chapters.

Vol. VII, Modern Party Battles, contains a chapter (III), "Politics and Slavery , 1850-1860," which deals with the pre-Civil War decade in New York. A bibliography is included in the chapter.

I. J. Friedman has reissued this set, combining 10 vols. into 5 vols.

Fox, Dixon Ryan. The Decline of Aristocracy in the Politics of New York. New York: Columbia University, 1919. T. (S.)

History of decline of Federalists "told largely in terms of the programs and ideas of opposing parties." Illustrated.

_____. Decline of the Aristocracy in the Politics of New York, 1801 - 1840. Edited by R. V. Remini. Gloucester, Massachusetts: Peter Smith, n.d. (BIP.)

_____. Decline of the Aristocracy in the Politics of New York, 1801 - 1840. Evanston, Illinois: Harper & Row Pubs., Inc. (Torchbook), n.d. (BIP - Paperback.)

Garraty, John A. Silas Wright. New York: Columbia University Press, 1949. T. (S.)

Good biography of an important New York politician. Very readable. Includes material relevant to development of political trends.

Hammond, Jabez Delano. The History of Political Parties in the State of New York . . . to December, 1840. 2 Vols. Cooperstown: H. and E. Phinney, 1846. T.

Interesting, well done contemporary political history. Probably a difficult book for students. May not be readily available, but would be very worthwhile for teacher use.

Hoyt, Edwin P. Martin Van Buren. Chicago: Reilly & Lee Co., 1964. S. (7-10.)

Kass, Alvin. Politics in New York, 1800-1830. Syracuse: Syracuse University Press, 1965. (BIP.) T. (S.)
Well written, analytical approach to the development of New York politics. May be difficult for most students.

McBain, Howard Lee. DeWitt Clinton and the Origin of the Spoils System in New York. New York: Columbia University, 1907. T. (S.)
Older, out of print book , but good treatment of subject.

McCormick, Richard P. The Second American Party System. Chapel Hill: The University of North Carolina Press, 1966. S. T.
Excellent, readable, but brief (28 pages) section giving general history of party formation in New York.

Rayback, Robert J. Millard Fillmore: Biography of a President. Buffalo: Buffalo Historical Society, 1959. T. (S.)
Good, well documented biography. Bibliography. Illustrated. Readable.

Remini, Robert V. Martin Van Buren and the Making of the Democratic Party. New York: Columbia University Press, 1959. T. (S.)
Good, readable work with emphasis on development of parties in New York. Bibliography.

Smith, James M. Freedom's Fetters. Ithaca, New York: Cornell University Press, 1956. T. (S.)
Fine treatment of the alien and sedition laws in America. Chapter XVII discusses cases involving New Yorkers.

Smith, Ray Burdick (ed.). History of the State of New York, Political and Governmental. Syracuse: The Syracuse Press, Inc., 1922. T. (S.)
Volumes I (1776-1822) and II (1822-64), both by Willis Fletcher Johnson, deal with the political events of the Homespun era. Both are illustrated and readable.

Straetz, Ralph A. and Munger, Frank J. New York Politics. New York: New York University Press, 1960. (BIP.)
Illustrated paperback.

Van Deusen, Glyndon G. The Jacksonian Era, 1828-1848. New York: Harper, 1959. T. (S.)
Good general history of politics 1828-48. Much relates to New York politics. Illustrated. Bibliography.

_____. Thurlow Weed, Wizard of the Lobby. Boston: Little, Brown and Company, 1947. T. (S.)
Good, readable biography of an important figure in New York politics. Illustrated. Bibliography.

_____. William Henry Seward. New York: Oxford University Press, 1967.
New book, just out. Should be worthwhile reading.

White, Leonard D. Jeffersonians: A Study in Administrative History 1801 - 1821. New York: Macmillan Co., 1954. (BIP.)

Presents development of theory and practice in field of political administration on national level with some relevant comments about New York.

NEWSPAPERS

Accompanying this bibliography are copies of two newspapers. The Otsego Republican and The Freeman's Journal, which represent the conflicting political views of the 1840 "Log Cabin" presidential campaign between Martin Van Buren and William Henry Harrison.

The papers are composites of original issues published in Cooperstown, New York, during September, October, and November of 1840. Using different papers instead of a single issue makes it possible to include campaign activities as well as election results.

To create these composite issues the original newspapers were xeroxed. The xerox copies were cut apart and reassembled into one paper which was then photocopied and reproduced by an offset printing process. Special emphasis was given to articles of a political nature and in recreating a format similar to the original, every effort was made to preserve the flavor of the papers. Bits of local news or gossip, advertisements, literary pieces, and many other items were included to reflect every day life. Most articles, advertisements, or illustrations appear on the same page as in the original issues, though perhaps not in the same position.

Careful reading of these papers should suggest many classroom uses for providing your students with another view of life in the Age of Homespun. The variety and extent of advertising, the political attitudes and feelings represented, letters to the editor, and the general style of reporting local news notes combine to provide a most interesting view of the major communications medium of that era. Numerous then-now

comparisons of the 1840 newspapers with current papers are obvious: style, format, material, etc.

Although the primary purpose for preparing these papers was to chronicle opposing political views, the importance of the newspaper as a communications agent is certainly apparent. People depended upon their newspapers for all kinds of information and entertainment as these two papers will attest. Most students will find the advertisements of great interest and the extent of advertising, by physicians and schools as well as merchants, does deserve some attention.

Perhaps your class might be interested in producing a similar document for classroom use. Reproduction of old newspapers or other manuscript materials can be easily accomplished by the use of xerox or other photo-copying machines which may be available in your school or community. You or one of your students may have items which would add to the understanding of the period if they were reproduced and distributed for general study.

During the reproduction processes used with these papers, some of the articles became hard to read. To provide assistance, copies of those most difficult to read will follow this introduction.

EXCERPTS FROM THE NEWSPAPERS

Freeman's Journal, Page 1

Corrected from the Albany Evening Journal of August 15.
A Short Biography of
GEN. WILLIAM H. HARRISON,
Who is a Federalist.
Will be, on the 9th of Feb. next, if his trembling limbs and tottering steps survive the rigors of another Ohio winter,
SIXTY-EIGHT YEARS OLD:
And will be before the end of the next Presidential term, if a kind Providence shall so lengthen out his days,
SEVENTY-TWO YEARS OLD.
His early life is not distinguished by any thing worthy of remark or admiration, except that at the age of 18, he became a member of an abolition society.
In 1793, was a Delegate in Congress from the North West Territory,
Was a Black Cockade Federalist during the REIGN OF TERROR.
A supporter of the Alien and Sedition Law Administration of John Adams.
OPPOSED
To the election of Thomas Jefferson,
The great Apostle and Champion of American Democracy, and
Was appointed, during that great struggle between Black Cockade Federalism and Democracy by
John Adams,
GOVERNOR
Of the Territory of Indiana,
As a reward for services rendered to his Alien and Sedition Law Administration.
While Governor of that Territory, he approved and signed a Law for selling
FREE WHITE MEN AND WOMEN
Into slavery for Debts incured by fines and costs, with a penalty of
THIRTY-NINE LASHES,
If the white slave, male or female, sought liberty by absconding from servitude.
He also approved and signed a Law imposing a
PROPERTY QUALIFICATION
Upon Voters,

Supporting the principle that none but such as
owned a freehold of
FIFTY ACRES OF LAND
Ought to be entitled to the Right of Suf-
rage.
In 1812, he received the appointment of com-
mander in chief of the N. W. Army.
In 1814 in the
DARKEST PERIOD OF THE WAR,
With Great Britain,
When rapine and conflagration were wasting
the fairest portions of our country, when
the blood of unoffending women and
children was reeking
from the hands of
THE MURDEROUS SAVAGE,
And rolling its crimson tide over the land!
When the roof of the Poor Man was
given to "the flames, & his flesh
to the eagles," when
MARTIN VAN BUREN
Was in the Senate of the State of New York,
urging with all the powers of his giant
mind and masterly eloquence, his
CLASSIFICATION BILL
for the immediate raising of troops
tostay the death march of British robbers and
murders, and to drive back to
their fortresses the
DEMONS OF BRITISH POWER,
General Harrison
(whether from cowardice or private quarrels is immaterial.)
RESIGNED HIS COMMISSION!
and sought safety at home!
Fortunate for the country that he retired!
He was succeeded by that "Brave
old Soldier,"
GEN. ANDREW JACKSON,
To whose valor, not Gen. Harrison's, is our
country indebted for the glorious
triumph of his arms.
The "Hero of New Orleans," who has filled
The measure of his country's renown
in the field and in the state,
IS NOW
The ardent friend and supporter of Martin Van
Buren, and a living witness an en-
thusiastic admirer of his sterling
abilities, devoted patriotism,
and known and tried
principles."
GENERAL MUM,

"Having never admired him as a military man,
nor considered him as possessing the
qualities which constitute the com-
mander of an army," and
"Knowing that he had never been identified
with the Republican Party in any of
its great struggles."
HE KNOWS HIM
to be a vain and superficial man.
He knows the abundity of his claims and pre-
tensions to military fame; he knows his acts
of selfish injustice to the gallant officers who
served under him, in attempting, as he al-
ways did, to appreciate the laurels won by
their valor to gratify his own
NARROW AMBITION
On motion of Abner Lacock, of Penn.,
"the name of Harrison"
Was STRICKEN from a RESOLUTION in-
troduced in the senate of the U. S. pro-
posing to present him,
With a Medal and Vote of Thanks.
The Common Council of the city of New York,
by a voice of 12 to 5,
REFUSED to HARRISON The HONOR
of the freedom of the city,
Although such men as Decatur and Perry had
been tendered its hospitalities by a
unanimous vote.
In 1817, after having obtained a seat in Con-
gress, and a chance to thrust his
hand into the
PURSE OF THE NATION
and handle the
PEOPLES CASH,
He endeavored to enlist a
Standing Army, consisting of
TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND MEN.
The combined operations of this measure
and a National Bank, with the use
and control of the Public Rev-
enues, would have en-
abled him to des-
troy the lib-
erties
OF HIS COUNTRY.
In 1821,
He begged himself into
The Legislature of Ohio, where
he again exhibited his love for poor
men by voting for a law that placed the poor
man's liberty and the rich man's mo-
ney upon an equal footing -
a law that would au-
thorize the

SALE
of a poor Rev-
olutionary Soldier,
whose property & health
had been freely sacrificed in
achieving his Country's Freedom,
if, in his declining years he should be
unable to pay some paltry fine that had been
imposed upon him, or the costs of
some petty law suit - that too into
degrading servitude and to the
rascal whose money was
the protection of his
liberty, or per-
haps to the
TORY
who had butchered
his children before his eyes,
or to the vagabond Negro, whose
means to purchase the Patriot's liberty
had been obtained by plunder or highway
robbery.
HARRISON

THE OTSEGO REPUBLICAN,
Is published every Monday morning, by
ISAAC K. WILLIAMS & Co.

A. M. BARBER, EDITOR.

TERMS.—To Village and Mail Subscribers TWO DOLLARS *in advance.* To Companies of thirteen or more, One Dollar and Fifty cents.

Advertisements inserted at 50 cents the square for the first insertion, and 25 cents for every subsequent insertion. A fair discount will be made to those who advertise by the year.

☞All kinds of JOB PRINTING, executed with with neatness and promptitude.

Otsego R

VOL. XII. "Liberty and Union—Now and For

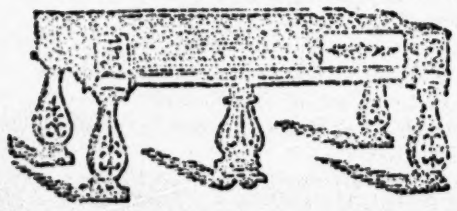
COOPERSTOWN, OTSEGO COUNTY, N.

DR. A. S. CLARK,

WOULD respectfully inform the inhabitants of Burlington and vicinity, that he has taken residence occupied by the late Dr. Haywood, where he will promptly and faithfully attend to all who may require his professional services. He flatters himself that by fifteen years of assiduous application to the study and practice of his profession, he qualified himself to discharge its responsible duties. Burlington, July 12, 1840.

REMOVAL.

PEASE & FAULDER



WOULD respectfully inform the public that they have removed their Piano Forte Manufactory to the rear of the dwelling House of C. D. Pease, one door South of Mr. Peck's Hotel, and nearly opposite to the Cabinet Shop of A. V. & S. S. Moore, where may be had Superior Piano Fortes, of French, Grand, and English action, on terms to suit Purchasers.

Old instruments tuned, repaired and improved. All orders in their line will be thankfully received and punctually attended to. C. D. PEASE,
T. C. FAULDER,

Piano Fortes and Monicords are at this factory made,
By men of worth and genius, who understand their trade;
And Organs, too, of tone so sweet and workmanship so rare,
In all this spacious country none can with them compare.
Piano Fortes for tone and touch cannot excelled be,
And sold for nearly half the price they ask in Albany.
Just call and see, I know you'll say that they are just the thing,
And superior, to the far fam'd Chickering.
Cooperstown, June 1st, 1840.

MORTGAGE SALE.

MORTGAGE dated the 1st day of December 1838, and recorded in Book N of Mortgages, Page 302, Otsego county.

Mortgager—HENRY H. COUSE and CAROLINE his wife.

Mortgagee—WOODBURY K. COOKE.

Amount claimed, due on the day of the first publication of this notice is one thousand seventy dollars and twenty nine cents.

Mortgaged premises—(Substantially as described in said mortgage.) All that certain piece and parcel of land situated, lying and being in the town of Otego, and bounded as follows, to wit: On the East by lands of Cephas Hathaway, North by lands of William Grey and said Hathaway, thence, after crossing the Otsdawa creek by the north line of great lot number 15, Otego patent, on the West, by lands of Hiram Slade and a lot formerly occupied by Elisha Nason, and on the South by lands owned by John Terry and the heirs of Alexander Hathaway, deceased. For a more particular description having reference to a deed this day executed by the said Woodbury K. Cooke to Henry H. Couse, supposed to contain three hundred and forty acres, be the same more or less.

For default in the payment of the sum of money above claimed to be now due and by virtue of a power of sale contained in the said mortgage, the above described premises will be sold at public vendue, at the Otsdawa Hotel on the premises, on Thursday, the 18th day of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., according to the statute in such cases made and provided.

WOODBURY K. COOKE.

MEDICAL BOOKS.

DEWEES' Practice,—do. Children & Midwifery etc. Eberle, do do. do., new eds.
Gooch on Women—Midwifery, etc;
Good's study of Medicine;
McCulloch on Maleria;
Johnson on change of air;

CLINTON HOUSE.

Corner of South Pearl and Beaver Streets,
ALBANY.

SAMUEL BETTS Jun., late of the Franklin House, and Geo. R. Orcutt, having taken the above popular and long established HOTEL solicit the patronage of their friends and the public.

This Hotel is conveniently situated to the Rail Road and Steam Boat Landings, in the central part of the city, and in an airy and pleasant location.

P. S. Good stables and charges moderate.
BETTS & ORCUTT.
Albany, August 1, 1840 n13m3

WINDOW GLASS, Putty, Spirits Turpentine, Copal Varnish, Ground Paints, Linseed Oil, Sand paper and Drugs and Medicines. For sale wholesale and retail, by HANNAY & ROOF.
June 8, 1840.

ALCOHOL, Gum Shellac, Verdegris, Oil Vitrol, and Extract of Logwood—prime articles for Hatters, just rec'd by J. R. WORTHINGTON.
June 8, 1840

JUST received a quantity of Dr. PHELPS' COMPOUND TOMATO PILLS, (purely vegetable) a new and valuable medicine, for Diseases arising from impurities of the blood. For sale by
May 15, 1840. CURTISS & JOHNSON.

THE Subscriber has just received his Spring supply of English Blown Belly Neuria, Blown White Hare, Raw and carroted Blown and Unblown Russia. Raw, Carroted and Red neck Coney, Back and Belly Muskrat, Turkey back, Otter and Beaver Furs—Red Wool, Composition, Saxony, Spanish, and American Wool Bodies. Also, a general assortment of Hatters Trimmings, which will be sold low.
May 22, 1840 J. R. WORTHINGTON.

H. LATHROP & CO.

DEALERS IN

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS, &c

AT THE BLACK STORE,

NO. 1, EXCHANGE-ROW, COOPERSTOWN.

NEW GOODS

AT THE UNINCUMBERED STORE.

JUST RECD by express from New York, a large assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

which are offered at reduced prices. Persons wishing to make purchases will do well to call at the Chequered Store before they purchase.
April 27 1840 A. H. CLARK & Co.

DR. J. H. ELMORE'S ANTI DYSPEPTIC PILLS.

IT is only from the experimental knowledge of the Proprietor, during fifteen years practice, that he is enabled to furnish a remedy to those who are afflicted with Dyspepsia, from which they will not have to turn with disappointment after a trial. For sale by
May 15, 1840. CURTISS & JOHNSON.

WANTED

AT THE BLACK STORE.

1000 Yds. Tow Cloth,
500 do. Kersey,
1000 lbs. Flax,
100 bushels Dried Apples,
1000 do. Oats, &c., &c., for which a fair price will be paid in other Goods, at the present low prices. H. LATHROP & Co.
May 15, 1840.

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

SATTINETTS, VESTINGS, AND

SUMMER STUFFS.

A GOOD assortment may now be found at the Black Store,

☞They will be sold CHEAP for cash, approved credit, or in exchange for most kinds of produce.
May 7, 1840. H. LATHROP & Co.

PHYSIC AND SURGERY.

DOCT. A. E. METCALF would inform the public that he has re-commenced the practice of PHYSIC and SURGERY, in the village of Clarksville—and that he is prepared to attend to all calls in

TO THE ELECTORS

It was some days since made kno
the Whig central corresponding com
certain papers, handbills, or placards
annihilate the "whole whig party,"
co Foco leaders in this village, but
the eve of the Election. It is no
been privately placed in the hands o
several towns thro' the county, in or
public at a moment so late that no cor
fraud and falsehood can thereafter l
to us what the precise character of t
posure is, but we presume it is pa
ous fraud and conspiracy stated and
it may, we beg you one and all, to
and discredit, all, and every charge
our party, or our principles, at this

Fraud, falsehood and perjury, ha
the conspirators, or their instrument
so triumphantly refuted by our frien
that the last great annihilating "car
they had in reserve, to be played a
of the battle. will be produced with
fraud, falsehood and perjury? if no
ed? they have it in their hands; d
signed fraud upon you, fellow citize
for the delay? Every fair minded, h
answer, no. We then say once mo
guard, receive nothing, believe no
our party, or our principles, which
at this, the eleventh, and last hour

Wm. H. Averell.
Wm. Nichols,
A. Houghton,
D. C. Bates,
John Russel,

A Speech of Gen. Harrison

FROM THE CINCINNATI GAZETTE.

Fellow-citizens, you have undoubtedly seen it oftentimes stated, in a certain class of newspapers, that I am a very decrepid old man, obliged to hobble about on crutches; that I was caged up, and that I could not speak loud enough to be heard more than four or five feet distance, in consequence of which last misfortune I am stigmatized with the cognomen of "General Mum." You now perceive, however, that these stories are false. But there are some more serious matters charged against me, which I shall take the liberty to prove untrue. You know it has been said by some, that I have no principles; that I dare not avow any principles; and that I am kept under the *surveillance* of a "committee." All this is

Republican.

Forever--One and Inseparable."

N. Y., SEPTEMBER 7- NOVEMBER 16. 1840

...S OF OTSEGO CO.

...known to several members of ...committee, for the county, that ...ards, of a character which was to ...," had been received by the Lo... but were not to be circulated till ...s now ascertained that they have ...ds of their leading friends in the ...n order to be thrown before the ...o correction or exposition of their ...er be made. It is not now known ... of this boasted annihilating ex... part and parcel of the stupend... and exposed below. Be it what ..., to receive with entire distrust ...rge made against our candidates, ...his late hour.

...have been largely indulged in by ...ments, in getting up the charges ...friends; And can it be doubted ..."card" which our opponents say ...d at the last moment, on the eve ...ith flourishes, and sustained by ...not, why delayed? why not play... ; can any thing but fraud—a de... citizens and electors, be assigned ...d, honest man, must, we think, ... more, to one and all, be on your ...nothing against our candidates, ...ch may be charged against either, ...ur.

...ell.

Central Corresponding Committee.

Fellow citizens, you know by opponents call me a federalist. But I deny the charge: I am not—I never was a federalist. Federalists are in favor of concentrating power in the hands of the Executive; Democrats are in favor of retention of power by the people. I am and ever have been, a democratic republican. My former practice will bear me out in what I say. When I was Governor of Indiana Territory, I was vested with despotic power, and had I chosen to exercise it, I might have governed that people with a rod of iron. But being a child of the revolution, and bred to its principles, I believed in the right and the ability of the people to govern themselves; and they were always permitted to enjoy that high privilege.

Fellow citizens, I cannot forbear to invite your attention to the concerns of your govern...

GREAT LOCO FOCO CONSPIRACY!

To our Fellow Citizens of the Union.

In Joint Executive Committee of the Whig General Committee of the City of N. York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24. 1840.

For some time past the great Whig party has been threatened, through the Loco Foco papers in various parts of the country, that some matter was on foot for their destruction, which was denominated by the Administration papers "Mr. Van Buren's Last Card." The public attention in all parts of the country was called to the subject in advance, by dark insinuations and mysterious threats. All this time the Loco Foco party was maturing its plans and keeping its councils. It was determined among them that their machine should explode so shortly before the election that its infamous contents might be scattered through the Union without leaving time to the Whig party to make its defence, or even to tell its own story.

While both parties stood in a state of suspense and awaiting the expected shock, all at once on yesterday, the 23d day of October, the mine was sprung by the publication in the loco foco papers of the city, of a portion of certain proceedings then being had before the Recorder and District Attorney of this city, sitting in secret session, viz: the affidavit of one Stevenson based upon hearsay, that certain individuals among the most respectable and valuable of our citizens, had in the year 1838, entered into arrangements for importing voters into the city of New York, for the then pending election from the city of Philadelphia. None of the affidavits disproving the accusation were published except in one or two instances, but means had been taken to give the utmost circulation to the charges, which were scattered through the country in immense numbers immediately on the same coming from the press. In anticipations of these publications, letters were sent and private reports set in circulation that the Governor of the State was actually in custody in the matter; that Aaron Clark, our late Whig Mayor, had also been arrested, and that Moses H. Grinnell, one of our present Representatives in in Congress, had absconded. Simultaneously with the publication of the proceedings in our papers, placards had been posted in Boston, and, it is presumed, in other distant places, stating these reports to be true, on the authority of letters from this city, with the intention of deceiving the public by false and malicious statements.

The whole, fellow-citizens, is a base and nefarious conspiracy—a wretched and barefaced attempt to impose upon the community —a gross and outrageous attempt to CHEAT the People.

Our duty is to meet the matter promptly; and we meet it the first moment we have the opportunity, by the publication of the facts.—We now explicitly declare, that not only are all the statements with regard to the arrest of Gov. Seward and Mr. Clark, and the absconding of Messrs. Grinnell and Wetmore, totally and entirely without foundation, but that they are pursuing their usual avocations among

WHIG COUNTY CONVENTION.

COOPERSTOWN, Oct. 14. 1840.

At a Convention of Delegates from the several towns in Otsego county assembled—

Hon. JOHN RUSSEL was appointed President, and DANIEL HERRINGTON and DANIEL GILBERT, Secretaries.

On calling over the towns the following gentlemen answered to their names, and took their seats within the bar as members of the Convention, to wit:

Burlington.—David Gardner, Henry Sill, George M. Arnold, Gardner Herrington, Calvin Reed.

Butternuts.—Alfred Coye, Elisha Steere, Henry Thorp, Benjamin H. Matteson, Ithamer Hitchcock.

Cherry Valley.—Edwin Judd, Israel Parshall, Benjamin Davis, Henry I. Campbell, Dewit C. Bates.

Decatur.—Jesse Seward, Gideon Barrass, Cyrus Lane, R. T. Woodin, John Featherby.

Edmeston —Abel Matterson, D. H. Speere, Benjamin Gardner, George Dyer,

Exeter.—Daniel Vebber, jr. Noel Harrington, A. S. Clarke, James R. Angel, Allen Lidall

Hartwick.—David Kendall, H. E. Pratt, James Steere, Joseph Marsh, Jared Robinson.

Laurens.—Wm C. Fields, Philander Camp, Silas Pratt, Denis Burnard, Charles Hoag.

Maryland.—Andrew Willard, William Fellows, Wm. Bowdish, Henry Snyder.

Middlefield.—Daniel Gilbert, Thomas W. Rice, Hiram Denton, Benjamin Pierce, Gustavus White.

Milford.—Jacob Edson, Daniel Winsor, Alvin Lyon, Timothy Cook, Riley P. Hardy.

New Lisbon.—Uriah Gregory, D. M. Hard William Brooks, Daniel Harrington.

Otego.—Abner Ferry, David S. Bundy, Johnson Hawley, Gilbert S. Bundy, Samuel Hoag.

Otsego.—John Russell, Wm. Hinds, Hugh Livingston, John Williams, Andrew M. Barber.

Oneonta.—Edwin Spafard, J. Smith Potter, David Babcock, Stafford Van Wort, J. P. Van Wort.

Plainfield.—Wm. W. Walker, James Mc Reynolds. Levi Tenny, Samuel Whitford.

Pittsfield.—Chester Card, Joseph Sewel.

Richfield.—John Bates, Robert Benedict, Leander Sanders, Nathan Palmer, Nelson Morgan.

Richfield.—Benjamin Huntington, William Rathbone, jr. Corn's B. Vedder, Davis Coates, Philip Van Horn.

Unadilla.—Col. David Hough, J J. Buckley, Levi Lathrop, Moses Foster, Williams J. Tompson.

Westford.—A. R. Briggs, George Skinner, Frederick Snyder, Aaron Petty, John Herdman, jr.

Worcester.—Henry Smith, A. T. Bigelow, James Griggs, Browin Holmes, Albert Houghton.

On motion the Convention proceeded to ballot for a delegate in Congress.

On motion of Mr. Barber, a committee was appointed to present to the Convention, resolutions and an address to the Electors of the county, consisting of the following gentlemen —Andrew M. Barber, Wm. C. Fields and Davis Coats.

On counting the ballots for a Member of Congress, D. M. Hard received 69; Robert Campbell 3; Isaac Williams 5; Horace Lathrop 7; James R. Angel 10; Paschal Fran...

On motion of Mr. Houghton, seconded by Mr. Angel, Mr. Hard was unanimously nominated as a candidate for that office.

On voting for Sheriff. Jonas Platner, jr. received 86; Wm. C. Fields 4; and D. Fitch 1.

Mr. Platner was unanimously nominated.

On balloting for County Clerk, Stephen Gregory received 81 votes; Alfred A. Coye 9.

by lands of Hiram Slade and a lot formerly occupied by Elisha Nason, and on the South by lands owned by John Terry and the heirs of Alexander Whitaway, deceased. For a more particular description having reference to a deed this day executed by the said Woodbury K. Cooke to Henry H. Coats, supposed to contain three hundred and forty acres, be the same more or less.

For default in the payment of the sum of money above claimed to be now due and by virtue of a power of sale contained in the said mortgage, the above described premises will be sold at public vendue, at the Otsdawa Hotel on the premises, on Thursday, the 18th day of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., according to the statute in such cases made and provided.

WOODBURY K. COOKE.

MEDICAL BOOKS.

DEWEES' Practice,—do. Children & Midwifery etc. Eberle, do do. do., new eds.
Gooch on Women—Midwifery, etc;
Good's study of Medicine;
McCulloch on Malaria;
Johnson on change of air;
Brousais' Chronic Phlegmasial;
Elwell's Medical Companion;
Bell on the Teeth;
Burdell on do;
Boisseau on Fever;
Smith on do;
Abercrombie on the Stomach;
Medical and surgical Monographs;
Hosack's Practice;
Dungison on Hygeine;
Bertin on diseases of the Heart;
Hall on Diseases of the Nervous system;
McIntosh's Practice;
Laennec on the Chest;
Blandin's Anatomy, with plates;
Burns' Midwifery, by James;
Hamilton on Purgatives;
Custer's Practice;
Acxerley on children;
Vealpeau's Midwifery;
Alcott on Vegetable Diet, Library of Health etc.

The above, with other standard works, are now for sale at reduced prices. Subscriptions for the American Medical Journal, rec'd by H. & E. PHINNEY.

DR. G. R. PHELPS'S
COMPOUND
TOMATO PILLS.

The vegetable Remedy for diseases arising from impurities of the BLOOD; dyspepsia scrofula, and all CHRONIC DISEASES:—also a substitute for CALOMEL as a *cathartic* in FEVERS, and all BILIOUS AFFECTIONS.

FROM the extensive applicability to general disease, which this remedy possesses as is demonstrated in the detailed cures of various complaints, and the universal success which attends its use, the Proprietor feels justified in claiming for it superior consideration The numerous testimonials of its effects, from Physicians, Druggists, and distinguished individuals, places it beyond the doubtful remedies of the day. *and entitles it to special confidence.*

CURE OF CONSUMPTION.—Mrs. Martin, a worthy member of my congregation, was taken ill some time since with a cold and pain in the breast, and some difficulty of breathing. In a few days thereafter she had a violent cough, and violent pains in the side, which no medicine could relieve. She continued in this way for a long time, under the medical care of Dr. Rea, but finally became consumptive, and was evidently near the end of her earthly sufferings when her brother persuaded her to try Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort. When she commenced with this medicine it did not seem to agree with her for a few days. But by lessening the dose, she found it answered admirably; it relieved her cough, and difficulty of breathing instanter, and we had the pleasure of witnessing her rapid recovery to health.

REV. WM. SMYTHE.

*** Remember and buy only the genuine. Dr. Taylor's office is at 375 Bowery.

CONSUMPTION.—The following remarks are taken from the last number of the Medical Journal:—"The surprising effects produced by Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort in consumptive cases, cannot fail of exciting a deep and thrilling interest throughout the world. We have so long supposed this disease incurable, that it is difficult to credit our senses, when we see persons evidently consumptive restored to health. Yet this is a fact of daily occurrence; how then can we question it. In our next number we shall be more explicit. Meantime we hope our physicians will use this medicine and report to us its effects."

The original and genuine is sold at 375 Bowery.

SPITTING OF BLOOD.—This disease consists of a discharge of blood, often frothy, from the mouth, to begin up with coughing or hawking, and is usually accompanied with difficulty of breathing and some pain in the chest. Sometimes it is preceeded by an oppression at the chest, a dry tickling cough and slight shooting pains. The disease is always more or less dangerous. The great danger is that symptoms may terminate consumption, and immediate remedies can alone save such an end. But Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort is a sure remedy, and to show its immense success certificates of cures from over 400 citizens, and many physicians, will be published in a few days.

GEO. TAYLOR, M. D., 375 Bowery.

For sale by HANNAY & ROOF, Agents.

Cooperstown, Dec. 16, 1839. n31 1y

WANTED
AT THE BLACK STORE.

1000 Yds. Tow Cloth,
500 do. Kersey,
1000 lbs. Flax,
100 bushels Dried Apples,
1000 do. Oats, &c., &c., for which a fair price will be paid in other Goods, at the present low prices.

H. LATHROP & Co.

May 15, 1840.

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
SATTINETTS, VESTINGS, AND
SUMMER GOODS.

A GOOD assortment may now be found at the Black Store,

☞ They will be sold CHEAP for cash, approved credit, or in exchange for most kinds of produce.

May 7, 1840. H. LATHROP & Co.

PHYSIC AND SURGERY.

DOCT. A. E. METCALF would inform the public that he has re-commenced the practice of PHYSIC and SURGERY, in the village of Clarksville—and that he is prepared to attend to all calls in his profession.

Surgery and diseases of the Eye, particularly attended to. Patients from a distance with Chronic diseases of the Eyes, can obtain board in the village at a moderate charge.

N. B.—Charges for Professional services as low as those of any other competent Physician or Surgeon in the country. Clarksville, Otsego, March, 1840

From the Albany Daily Advertiser.

WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON.

Stand up! thou time-worn veteran!
As proudly as of yore,
When o'er thy country's banner,
Portentous clouds did lour:—
When the life blood of her gallant sons,
Stained many a flowery plain,
And the stars and stripes were waving o'er
Old Ocean's stormy main!

Stand up! though Time has furrowed
Thy noble, manly brow,—
The laurels won in by-gone days
Are growing greener now!—
The memory of thy peerless life
Has filled thy cup of fame,
And millions now shout "victory!"
At the mention of thy name!

They can't forget you fought and bled,
To shield their cherished land,
When the war-whoop of the Indian rang
From ocean's wave-washed strand,—
To where the two* great rivers roll
An everlasting flood,
Whose waters then were crimsoned with
The mother's and infants blood!

They will remember Tippecanoe,
They can't forget the Thames,
And those who fought and conquered there,
They can't forget their names:—
They venerate the dauntless chief,
Who bared his blade and form,
And stood betwixt, in trying times,
The whirlwind and the storm!

Then stand erect!—for freemen now
Have raised the standard high,
And shouts of victory ere long
Will pierce the glorious sky!—
Thou need'st not fear—for the patriot wears,
An Adamantine shield,
And the trumpet-voice of freedom's sons,
Have called the to the field!

*Ohio and Mississippi.

A CONTRAST.—The *most* expensive year during Mr. Madison's Administration was 1814, the year of the war with Great Britain. The expenses of the country amounted to $30,627,689 38

The *least* expensive year of the Florida war, during Mr. Van Buren's Administration was 1839. The expenses of the country amounted to $31,815,000 00

One million one hundred and eighty-seven thousand three hundred and ten dollars sixty-two cents more than the most expensive year of the war with England.—*N. Y. American.*

CANNIBALS IN TEXAS.—A late number of the Austin Gazette says: "A few days ago a Cumanchee was killed on the Brushy by some Tonkahua Indians; his hands and arms, and thick part of his thighs were cut off and carried home as a feast to their women and children. The Tonkahuas make no secret of their partiality for human flesh, and state that all the native Indians in Texas eat their enemies when they can catch them."

A Speech of Gen. Harrison

FROM THE CINCINNATI GAZETTE.

Fellow-citizens, you have undoubtedly seen it oftentimes stated, in a certain class of newspapers, that I am a very decrepid old man, obliged to hobble about on crutches; that I was caged up, and that I could not speak loud enough to be heard more than four or five feet distance, in consequence of which last misfortune I am stigmatized with the cognomen of "General Mum." You now perceive, however, that these stories are false. But there are some more serious matters charged against me, which I shall take the liberty to prove untrue. You know it has been said by some, that I have no principles; that I dare not avow any principles; and that I am kept under the *surveillance* of a "committee." All this is false; unconditionally false. The charge of my being in the keeping of a committee is the only one that seems to merit a moment's consideration, and that barely to indicate its origin. A few months past, almost every mail that has come to the post office at which I receive my letters and papers, has brought me a greater or less number of letters; all of which I have opened and examined. Some of them have proved abusive and contemptible, designed especially to taunt and insult; and such were, of course, consigned to the flames. But, on the other hand, letters decorously written for the purpose of eliciting information, have been uniformly replied to, either by myself personally, or by some one acting under my authority and obeying my instructions; communicating my opinions and not his own. Is there any thing criminal or improper in this mode of doing business? Surely, my friends, I trow not.

Now, with regard to the political condition of our common country. I trust there is no impropriety in my addressing you upon subjects concerning the public weal. What means this "great commotion" among the people of this great nation? What are the insufferable grievances which have driven so many thousands, nay, millions, of the American People into council for the purpose of devising measures for their mutual belief? Wherefore do they cry aloud, as with one voice, Reform! Refoim! Reform! *Our country is in peril!* The public morals are corrupted. How has it been done? "To the victors belong the spoils," say our rulers. What are the consequences? Ask the hirelings of corruption who are proffering "power and place" as bribes to procure votes! Ask the subsidized press what governs its operations, and it will open its iron jaws and answer you in a voice loud enough to shake the pyramyds—MONEY! MONEY! I speak not at random—facts bear me testimony. The principle is boldly avowed, as well as put in practice by men in high places, that falsehood is justifiable in order to accomplish their purposes. Why this laxity in the morals of our rulers and of their followers? Did they inherit depravity from their ancestors? How does it come that such recklessness of truth and justice is manifested of late by some individuals among us? Why, some of the causes which produce these evils I have already intimated! There are others. Intense party spirit destroys patriotism. A celebrated Grecian commander once said, and said truly—"Where virtue is best rewarded, there will virtue most prevail." It is even so; a wise and true saying. But how has the practice of your government of late accorded with this maxim? It is proverbial with the advocates of monarchy in the Old World that Republics are ungrateful. How does your experience for the last few years give the lie to this proposition? Nay, fellow citizens, I fear that this government affords many examples which tend but too strongly to verify the proverb. Among other instances of manifest ingratitude, to only one will I here recur. I mean the removal from office, without cause or provocation, save a difference of opinion with the President, of Gen. Solomon Van Rensselaer, of New York.

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Fellow citizens, I cannot forbear to invite your attention to the concerns of your government, in the welfare of which all good citizens feel a deep interest. I warn you to watch your rulers. Remember—"Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." When I look around upon the dangers which seem to be suspended as by a hair over this people, I tremble for the safety of this republic. In an evil hour has the Chief Magistrate of this nation been transformed into a monarch and a despot at pleasure! To show that this is the case, I need but refer you to the philosophical and profound historian, Gibbon, who says,—"The obvious definition of monarchy seems to be that of a state in which a single person, by whatsoever name he may be distinguished, is intrusted with the execution of the laws, the management of the revenue and the command of the Army." Is not Martin Van Buren entrusted with these functions? Most assuredly he is. Call him by whatsoever name or title you choose—President, Executive, Chief Magistrate, Consul, King, Statholder—it does not alter the nature of his power: that remains the same, unchanged; and the President therefore possesses all the functions necessary to constitute a monarch. You have often heard the "moneyed influence of the country" denounced, while it yet remained in the hands of the people, as dangerous to public liberty.

Have you, then, no apprehension, no fear of a moneyed influence, equal to that of half the nation, concentrated in the hands of a single individual, at the same time possessing two other of the most potent powers that belong to our Government? The great Julius Caesar—the conquering Julius—has said, "*Give me soldiers, and I will get money; give me money and I will get soldiers.*" The public purse is already confided to the hands of the President; a respectable army is also under his control, and it is in contemplation by the Administration to add to the present military force of the United States an army of 200,000 men. American freemen, pause and reflect. Meditate before you act. Matters of the highest moment depend upon your action and await your decision. There may be no ambitious Caesar among us who will dare to use the ample means now combined in the hands of the President, for the subversion of our liberties, but the exceptions to ambitious men so inclined are so few that they but fortify the rule. Look around you fellow citizens. Are you girt with your armor, or have you surrendered it to another? The "sentinels upon your watch-tower of freedom"—have they been true to their trusts or have they slept? I warn you my countrymen, against the danger of neglecting your duty. Power is always stealing from the many to the few.—Beware how you entrust your rights to the keeping of any man. They are never so secure as when protected by your own shield, and defended by yourselves with your own weapons.

Hoping that the right may prevail and make our country prosperous, I will only add the wish that you may long enjoy its blessings, maintain its free institutions, and rejoice in the independence of happy freemen.

our papers, placards had been posted in Boston, and, it is presumed, in other distant places, stating these reports to be true, on the authority of letters from this city, with the intention of deceiving the public by false and malicious statements.

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Look Ahead.

PEOPLE OF AMERICA LOOK AHEAD! Seek counsel of the future, and act forthe good of yourselves, your children and your country. If you re-elect Martin Van Buren to the Presidency, what do you gain by it? Will he promote any one of the great interests upon the success of which the prosperity of the country depends?

PLANTERS AND FARMERS, LOOK AHEAD! Think you that the policy pursued by Mr. Van Buren, if persevered in, will tend to furnish the cultivators of the soil a just reward for their untiring labors? Is it to promote your interests that the price of cotton, tobacco, wheat, flour, wool, and the stalled ox is reduced to one half of what it was two years ago? Will it benefit you to reduce the prices of what you sell to the standard of prices which prevail in "hard money Governments?"

LABORERS, LOOK AHEAD! Can you gain by the re-election of Martin Van Buren? His doctrine, as put forth and enforced by his party friends, is, that *wages in this country are too high*, that laborers are *too well paid*, that prices should be reduced to an equality with prices in those countries where, by hard labor, men earn from five to eight pence per day. American freemen, if this be your belief, vote to continue power in the hands of the present Executive.

MECHANICS, LOOK AHEAD! If power be continued in the hands that now wield it, what are *your* prospects? With a deranged currency, prostrate credit, and a wreck of all healthful enterprise, will the promulgation of an edict for the "collection, safe-keeping, and disbursement of the public moneys" call forth the busy hum of industry in our streets, or bring into action the dormant energies of the American artisan?

The GREAT TRUTH evolved by Mr. Van Buren in the course of a four years' Administration is, that "the People expect too much of the Government;" and the GREAT MEASURE he has proposed to meet the exigency of embarrassment into which the people have fallen is, to collect, and after his own manner to *keep and pay away* their money. Verily, he has taught them that they have not much to expect from him.

MERCHANTS AND TRADERS LOOK AHEAD! And if you trade on borrowed capital, beware: Mr. Van Buren follows in the footsteps of him who declared that all such things ought to break.

In submitting himself as a candidate for re-election, Mr. Van Buren specially demands the judgment of the country upon his past measures and course of policy. If these, affecting your interest have been wise and proper give him the countenance of your names and the weight of your influence.

ballot for a delegate in Congress.

On motion of Mr. Barber, a committee was appointed to present to the Convention, resolutions and an address to the Electors of the county, consisting of the following gentlemen—Andrew M. Barber, Wm. C. Fields and Davis Coats.

On counting the ballots for a Member of Congress, D. M. Hard received 69; Robert Campbell 3; Isaacs Williams 5; Horace Lathrop 7; James R. Angel 10; Paschal Franchot 1.

On motion of Mr. Houghton, seconded by Mr. Angel, Mr. Hard was unanimously nominated as a candidate for that office.

On voting for Sheriff, Jonas Platner, jr. received 86; Wm. C. Fields 4; and D. Fitch 1.

Mr. Platner was unanimously nominated.

On balloting for County Clerk, Stephen Gregory received 81 votes; Alfred A. Coye 9. Whereupon Mr. Gregory was nominated.

Mr. Thayer of N w York was then invited to address the Convention.

A Committe of one from each town having been appointed to name six persons from whom to choose members of the Assembly, and four for coroners; reported through their Chairman Mr. Houghton, the following names—Henry Sill of Burlington, Sheffield Enos of Plainfield, Daniel D. Comstock of Laurens, Davis Coats of Springfield, Timothy Cook of Milford and Matthewson Eddy of Richfield, for Members of Assembly and Niel Robinson of Unadilla, Levi Tenny of Plainfield, Harvey Hollister of Otsego, Milton Bigelow of Worcester, for Coroners.

On balloting for members of Assembly—Sheffield Enos of Plainfield, Daniel D. Comstock of Laurens, Davis Coats of Springfield, were nominated by a majority of all the votes.

Resolved, That we highly approve of the nomination of Chester Buck for Senator, of the 5th Senatorial district.

The persons reported by the Committee for Coroners were then nominated viva voce.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Convention be presented to the President thereof for the able, dignified and efficient manner in which he has presided over its deliberations.

The last number of "The Constitutionalist," published at Bath, Stuben co., contains a call for a county convention signed by *ninety* seceders from the loco foco party.

A letter from Porto Cabello, dated the 14th ult., mentions the death of J. G. A. Williamson, Esq., our Charge d'Affaires at Carracas. He died on the 7th, of dysentary, after an illness of only a few days.

MEN OF BUSINESS, IN EVERY DEPARTMENT OF ACTIVE LIFE, LOOK AHEAD! What will be your prospects if the present incumbent be re-elected? Examine the past, reflect. In 1837, when General Jackson surrendered the government into the hands of his successor, he declared the country to be prosperous and happy. He had indeed, planted the seeds of that bitter fruit we are now reaping, but it was reserved for him who *followed* to water and mature the plant. The country was then free from debt, business was active, and a general prosperity was admitted to prevail. How is it now? The Government are millions in debt. They denounce paper money and satisfy their creditors with Treasury *notes*. Property of every description is depreciated, industry paralyzed, and business at a stand.

These results grow out of the measures of the Government, and they are but the first fruits of that policy which Mr. Van Buren is pledged to carry out.

MEN OF BUSINESS, FRIENDS OF YOUR COUNTRY, LOOK AHEAD! and consider seriously the interests which are involved in the event of the contest which is now in progress, and ask yourselves whether they can be promoted by the re-election of Martin Van Buren!—*Nat. Int.*

Be it Remembered:

That the Van Buren party met in National Convention in Baltimore, in May last, for the purpose of nominating candidates for President, and Vice President, but adjourned without completing the object that brought them together. After two days deliberation, their ticket was finally sent forth to the world, like Shakspeare's Richard, but *half* made up!

Be it Remembered.

That the Van Buren candidate for Governor of New York, WM. C. BOUCK, stands identified before the Public in those measures of Internal Improvement, upon which his own political friends have founded, and so incessantly harped upon for months, the bugbear of a "FORTY MILLION DEBT." That he of all others is alone responsible for the enlargement of the Erie Canal, having voted for such enlargement, as one of the Canal Board, in every stage of the proceedings on that subject!

Be it Remembered:

That the V. B. Candidate for elector in this State, COL. YOUNG, is the sworn enemy of *all* Internal Improvement. That he was once indicted by a Grand Jury of a neighboring county, for denouncing in his place, as Senator, the citizens of the southern tier of Counties, who asked for the passage of a certain measure, as a set of "*sturdy thieves*" and "*beggars*," and that he made a minority Report to the Legislature last winter against the entire system, so outrageously abusive, as to be denied the reading of it in the Senate: The Albany Argus not even daring to publish it for months after it was made, and not then we believe, until it had undergone revision, and the most objectionable portions of it stricken out!

Be it Remembered:

That Martin Van Buren's own State, New York has put her "broad seal" of condemnation upon his public acts in three several distinct elections; and that she now stands ready to rebuke him with her fourth "sober thought" by giving GEN. HARRISON and the Whig ticket at least 15 000 majority!

Be it Remembered:

That the state, also, in which the Van Buren candidate for V. President resides, Kentucky, stands equally decidedly opposed to him, and through him, the Administration of which he is an important member, having given the Whig ticket in August last, a majority of rising 17,000.

☞ Our old and respected Correspondent *Palos*, shall be attended to as soon as the press of political matters will permit.

A VICTORY.

Dr. Duncan, the Ohio blackguard, has obtained leave from his constituents of Hamilton County, to *stay at home!* This foul-mouthed libeller has furnished about the only electioneering document made use of by the Locofocos in the campaign, thus far, but the Buckeyes have repelled its numerous misrepresentations and falsehoods by hanging the author up to dry.

OHIO.

Two weeks ago the Editor of the Cooperstown Federalist assured his readers that Ohio was certain to go for Van Buren. The result proves the Colonel's usual accuracy! He has come in this instance within just 20,000 of the mark! Suppose he republishes his first estimate of the canvass in his next paper. It will serve to illustrate his sagacity in political story telling!

OUR TICKET

Is emphatically a farmer's ticket. Our candidate for President is a farmer—for Senator a farmer—for Congress a farmer—and two of the candidates for Assembly farmers! The balance are men of sterling worth and integrity, representing mostly the mechanical interest. Not a professional man has been placed upon our County ticket.

UNEXPECTED JUSTICE!

We commend the following paragraph to the special notice of the Office holders, and paid scribblers—all and singular—of the Cooperstown Federalist. The N. York Evening Post, is one of the few Loco-foco journals that have had the courage—for we can characterize it by no other name—to do justice to a political opponent, and that opponent the candidate for the office of President of the U. States.

MR. VAN BUREN'S "PLAN" FOR A STANDING ARMY OF TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND MEN.

In our columns to-day will be found the *project* for a STANDING ARMY OF TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND MEN, *submitted* to Congress by the Secretary of War, and RECOMMENDED, in his message, by the President of the United States! It will be noticed that the extract from the message, endorsing Mr. Poinsett's Scheme, is duly authenticated by the Clerk of the House of Representatives, H. A. GARLAND, Esq. after an examination of the *original*, on file in his Office!

The Editor of the Coopersiown Federalist was exceedingly alarmed last week, lest the public mind should not become sufficiently enlightened upon topics of great national interest! Give the People light, he exclaims; and, as if they had not yet become thoroughly imbued with the *Sub Treasury* doctrine of the Administration, which has been a theme of constant discussion with newspaper journalists for THREE years, he calls upon the publisher of this paper to give his readers the "Independent Treasury Bill," at length.—His pretence for this flourish was, that we had falsely represented its features, and perverted their true meaning, by inserting garbled extracts from the Bill, from time to time, in our columns!. Now, if we are indeed vulnerable to the charge so deliberately imputed to us by the federal Editor, he in like manner is vulnerable to even the more heinous charge of purposely *suppressing* and keeping from his readers the Secretary of War's Report for the better Organization of the Militia of the U. S., submitted to Congress in the early part of its last session, some *seven or eight months ago!*—We therefore call upon the Editor and publisher of the Cooperstown Federalist to insert Mr. Poinsett's "Plan" in his columns, *together with the* ☞DETAILS☜ *of the Plan*, that his readers may determine the true import and character themselves of the measure which authorizes the establishment among us of an ARMED FORCE of TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND MEN—and this call (in the language of Prentiss, himself,) "*will be repeated until he does his duty in this respect!*" The Sub Treasury Bill, it will be recollected, was given at length to the readers of the Republican last week!

WEBB'S INDICTMENTS.

The indictments pending in this County against Col. WEBB, for alleged libels upon one *James Fennimore Cooper*, and which were to have been tried at the Court of Oyer and Terminer, which closed its sitting in this village on Friday, have both been removed to the Supreme Court. This was effected, as we understand, in the case of one of the indictments, by an application from the District Attorney, averring in substance that public feeling was in such a state of excitement as to forbid the hope of getting an *impartial* administration of justice in the premises—or, in other words, a jury of twelve men that were not biassed in their feelings and opinions *against* Mr. Cooper, and consequently unfit to sit upon the cause!

The case of Col. Webb, therefore, presents this novel aspect! The People prosecute Col. Webb for libel! Col. Webb, the defendant, appears, and signifies his readiness to proceed to trial. The District Attorney however refuses to try the suit, upon the ground that the *People*—who are the prosecutors—are too highly *excited* in favor of the *defendant*, TO DO THEMSELVES JUSTICE in a matter pertaining strictly and legally speaking *to* themselves, and to nobody else!—Thus it is, in fact, "*The People* vs. *The People*."—Cost to the People about $600!

WHICH IS THE "LYING" PAPER?

As long ago as December last, when Gen HARRISON was nominated by the Democratic Whig Party of the Union, as their candidate for President, Colonel PRENTISS assured the readers of his paper that the success of the Opposition (or Whigs) on the main issue, was perfectly out of the question! Gen. Harrison, he averred at the onset, would not obtain the Electoral Vote of more than *one* State in the Union!!

This opinion he sedulously labored to maintain throughout the campaign, conceding at most but *two* States to the Old Hero, and those evidently with great reluctance. The balance, according to the best "information" in possession of the Colonel, were certain for the lawyer of Kinderhook! It is not our intention in this article to review this ludicrous estimate of a

OTSEGO REPUBLICAN

"The Union of the Whigs for the sake of the Union."

FOR PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON

OF OHIO.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

JOHN TYLER,

OF VIRGINIA.

ELECTORS FOR PRESIDENT.

JAMES BURT.
PETER B. PORTER.

ABRAHAM ROSE	JOHN J KNOX
JOHN T HARRISON	PETER PRATT
JOHN L LAWRENCE	ELDRIDGE G MERRICK
JOSEPH TUCKER	JACOB LIVINGSTON
PHILLIPS PHŒNIX	ISAAC OGDEN
RICHARD S WILLIAMS	SAMUEL BALCH
PIERRE VAN CORTLAND	JOHN J SPEED JR.
BARTOW WHITE	DAN HIBBARD
NATHANIEL DUBOIS	JOHN WILLIAMS
PETER G SHARP	B DAVIS NOBLE
ELISHA JENKINS	ALBERT CRANE
HARVEY WATSON	CHARLES BRITISH
GRIFFITH P GRIFFITH	GIDEON LEE
ARCHIBALD McINTYRE	GRATTAN H WHEELER
EARL STIMSON	WILLIAM GARNETT
JOSIAH HAND	PHINEHAS L TRACY
KEYES P COOL,	JOHN WHEELER
JONATHAN WALLACE	PHILO ORTON
HENRY P VOORHEES	HENRY R SEYMOUR
THOMAS BUREN	DAVID HUBB

FOR GOVERNOR,

WILLIAM H. SEWARD.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,

LUTHER BRADISH.

Mass meeting of the friends of Harrison, Tyler and Reform, at Otsego on the 5th of Oct. next, to Celebrate the coming Anniversary of the Battle of the Thames!!

The friends of Harrison, Tyler, and reform in the county of Otsego and adjoining counties, are requested to meet in mass convention at Otsego on the 5th October, to celebrate the glorious Victory of the Thames, won by Gen. Harrison. Gen. Wilson of N. Hampshire, Gen. Hubbell of Tompkins county, and the Hon. J. C. Clark are expected to be present and address the People.

S J Cooke	Wm Angel
H Watkins	Edwin Spafard
D T Tanner	Richard H Clark
Elisha Shepherd jr	Daniel Marvin
Orrin Shepherd	Jacob Ford
R J Emmons	Sylvester Ford
A J Walker	John Reynolds
Isaac Shepherd	James Slade
Stephen Averill	H A Hamilton
Theodore Averill	J P Van Wort
John Lindsey	Jesse Parshall
Joseph Lindsey	Charles Cook
Chauncy Goodenough	Parley Day
O H Dickenson	Calvin Maples
Erastus Shepherd	Lyman Foly

Whig County Convention.

The Electors of Otsego county are requested to meet in their respective towns, and choose five delegates to represent them in County Convention to be holden at the Court House in this village on

THE RALLY AT LAURENS.—At the erection of the Liberty Pole, in Laurens, in this county, on Saturday last, there were between 500 and 600 of Old Tip's friends present. Able and eloquent speeches, interspersed with songs, were made by Messrs. Olin, Turner of Ohio, Bates, Daniel D. Comstock and others. It was a fine "turn out."

Madison's Opinion of Gen. Harrison.

☞ "GEN. HARRI ON has done MORE for his COUNTRY, *with less compensation*, than ANY OTHER MAN LIVING !" ☜ JAMES MADISON.

A SIGN.

It is well understood that there was very extravagant betting in Washington last winter, among Members of Congress, on the Presidential contest. We understand that since the Maine election, some of the Loco Foco members have issued a sort of *circular* to the gentlemen with whom they have bets, *withdrawing them*, in some instances where the money has been paid into the hands of a stakeholder.—[Cour. & Enq.

It is currently reported that the publisher of the Cooperstown Federalist is in to the tune of about *nine hundred dollars !* The man who says betting is a "FOOL'S ARGUMENT," ought certainly to clear up the rumor, if he can !

P. S.—Since the foregoing was in type, we have received the Boston Atlas, and, in an article under the head of "New York Correspondence," we find the following extract in reference to this very matter:

"Mr. *Prentiss*, an honorable member from the state of New York, now thinks it very imprudent to make such large wagers as he has done, and therefore writes to a stakeholder of a THOUSAND DOLLARS, that he has concluded to *withdraw the bet !*"

Oh ! Oh ! Colonel ! ! What are we to think of those *demoralizing* "scruples" we heard so much tell of a few weeks since ?

A VERY HARMLESS LIE.—A prominent member of the other party, who is in the daily practice of entertaining his political friends whenever and wherever a sufficient number can be got together to make it an object, lately made the assertion in Otsego, that the Otsego Republican had claimed the Governor of Maine by 4000 majority, but withdrew it in time to prevent its appearance in the second edition of this paper, or in other words, those that are worked on Monday. It is only necessary to say that the charge is false, from the first letter to the last. Neither the Otsego Republican, or any other Whig paper, to our knowledge, has ever claimed Maine by 4000 majority, nor have we ever expunged a line from our columns with reference to the Maine election.

OUR LOG CABIN.

The meetings of the Whigs, at their Log Cabin, continue to grieve the "mild and amiable" Editor of the Cooperstown Federalist, and his grief slides into *rubidness* just in proportion, and as often, as he discovers that his moans & ravings are neither known nor noticed among decent and respectable men ! The Whigs meet at their Cabin, discuss the dangerous principles of Loco Focoism, and sing Harrison Songs, whenever they feel disposed to—and, although more or less insulted upon all such occasions by a set of miserable scoundrels, acting in concert, and under the auspices of a still more infamous Press, will continue to meet and transact business in their Cabin, until after the November Elections, let the consequences be what they may ! It is a right guaranteed to them, in common with all citizens; and they will not surrender it at the dicta of official hirelings, and the corrupt mercenaries of power !

FOLLOW THEM UP !

The last federal organ of this County, more familiarly known as the *Cooperstown Federalist*, contains its usual quota of *white* LIES. We select a few as samples:

LIE No. 1. That the attack made upon the Hartwick Log Cabin was done by a "lad."

LIE No. 2. That a "pistol" was used, and that the weapon was discharged "perpendicularly."

LIE No. 3. That Maine has "sustained her [Loco-foco] character." On the contrary, the Whigs have *gained* a Governor, three members of Congress, and the Legislature—thereby securing a U. S. Senator.

LIE No. 4. That the Richfield "Harrison Guards" numbered only about "one hundred." There were from 200 to 250 !

THE GREAT TIPPECANOE RALLY AT ONEONTA.

MR. VAN BUREN'S DEMOCRACY.

THINGS TO BE REMEMBERED:

That Martin Van Buren voted in the Convention of '21, that an elector should either pay a MONEY TAX, or do "military duty."

That he contended for a HOUSEHOLD qualification, and if not a *householder*, he must pay a MONEY TAX !

That he OPPOSED the proposition that an elector should be permitted to *work out* his tax on the highway.

That he declared *Universal Suffrage* to be rather a CURSE than a "blessing," that would ☞*drive all sober-minded People from the Polls!*☜

That he OPPOSED the election of Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs, &c. BY THE PEOPLE—declaring that *the farther this power was REMOVED FROM THE PEOPLE THE BETTER !*

That he voted *against* the Electors in favor of Mr. MADISON, the War candidate for the Presidency, thereby evincing his early hostility to the War !

That he has recently appointed Samuel Cushman, a rank federalist, Receiver of Public Money, who said during the war "that he hoped to God every American who crossed the lines into Canada *would leave his bones there!*"

That he has forced through Congress a measure, the alleged intention and effect of which is to REDUCE THE WAGES OF LABOR and the PRICE OF PRODUCTS to the *hard money* standards of enslaved Europe!

That he has deliberately given his *sanction* and *approval* to Mr. Poinsett's scheme for enrolling among us a *STANDING ARMY OF TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND MEN ! !*

EDMESTON AWAKE.

The Democratic Whigs of Edmeston will raise a LIBERTY POLE on Tuesday, the 6th day of October, and afterwards adjourn to the Inn of John Chapin for Public Speaking, where Dinner will be prepared for all who desire it. Neighboring towns are requested to send in full Delegations, and at as early an hour as convenient. D. C. BATES, Esq. of Cherry Valley, with other gentlemen, will address the meeting.

LOCO FOCO OUTRAGE—*AND DARING ATTEMPT TO TAKE LIFE !*

The minions of the Administration in this county, are driven to such desperation, in view of approaching defeat, that they stop at no act of lawless violence in venting their spleen toward the people, who have the courage to assert their rights, and resist the encroachments of power. The Whigs are not unfrequently disturbed in their meetings, by the riotous interference of office-holding bullies, and their hirelings, and the places where they are assembled assailed with stones and other missiles.—But hitherto such outrages as the one which we now relate have been of rare occurrence.

As the procession from Hartwick was on its way to Richfield, on Thursday last, composed among other vehicles of a Log Cabin upon wheels, in which several individuals were riding, some desperate Loco Foco, who was ready to imbrue his hands in the blood of a fellow creature for daring to doubt the infallibility of the administration, *fired upon the procession* as it was passing on the highway, about a mile north of Oaksville, directing hi a gun toward the Cabin. One of the balls passed though the flag which was floating from the cabin, doing fortunately no other injury. That the object of this dastard assault was to take the life of some one, there can be little doubt.—It surely was not a matter of accident, nor can it be said that it was done merely for the purpose of alarming those who were in the procession. The instruments employed were deadly, and the purpose can be judged of only from the character of the assault, and the circumstances under which it was made.

The time seems indeed to be rapidly approaching in fulfilment of Thomas H. Benton's prediction, when measures are to be carried by force, and men shall be compelled to put on their weapons of defence with their apparel, and consult upon measures connected with the public welfare, armed to the teeth!

What say you, fellow citizens of Otsego, do you justify such attacks upon your peaceable citizens? Is the re-election of the author of all your ruin so desirable a consummation, that it is to be effected at the hazard of blood-shed? Are our fellow citizens no longer

ELOQUENT TESTIMONY !

We make it a practice never to waste breath with a political opponent who is disposed to get rid of every thing by characterizing it a "*Whig Lie.*" Such men you will invariably find to be the creatures of designing demagogues, with whom reason and facts have no weight. So true as the hound is to the scent, so true are they to the purposes and designs of their masters, without care or reference to any thing beyond the immediate reward of their political servility ! On the contrary, when you find a man abusing Gen. Harrison for alleged "*Cowardice*" from ignorance of his character, but who is nevertheless willing to listen and be informed, just call his attention to the numerous testimonials of his bravery as a soldier, and capacity and integrity as civilian and a statesman, which have been freely accorded him by the most prominent of his political adversaries ! Point him to the following paragraph from the pen of RICHARD M. JOHNSON, Vice President of the United States, in a letter addressed but a few weeks since to Major *Thomas D. Carneal:*

"*During my services with* GEN. HARRISON *I had no cause to doubt his* COURAGE, *but consider him a* BRAVE MAN, *and* ☞ *have always expressed myself to that effect;* ☜ *nor have I ever* DISAPPROVED *or* CENSURED *any of his measures as Commanding General in the pursuit of Proctor, or in the battle of the Thames.*"

Ask him to read the following voluntary tribute to the General's private as well as official character, by the Editor of one of the ablest as well as one of the most violent Van Buren journals in the country—the N. Y. Ev. Post:

"*He* (Gen. Harrison) *has been all his life a BRAVE and WELL MEANING and HONEST man, and the charges that have been made to the contrary are* PARTY SLANDERS *unworthy the features of our cause.*"

Such testimony ought to carry the blush of shame to the face of every slanderer of the good and patriotic Hero of the North-West !

OLD TIP'S RAISING !

THE RICHFIELD RALLY—about Five Thousand of Tip's Friends present:

The People are awake in Otsego ! The "Prairie Fires" begin to loom up brightly and auspiciously in this hitherto impenetrable fortress of Van Burenism !—The Rally at Richfield on Thursday was every thing that the hearts and the hopes of Freemen could desire! Full FIVE THOUSAND of the staunch, honest, hard-fisted Yeomanry of Otsego, Oncida and Schoharie were on the ground, with their Flags, Banners, Log Cabins, Canoes, and other "Fixins."

The morning, though lowry and unpropitious, failed to dampen the ardor or depress the spirits of the enthusiastic friends and followers of the "Washington of the West !"

A convenient and permanent stand was erected by our Richfield friends in an open lot, for the Speakers. The stand was tastefully decorated with the Flags and Banners of the different delegations, as they came in, and presented a beautiful and imposing appearance!

About TWO HUNDRED "North Benders," in Tow Frocks and Chip Hats, on Horses, comprising the Tippecanoe Clubs of Richfield and Exeter, were present, and acted as an escort under the direction of Messrs. FILKINS, DEATHICK, HANNAH and VERNER, as Marshalls, to receive their political friends, as they entered the village.

To the Polls! To the Polls !!

This Day,

Monday, commences the great battle which is to decide the fate of the corrupt party in power! Are *you* ready? are *your* committees appointed, your ballots properly distributed, and every thing in a state of complete readiness for the contest? Are you fortified at every point against intrigue and corruption at the polls? Have your challengers, whose duty it must be to attend the ballot boxes throughout the three days of election, been selected, and the importance and responsibility of their office fully and earnestly impressed upon their minds?—In short, has every thing been done, that can be done, to insure your *whole* strength at the polls, and prevent fraudulent and illegal voting on the part of your opponents? If not, we ask your earnest attention to the following suggestions:

Guard the ballot boxes.

Remember the motto of your enemies is, "*rule or ruin !*" They know that the question of Pres-

first estimate of the canvass in his next paper. It will serve to illustrate his sagacity in political story telling!

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WHIG MEETING.—Our political friends of Hartwick Village, hold a meeting on *Saturday*, the 3d of October. They will be addressed by DEWITT C. BATES, Esq. of Cherry Valley, and probably by other gentlemen. Give him a hummer!

☞ Great doings at Richfield Springs, among the Harrison Boys, next Thursday! Don't neglect to TURN OUT!

Mr. Van Buren opposed to Universal Suffrage, and in favor of the Property Qualification!

The Loco focos are endeavoring to acquire a little political capital, by roundly asserting, in their journeyings over the County, that Mr. Van Buren voted in favor of Universal Suffrage when a member of the Convention which revised the Constitution of this State.—The whole story is a wilful and barefaced perversion of truth, known to be such by every person at all conversant with the debates and proceedings of that body at that memorable period!

During Mr. Van Buren's visit to this place last summer, the same impression was sought to be obtained.—Indeed, it was openly declared by his political friends, that he was the head and front of the Universal Suffrage Party, in the Convention already alluded to.—We immediately turned to the published Debates in that body, during the year '21, and exposed the fallacy as well as untruth of such a declaration. Van Buren was uniformly found opposed to Gen. Root, on the great question of Suffrage, and never failed to exert his whole influence in the Convention, at that time, by his vote and in his Speeches, *IN FAVOR OF THE* ☞ PROPERTY QUALIFICATION!!!

We now quote from 'Holland's Life of Van Buren,' in corroboration of this point, together with the endorsement of the Washington Globe. To our friends, we say, "Read and Circulate:"

From Holland's life of Van Buren, published in 1835.

1st Extract. "The qualifications required in the report of the Committee, besides temporary residence, were, as has already been stated, paying taxes or doing military duty, or working on the highways. Mr. Van Buren was in favor of adding to the latter alternative the farther restriction of being a HOUSEHOLDER."—*Hollands life of Van Buren*, ☞ p. 181.

2d Extract. "One word on the main question before the committee. We had already reached the verge of *universal suffrage*. There was but one step beyond.—And are gentlemen prepared to take that step? We are *cheapening* this invaluable right. He was disposed to go as far as any man in the extension of rational liberty, but he could not consent to undervalue this precious privilege so far as to confer it, with an indiscriminate hand, upon every one, *black or white*, who would be kind enough to condescend to accept it."—*Debates in N. Y. Convention*, ☞ p. 277—*Holland's life of Van Buren*, ☞ p. 181.

3d Extract. "By the old Constitution of New York, no distinction was made in regard to *color*, in the qualification of Electors. In the Convention for its amendment, a proposition to restrict the right to *white* citizens, was rejected by a vote of *sixty-three to fifty nine*. A long and eloquent debate preceded this rejection: *Mr* Van Buren did not participate in the debate, BUT VOTED WITH THE MAJORITY."—*Holland's Life of Van Buren*, ☞ p. 187.

too highly excited in favor of the *defendant*, TO DO THEMSELVES JUSTICE in a matter pertaining strictly and legally speaking to themselves, and to nobody else!—Thus it is, in fact, "*The People* vs. *The People*."—Cost to the People about $600!

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This opinion he sedulously labored to maintain throughout the campaign, conceding at most but *two* States to the Old Hero, and those evidently with great reluctance. The balance, according to the best "information" in possession of the Colonel, were certain for the lawyer of Kinderhook! It is not our intention in this article to review this ludicrous estimate of a politician and Editor of forty years' standing, or the language we held at the time in relation to it, or even the multiplied inducements which such an estimate, put forth and repeated with so much confidence, held out to political friends and partisans to wager money on the result; but simply to cull a few paragraphs from the Colonel's paper, of a few weeks back, as better illustrating, not the *ignorance* or stupidity of the Editor of the Cooperstown Federalist so much as his habitual and uniform propensity to exaggerate and mislead the public mind as to the probable issue of the great contest between the OFFICE HOLDERS and the PEOPLE!

In view of this, take for example the following:

☞ "*There are but TWO States certain for Harrison, viz:* CONNECTICUT *and* RHODE ISLAND."☜—*Cooperstown Fed. Aug.* 3.

Again, on the 10th. the confident certainty of success is repeated in this form!

☞ "*The prospect of the Candidate of the Opposition (Gen. Harrison) is PERFECTLY HOPELESS.*"☜—[*Ib. Aug* 17.

In an article alluding to the nomination of BOUCK, for Governor, the Colonel disposed of Gov. Seward and the Harrison Electoral Ticket in this State in the following positive and summary manner:

☞ "*Victory is* JUST AS CERTAIN *for the Democracy as that in the tide of time November shall come.*"☜—[*Ib. Sept.* 14.

Very well: the "tide of time" has brought November round, and Seward is re-elected by at least 7000, while Gen. HARRISON beats his competitor in his own State by a majority of over 12,000 votes!

See again this braggadocia spirit of the Cooperstown federal Editor in the following paragraph in relation to Maine—penned in the face of an election which had just demonstrated her position among the *Whig* States of the Union:

"*Maine will then have sustained her Democratic character in the severe struggle with the Money Power.* ☞ *and so may be* SAFELY SET DOWN FOR MR. VAN BUREN!"—[*Ib. Sept.* 21.

Instead, however, of being *safe* for Van Buren, she has given Gen. HARRISON an increased majority over the September elections!

Language equally unequivocal and confident in its tone was held by the same Editor in reference to Ohio. As late as the 12th of October we find the following *opinion* in his paper, fully credited and endorsed by the Editor himself:

"*We firmly assure our friends every where, that it is* IMPOSSIBLE *for the Democracy* [*Loco focoism*] *of Ohio to be conquered!* EVERY DOUBT IS DISPELLED."—[*Ib. Oct.* 12.

The next news the Colonel had from Ohio was the election of the Whig candidate for Governor by rising 19 000 majority, while the State goes for Old Tip by nearly or quite 25.000 majority!!!

We might go on quoting, *ad infinitum*, to show the light in which Col. PRENTISS apparently viewed the late Presidential canvass, treating with manifest contempt the idea of Gen. HARRISON being elected to the office of President of these United States!—But we forbear! Enough has already been said to prove the Colonel's skill in making estimates, as a politician, and we can only hope, that those who have been sufficiently *green* to wager and lose their money on the strength of his foolish and improbable statements—while they modestly denounced our own, which have been thus far verified almost to the letter as *Whig lies*—will "cash up," like gentlemen and not back out of their bets after the approved fashion of blacklegs and loafers!

S J Cooke	Wm Angel
H Watkins	Edwin Spafard
D T Tanner	Richard H Clark
Elisha Shepherd jr	Daniel Marvin
Orrin Shepherd	Jacob Ford
R J Timmons	Sylvester Ford
A J Wicker	John Reynolds
Isaac Shepherd	James Slade
Stephen Averill	H A Hamilton
Theodore Averill	J P Van Wort
John Lindsey	Jesse Pasehall
Joseph Lindsey	Charles Cook
Chauncy Goodenough	Parley Day
O H Dickenson	Calvin Maples
Erastus Shepherd	Lyman Foly

☞ ☞ ☞ ☞ ☞

Whig County Convention.

The Electors of Otsego county are requested to meet in their respective towns, and choose five delegates to represent them in County Convention to be holden at the Court House in this village on Friday the 16th of October, for the purpose of forming a ticket for county Officers, to be supported by the Democratic Whig party at the coming election. By order of the Central Committee.

Cooperstown, Sept. 26, 1840

☞ Don't forget the ONEONTA RALLY to-day, [Monday].—It will be a loud one!

TREASURY SHINPLASTERS.

The Editor of the Cooperstown Fed. is out in defence of Government Shinplasters! Thus is perfectly natural! He voted for their emission in every instance!—Strange, indeed, if he should refuse to father his own bantlings! But, while he is ready to arraign the Banks, as the sole cause of the mischief, he has nothing to say about the MILLIONS that are yearly squandered in a perpetual, never-ending War with a handful of Florida Indians! Nothing to say about the MILLIONS that have been abstracted by Sub Treasurers, under a loose and irresponsible government system! Nothing to say about the HUNDREDS and THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS that have gone into the pockets of federal partisans and retainers in the shape of *extras!* Nothing to say about the IMMENSE SUMS which have been profligately expended in furnishing and embellishing the President's Palace—in purchasing ROYAL WILTON CARPETS, FRENCH OTTOMANS, LIQUOR STANDS, ARTIFICIAL ROSES, &c. Oh, no; these are all right and proper enough; and by an Administration that came into power with FORTY MILLIONS surplus in its vaults, *but was compelled in less than eighteen months thereafter to issue* TREASURY RAGS, *payable at some remote period, to enable the Treasury to keep its faith with the public creditor, and thus preserve the appearance of solvency, with not a cent in its coffers!!*

"Oh, great SHINPLASTER Mat Van Buren!"

THEY GIVE IT UP!

A short time since the New Era, the organ of the Radical and Agrarian faction of New York City, came out in an article prudently *cautioning* its political friends, the Loco focos, to be sparing of their money in the present canvass, or, in plainer English, *not to bet too freely on Mr. Van Buren's Election!* This article was copied approvingly into the columns of the Cooperstown Federalist of the 21st ult. The "caution," however, it seems, was scarcely adequate to the emergency, for the Editor follows up the prudent advice of the New Era by quoting directly from the *Revised Statutes* of the State, on the subject of betting, wherein it is made a *misdemeanor* to hazard money on the result of any pending election, and earnestly calls the attention of his readers to the fact!

This, we conceive to be tantamount to giving up the contest! When such men as Col. Prentiss—who has wagered and won more money within the last ten years, we will be bound to say, than his whole three years' salary, as member of Congress, amounts to—cautions his political friends against betting, by holding up the *terrors* of the law to them, depend upon it the times are equally, indeed! Let no Loco foco, hereafter, put up his money on the election of Mr. Van Buren! He might just as well throw it into the flames, for all the indemnity he will ever get for his trouble! If he does so, he does it not simply at the peril of the law, but of his POCKETS, also, which, with many it is to be feared, is deemed the most important consideration of the two.

...ty? It is a right guaranteed to them, in common with all citizens; and they will not surrender it at the dicta of official hirelings, and the corrupt mercenaries of power!

FOLLOW THEM UP!

The last federal organ of this County, more familiarly known as the *Cooperstown Federalist*, continues its usual quota of *white* LIES. We select a few as samples:

LIE No. 1. That the attack made upon the Hartwick Log Cabin was done by a "lad."

LIE No. 2. That a "pistol" was used, and that the weapon was discharged "perpendicularly."

LIE No. 3. That Maine has "sustained her [Locofoco] character." On the contrary, the Whigs have *gained* a Governor, three members of Congress, and the Legislature—thereby securing a U. S. Senator.

LIE No. 4. That the Richfield "Harrison Guards" numbered only about "one hundred." There were from 200 to 250!

THE GREAT TIPPECANOE RALLY AT ONEONTA.

It can no longer be said with truth that Otsego is not in the field, and ready to do good service in the great political struggle of November! The rally at Oneonta on Monday, was almost unparalleled in numbers, and it was *so enthusiastic* as it was overwhelming! From an early hour in the morning the delegates continued to flock into the village, some in one, others in two, four, six, and even eight-horse waggons! Each vehicle decorated with appropriate FLAGS and BANNERS, and most of them provided also with a good Band of Music!

At 11 o'clock, the throng became immense and as each successive delegation continued to arrive they were greeted with the loud and hearty hurrahs of the multitude! At noon, the spectacle was indeed exciting! The highways and avenues leading to the village were thronged with vehicles, while the streets immediately in front of the Hotel, presented the appearance of a living moving mass. The spacious piazzas of the Hotel, the doors and windows of adjoining buildings, were likewise crowded with spectators, including very many LADIES, who showed by the joy which beamed in their countenances and the waving of kerchiefs that they were by no means uninterested observers of the scene! There could not have been at this time less than SIX THOUSAND persons on the ground!

The Delegations from UNADILLA, OTSEGO and LAURENS, were very large, comprising several Hundreds from each town. About Seventy Ladies from the town of Laurens were in attendance, besides a large number from the other towns, numbering in the aggregate nearly or quite *Three Hundred!* They carried a beautiful Satin Flag in the Procession, which bore upon its folds the words: "*Female Virtue Saved Rome!*" Each Delegation from the above towns was provided with numerous devices and mottoes, and a Band of Music.

The Delegations also from the four Worcester Towns were very numerous, as were likewise those from EDMESTON, NEW LISBON and MILFORD. Each were provided with appropriate Flags and Banners, with spirited mottoes and devices.

OTSEGO, CHERRY VALLEY, HARTWICK, BUTTERNUTS, and a portion of DELAWARE, were also tolerably well represented! An Omnibus, on wheels, tastefully decorated with Flags and appropriate Paintings of various kinds, got up expressly for the occasion by the Juvenile Tips—[who, by the bye, to their credit be it said, are quite as active in the good cause as most of their elders]—led off the Otsego delegation, and was every where greeted with the cheers and plaudits of the multitude as it passed!

VAN BUREN AND THE BANKS.

It is well known that Mr. Van Buren is the author of the Safety Fund Banking System of this State.—While Governor, this System was adopted as a party measure; the stock of the new banks was apportioned among the Editors and political demagogues of the Party, that they might receive the spoils, by selling out at a premium. The Editor of the Cooperstown Federalist is a living witness of the truth of this. Under this System the Regency created some 75 or 80 Banks! When the present political dynasty came into power, there were only about 400 banks in the U. States, but this number was increased by the present party, in the several States, where they had the power, to over NINE HUNDRED! Indeed, so inordinate was the love of the Loco focos for Banks, and a paper currency, that in some of the States where they held supreme control, the currency not only run *wild*, but took the name of "Wild Cat!"

...on. One of the balls passed though the flag which was floating from the cabin, doing fortunately no other injury. That the object of this dastard assault was to take the life of some one, there can be little doubt.—It surely was not a matter of accident, nor can it be said that it was done merely for the purpose of alarming those who were in the procession. The instruments employed were deadly, and the purpose can be judged of only from the character of the assault, and the circumstances under which it was made.

The time seems indeed to be rapidly approaching in fulfilment of Thomas H. Benton's prediction, when measures are to be carried by force, and men shall be compelled to put on their weapons of defence with their apparel, and consult upon measures connected with the public welfare, armed to the teeth!

What say you, fellow citizens of Otsego, do you justify such attacks upon your peaceable citizens? Is the re-election of the author of all your ruin so desirable a consummation, that it is to be effected at the hazard of blood-shed? Are our fellow citizens no longer to be permitted to assemble themselves peaceably together, to interchange opinions upon political subjects? Is the gag to be applied to freemen?—We conjure you, think of these things!

For the Otsego Republican.

Mr. Editor—It is not a little amusing to see in what a ridiculous posture the present party in power have got into in this county, as it regards the attack made upon the Hartwick Cabin, while peaceably passing from Oaksville to Leroy. Many a base lie has been told in relation to this affair since its publication in the Republican, and every one has been blown to atoms. But what was my astonishment, when in looking over the columns of the Freeman's Journal, my eye lit upon the following; "A correspondent writes us that the wonderful outrage upon the Hartwick Log Cabin company while on their way to Richfield on the 10th instant, so highly pictured in the last "Republican," was a mere compliment by a lad, who hunted up an old pistol an discharged it perpendicularly in the air as an honor to the occasion. How bald, yea, how shameful such an assertion which can be refuted by more than twenty persons who were eye witnesses upon this occasion. Instead of one "pistol," there were two guns lying on the sill of the upper window of an uninhabited house, and were both discharged at the Cabin as it passed—followed by two other discharges in quick succession. They were not fired "perpendicularly," but were pointed towards the Cabin—two of the balls piercing the flag over the same. Certainly, Colonel, there was no other "harm done!" But it merely shows to what desperate acts some reckless politicians are driven, in view of approaching defeat, and will you uphold them? Remember, it is not 1813, or '14

In another column is to be found the following language; "Several Log Cabins were to be seen on wheels, exhibiting coon skins, skunk skins, cider barrels, and other ensigns of Whiggery. One of them on rather a large scale, and said to have been brought all the way from Hartwick with a 6 horse team, was filled with persons in male and female attire, packed in promiscuously in straw, like so many pigs in a stye." I have only to say that every word is false. The whole is a fabrication, and just fit to be published in a paper so regardless of truth and decency as is the Cooperstown Federalist.

A PASSENGER.

COL. CROGHAN & GEN. HARRISON.

Statements questioning Gen. Harrison's bravery, purporting to emenate from the pen of Col. Croghan, have been bandied before the public, by the Locofoco journals for the last three months. The utter falsity of these statements has finally compelled the Colonel to take distinct ground in vindication of the Old Hero. The following letter from him in reply to one from Samuel B. Churchill, of St. Louis, places his opinions of Gen. Harrison beyond farther perversion or dispute.

Saint Louis, Oct. 6th. 1840.

Colonel Churchill.

In reply to your letter of the twenty-sixth ultimo, I can only state, that the publication of the letters to which you allude was *not authorized by me*, and that I never, during the whole war, saw any want of courage. Gen. Harrison I have every reason to believe is a BRAVE MAN. Upon the receipt of yours, I addressed a letter to general Gaines, with whom I held frequent conversations years ago, and the following letter of his contains the opinions which I then entertained, and which I still retain.

Respectfully, G. CROGHAN.

This Day,

Monday, commences the great battle which is to decide the fate of the corrupt party in power! Are *you* ready? are *your* committees appointed, your ballots properly distributed, and every thing in a state of complete readiness for the contest? Are you fortified at every point against intrigue and corruption at the polls? Have your challengers, whose duty it must be to attend the ballot boxes throughout the three days of election, been selected, and the importance and responsibility of their office fully and earnestly impressed upon their minds?—In short, has every thing been done, that can be done, to insure your *whole* strength at the polls, and prevent fraudulent and illegal voting on the part of your opponents? If not, we ask your earnest attention to the following suggestions:

Guard the ballot boxes.

Remember the motto of your enemies is, "*rule or ruin!*" They know that the question of President is already settled,—they acknowledge this, and hence every effort, corrupt or otherwise, will be made to secure their hold on the County "spoils" for a period longer. Shall they do this? Let the flagrant wrongs and injustice you have experienced for the last four years furnish the answer!

Bring out the Infirm.

See that every man in your neighborhood votes. Have your teams engaged, and keep them busy in quest, and for the accommodation, of those who, from disability or other causes, may be inclined to stay away from the polls. If too busy to leave home, pull off your coat and work for them until they have discharged their duty to their Country! Let no Whig be left behind, upon any pretence or consideration whatever!

Compare your Poll list,

At the close of each day, and ascertain who of our friends have voted, and who has not. Hold your teams in readiness to go the first thing in the morning after those who neglected to vote the day previous. Bear this in mind!

Examine your Ballots

Carefully. Take no ballot except from some friend in whom you have confidence, or the committee regularly designated to distribute them, at your primary meetings. Frauds will be attempted. Be careful that you are not imposed upon.

Turn out at the Polls.

Let every man, who can possibly spare the time, attend the polls throughout the three days of election. We want you there to give countenance, and if need be, protection to your friends. The ballot-box is the palladium of our liberties—see that it be kept free and untrammelled, at all and every hazard!

Canvassing the Votes.

Insist that the votes be canvassed immediately after the closing of the polls. Have it done openly and above board. Don't leave the Board for a single moment while the votes are thus canvassing. A single fraud in counting may be the means of undoing all that you have done, and cursing us with federal measures and federal misrule for a period longer! Be vigilant, then, and all will be well!

Be on the ground early.

Remember this! It is vastly better to be two hours in advance of the time, than fifteen minutes behind. You can then see your friends as the come up and reason and converse with them.—

Finally.

Go to the polls prepared to hear and see every species of "*humbuggery*," in the shape of handbills, every kind of "clap trap," that the ingenuity of satan himself can devise—to draw your attention and delude you into the support of their own ticket. Heed them not! nor suffer yourselves to be drawn into conversation with men whose motive is simply to neutralize your activity and vigilance in the good cause, while their own partizans are busy in "manufacturing" voters. But while you keep an eye on the enemy, exert your utmost energies, in every honorable way, to promote the election of the candidates, designated by yourself and political friends, for popular suffrage and support.

MISCELLANEA.

GET MARRIED.

The editor of the Norwich Aurora asks of his readers the very important question 'what is the use of getting married?' A few thoughts must give our reasons why all men should get married.

The great object of human life is happiness. To this end, man bends every action and gives birth to every thought. If he toils he toils for the accomplishment of this purpose only; if he begs or bestows favor—if he receives or administers the blessings of fortune—if he courts popularity, seeks for fame, or spends his whole life in accumulating wealth, he has but one grand active propelling principle within him ever prompting to thought and deed, and that is a desire for happiness,

"——— our being's end and aim.

Man is a social being, formed for society and intercourse, and the elements of his nature are opposed to a life of solitude and 'single blessedness.' He delights in having one bosom companion, in whom he can confide with all the faithfulness and freedom of his own breast. It is therefore with a view to his social happiness, for the enlargement of his domestic comforts, and for the pleasure of sharing his enjoyments and cares, that he selects that companion from the opposite sex. The sexes are treacherous among themselves, but seldom to each other.

A certain writer remarks, that 'marriage enlarges the scene of our happiness or misery; the marriage of love is pleasant, the marriage of interest easy, and the marriage where both meet happy.' It is even so. But though there are cases where men are so blinded by the object of their pursuit as to overlook discrepancies and disparagements which afterwards prove vexatious—is it a reason that there is no 'use in getting married?' Man has the elements of happiness within himself, which, when rightly exercised, never fail to produce it. It remains with him altogether to comply with the requisitions of nature, and support her institutions, to fulfil the laws of God and effect the great object of his own being. In complying however, he is assured of a happiness which he cannot otherwise enjoy, and which he cannot otherwise obtain. Therefore if he values his happiness—if he is not selfish and misanthropic, he will act out the principles of his nature and get married. There is no man but feels the influence of women, delights in her society, and worships, to a certain degree, at the shrine of her charms of personal beauty and brilliant mental acquirements.

'Nature has given her an influence over man, more powerful, more perpetual, than his over her; from birth to death, he takes help and healing from her hand, under all the most touching circumstances of life; her bosom succors him in infancy, soothes him in manhood, supports him in sickness and in age. Such influence as this, beginning at the spring of life, and acting in all its most trying moments, must deteriorate or improve man's character—must diminish or increase his happiness, according to the moral and intellectual gradation of women. Thus, upon her improvement in particular, depends human improvement in general.'

Setting aside individual happiness, and all the pleasure of the social circle, the comforts of domestic life, the cheering of the smile and voice that greet the husband and the father, the nature of society urges strong reasons why men should get married. Because human improvement, and good of the world, depends upon women in her proper sphere. Our first lessons are the instruction of her lips, and our earliest impressions are taken from her examples. Thus it is that we carry into society her influence, which extends throughout all ranks and classes of mankind.

Woman's influence, therefore, not only sheds

If you are young, get married. Dr. Franklin advocated early marriages because a man who marries young, can have the satisfaction of raising and educating his children before he dies.

GET MARRIED—let your plans and purposes for future life be what they may, the business of getting married is one that should be attended to first, as it neither interferes with your plans, nor prevents their execution.

GET MARRIED—live soberly, be industrious, engage in nothing that will deteriorate from your character as an honest man—a pure patriot, and a kind husband; take our advice, and with all your gettings, GET MARRIED.

POETRY.

WOMAN'S FAITH.

BY L. E. L. OF JAMAICA, W. I.

She invited you when the sunny light
Of bliss was on your brow;
That bliss has sunk in sorrow's night,
And yet—she loves you now.

She loved you when your joyous tone
Taught every heart to thrill;
The sweetness of that voice is gone,
And yet—she loves you still.

She loved you when you proudly stept,
The gayest of the gay;
That pace the blight of time has swept,
Unlike her love away.

She loved you when your home and heart
Of fortune's smile could boast;
She saw that smile decay—depart—
And then she loves you most.

Oh! such the generous faith that glows
In woman's gentle breast;
'Tis like the star that stays and glows
Alone in night's dark vest.

That stays, because each other ray
Has left the lonely shore;
Ah! that the wanderer on his way
Then wants her light the more.

A MOTHER'S LOVE.

Her, by her smile, how soon the stranger knows;
How soon, by this, the glad discovery shows,
As to her lips she lifts the lovely boy!
What answering looks of sympathy and joy!
He walks, he speaks, in many a broken word;
His wants, his wishes, and his griefs are heard;
And ever, ever to her lap he flies,
When rosy sleep comes on with sweet surprise,
Lock'd in her arms, his arms across her flung,
(That name most dear for ever on his tongue,)
As with soft accents round her neck he clings,
And cheek to cheek her lulling song she sings.
How blest to feel the beatings of his heart,
Breathe his sweet breath and kiss for kiss impart;
Watch o'er his slumbers, like the brooding dove,
And, if she can, exhaust a Mother's love!

MORTGAGE SALE.

MORTGAGE dated April eighth, eighteen hundred and thirty.

Mortgagor—DANIEL SMITH.

Mortgagee—EDWARD ELLICE.

Amount claimed to be due at the date of the first publication of this notice, six hundred and thirty dollars and ninty-nine cents.

Mortgaged premises, all that certain farm, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the town of Unadilla, (now Otsego) county of Otsego, and State of New York aforesaid, comprehended within the bounds of a tract of land granted on the fourteenth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six, to Lewis and Richard Morris, is more particularly known, and distinguished by being the South part of lot number one hundred and thirty-five of the sub-division of said tract, and is bounded as follows: (that is to say,) beginning at the South East corner of lot number one hundred and thirty-two of the sub-division of said tract, and runs thence along the Eastern bounds thereof, North, one degree West, twenty-five chains to the South West corner of land laid off for Fitch Bissell, thence along the Southern bounds thereof, East, forty chains to the Western bounds of lot No. 138 of said sub-division, thence along the Western bounds thereof, South one degree East, twenty-five chains to the Northern bounds of lot number one hundred and thirty nine of the sub. div. aforesaid. Thence along the same, South, eighty-nine degrees West, forty chains to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and three and one fourth acres of land, be the same more or less.

E. & H. HARRY

ARE now receiving and offer for sale at *reduced prices*, a complete assortment of Dry and mixed Paints—Oils, Turpentine, Shellac and Copal Gum, Window Glass and Putty, &c.

Cooperstown, June 12, 1840.

STATIONARY.—Just received by H. & E. PHINNEY, a large assortment of *QUILLS*, Steel pens, LETTER PAPER, Note paper white and assorted colors, Tissue paper, Blue and Black writing Fluids warranted good. May 7, 1840.

CHRONIC INFLAMATION OF THE LUNGS

Cough, Asthma, Spitting Blood &c. of sixty years standing cured by

Dr. Jayne's Expectorant.

(*From Atkinson's Philad. Evening Post*)

Philadelphia August 16, 1838

Mr. Atkinson—Dear sir. A few weeks ago I noticed in your paper an account of the surprising effects of JAYNE'S CARMINATIVE, in restoring a number of passengers on board a Mississippi boat, to perfect health, who were affected with Bowel complaint. I was glad to see you notice it so kindly; you may rest assured it deserves the praise bestowed upon it. The benefit I have received from his medicine, more especially his EXPECTORANT, induces me to state my case to you, for the benefit of those who are afflicted in the same way. It has been my misfortune, sir, to labor under a cough and asthmatical oppression, for more than half a century. When a soldier in the American camp, in 1778, I with many others, (owing to great exposure,) had a violent attack of disease of the lungs, by which I was disabled from duty for a long time. Since that period, until recently, I have never been free from a violent cough and difficult breathing. Year after year I have expectorated over a gill a day; often much more and sometimes mixed with blood. For months together, night after night, I have had to sit or be bolstered up to obtain my breath. The weakness and debility caused by such constant expectoration, frequently brought me to a state bordering on death. It has been a matter of astonishment to my family and friends, that I am here to write this to you. I have had skillful physicians to attend me, and every thing that was thought likely to give relief, without any beneficial effect. Last winter I had another severe attack of Inflamation of the Lungs, which I fully expected would be the last. I then considered my case as past the aid of medicine, when I was persuaded to call on Doctor Jayne. With the assistance of Divine Providence, through him, I was once more raised from my bed; but the coughing and wheezing wearied me day and night. He advised me to use his Expectorant. I did so, with strong hope that as it had cured many of my acquaintances of many diseases of the Lungs, it might at least mitigate my sufferings. Need I say how gratified I felt? *It has effectually cured me.* As soon as I commenced taking it, I found it reached my case, and I begun to breathe with more freedom. My expectoration became more easy, and my cough entirely left me. I now feel as well as ever I did in my life, and am better than I have been for the last *sixty years*. Last summer I spit a great deal of blood, now, thank God, I am perfectly cured. Now, sir, after suffering so long, and finding at last such signal relief from Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, I feel anxious to inform my fellow citizens where relief may be had. If you think this worthy a place in your paper you will oblige me by noticing it.

NICHOLAS HARRIS, sen. No. 35 Lombard st.

Mr. Harris has long been a worthy member (I believe a Deacon) of the First Baptist church in this city, and implicit confidence may be placed in his assertion. EDITOR.

The above medicines are prepared only by Doctor D. Jayne, No. 20 South Third street, Philadelphia, and may be had of HANNAY & ROOF. Cooperstown.

Otsego Academy.

The next term of this Institution will commence the 5th of August, next. The Academic building now completed in a neat and convenient manner and ready for the accommodation of students.

N. B. Special attention will be paid to young men who may wish to prepare themselves for teaching.

R. NELSON

Cooperstown, July 13th, 1840.

LAMP OILS.

SPERM OIL (bleached and unbleached.)

Elephant do

Whale do refined,

do bleached,

do Winter strained,—Also

Carding Oil,

Olive do.

Tanners Oil and Linseed Oil, just rec'd and for sale at very low prices. HANNAY & ROOF.

June 8, 1840.

VARIETY! VARIETY!!

THE subscriber has just received at his store, one door west of E. D. Richardson's & Co. a choice selection of Fruits, Nuts, Preserves, pi-

2000 Reams Wrapping Paper, for sale low by
H. & E. PHINNEY.

GERMAN SUCCORY.

JUST rec'd a supply of genuine German Succory, and for sale by HANNAY & ROOF.
June 8, 1840.

AMERICAN REVOLUTION, BY THATCHER

DESCRIBING interesting events and transactions of that period, with numerous Facts and Anecdotes, and Biographical Sketches of Generals Putnam, Lincoln, Steuben, La Fayette, Gates, Stark, Lee, Knox, Arnold, &c.

President Adams says of this work—"It is the most natural, simple, and faithful narrative of facts, that I have seen in any history of that period. It preserves the memory of many men and many facts of which I was before wholly ignorant. Every man of the present age, who can afford to purchase it ought to have it."

The whole is embraced in one volume, well bound for Lawyers. 400 copies received by
June 8, 1840. H. & E. PHINNEY.

TO THE BALD HEADED. *AND OTHERS.*

DOES any know a neighbor or a friend who has been Bald, and whose head is now covered with fine hair? One whose east coller was covered with dandruff, though brushed every hour—which has now vanished entirely? Or one whose hairs at early age were turning gray, who now not a grey hair? Children whose heads were covered with scurf,—whose hair would not grow, that are now growing the fullest crops of hair? Some cases must be known to most persons. Ask them the cause, and you will be told, these things have been done by the use of the BALM OF COLUMBIA. Of 20 years growth is this article, its demand increasing annually some hundred per cent.—though when discovered not opposed by any thing for the same purpose, now assailed by almost numberless mushroom trash preparations that will ruin the hair if used to any extent. Can more than these facts be wanted—refer to the recommendations by a list of names of respectability unequalled by any other article. Look to these things—buy this article. Stop and preserve your hair by its use, or if bald restore it. Ladies, attend to this—hundreds in fashionable life are using it as the only article really fit for the toilet. Long hair is very apt to fall out. Use the Balm of Columbia in time to save yourselves the disgrace of baldness by neglect of your persons.

It is your duty, as moralists, to preserve the beauties of nature, with which a beautiful Creator has endowed you—use the Balm, for it will do it.

For sale by Harney and Roof.
Cooperstown, 1840.

NEW PATENT.

Just patented J. Houghtons Climax. Franklin Cooking Stoves, and changed from one to the other at pleasure and doing away the universal prejudices against a close fire.

The subscriber would inform the inhabitants of Otsego, that he has purchased the above right for the County and intends offering for sale the Climax Stove, by the middle of Sep. next. Those intending to purchase would do well to examine the Climax stoves before purchasing.

N. B. Those Furnace men who would like to engage in something new can be furnished with patterns on reasonable terms.

CHESTER G. WHITFORD.
Milford August 1840. 1y

Bakery and Grocery.

D. W. CHAPMAN, would respectfully inform the inhabitants of this village and its vicinity that he has taken the Bakery and Grocery formerly occupied by S. & I. Van Buskirk, and that he intends to keep on hand a general assortment of Groceries.—Also baking carried on in all its various branches by an experienced workman. Those favoring him with a call will have no reason to go away dissatisfied.

Book Binding.

THE subscriber is prepared to execute any order in the line of Book Binding. Any persons having periodicals or newspapers that they wish to preserve, will please give a call. Library Books and others repaired on short notice.
H. PERKINS.

PROJECT PROBE
November, 1967

Prepared by
Carol J. DuBois
and
Mona M. Buckley

Plows and Scrapers.

PLOUGHS, Gibbons, and Side Hill Ploughs, Plough points, and almost all kinds of castings for sale at "Holmes' Furnace," or by
March 9. H. S. BABCOCK & Co.

NO APOLOGY FOR WIGS

Attention Bald Heads.

OF all the remedies ever devised for the restoration and preservation of the *hair*, nothing has been found equal to *Alibert's Oleaginous Hair Tonic*. It seldom fails to restore the hair to health and beauty. Many who were bald three month's ago, can now exhibit luxuriant heads of hair.

Copy of a letter from Dr. S. J. Fitch.
Philadelphia, May 10, 1838.

Dr. Jayne.—Dear Sir—I feel that I can hardly say enough in favor of Alibert's Oleaginous Hair Tonic, prepared by you. My hair had been falling off about two years, and had become very thin, threatning speedy baldness, when I commenced using this remedy. In about one week it ceased to fall off.

I have used it now about three months, and have as full and thick a head of hair as I can possibly desire. I have recommended its use to a number of my friends, who all speak well of it. If faithfully employed. I have no doubt of its general success. I may add that before using the Tonic, I had tried almost all the various articles employed for the hair, such as Macassar Oil, all the different preparations of Bear's Oil, Vegetable hair oil, etc. etc. without experiencing much if any benefit.

Respectfully yours, S. J. FITCH.
No. 172. Chestnut street.

Copy of a letter from C. C. Park, Pastor of the Baptist church at Haddonfield N. J.
Haddonfield, N. J. Feb. 12, 1839.

Dr. D. Jayne,—Sir—I take pleasure in informing you that the bottle of Hair tonic, which I obtained of you last November has proved most satisfactory and successful. My hair had been for a long time exceedingly thin. But for two or three years past it has so fallen out, that my head had become almost entirely bald. I was under the necessity of concealing the baldness by combing the hair on the sides over it.—But now after using about half a bottle of the Tonic, I have as luxuriant a growth of hair as ever I had.

C. B. PARK.

The Rev. Leonard Fletcher, Pastor of the Baptist church at Great Valley, Pa. who has been more or less bald for many years, used three bottles of the *Hair Tonic* and has a fine growth of new hair over all that part of his head where he was before bald writes—

"My hair is growing finely, I assure you."
L. FLETCHER.
Westchester, Pa. March, 2, 1839.

The Rev. Mr. Parker, Pastor of the Presbyterian church in Delaware county Pa. was entirely bald all over the top of his head and he was becoming quite gray, has used but two bottles of this Tonic, and has now a fine growth of new hair, and all the gray hairs have disappeared and their places supplied by healthy hair of a natural color. It also had the same beneficial effect on Mr. Graham, Editor of the Philadelphia **Saturday Evening Post**, and hundreds of others; there is no use now "NO EXCUSE FOR A BALD HEAD."

Prepared only by Dr. D Jayne, sole proprietor Philadelphia, and may be had of HANNAY & ROOF.
Price $1.00.

New Painting Establishment.
REMOVED.

DANIEL BODEN would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Otsego, that he has commenced the above business in the building formerly occupied by Wm. V. A Robinson a few doors north of L. McNamee's store, where he has just received from New York a good assortment of

Paints, Oils, Varnish and Brushes, &c., &c.,

which will be sold cheap for cash.

☞ House and Carriage Painting done on short notice.

WANTED, an apprentice to the above business.
Cooperstown, August 3, 1840.

DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of H. C. Gallap & co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by H. B. Ernst, or by L. Smith & Co. at their shop.
H. C. GALLAP.
August 1, 1840. H. B. ERNST.

The manufacturing of TIN, SHEET IRON, BRASS and COPPER WARES, will be continued at the old stand of H. C. Gallap & co., under the firm of L. Smith & Co. The best of workmen will be employed, and a complete assortment of their wares kept constantly on hand, for sale low.

Jobbing done on the shortest notice, and in the very best manner
L. SMITH & Co.

Family Groceries.

HITCHCOCK'S Anti Bilious Pills, just rec'd and for sale by CURTISS & JOHNSON.
July 16, 1840.

CONGRESS WATER—Just received a fresh supply direct from Saratoga springs.
July 16. CURTISS & JOHNSON.

Old Liquors.

10 Barrels Pure Rectified Whiskey,
2 Hhd's New Orleans Rum,
3 do. Boston do., for sale cheap by
LAWRENCE MANAHAN.

BISHOP BERKELEY.

THE Life and Literary Remains of Bishop Berkeley, in 2 vols., for sale cheap by H. PERKINS.

THE COUNTESS IDA, a novel, by F. S. Fay—E. 2 vols., just published and for sale by
July 11. H. PERKINS.

DAY'S BANK NOTE LIST, and Counterfeit Detector, price 12 1-2 cents, rec'd every two weeks by H. & E. PHINNEY.

GELATINE CAPULOS, of pure Copaiba Balsam, for the cure Gonorhœa, by
June 18, 1840. CURTISS & JOHNSON.

PAINTS &c.

HANNAY & ROOF have on hand a large assortment of PAINTS, warranted pure, which having been purchased at the present low prices, will be sold accordingly. Persons wishing to buy will do well to call and examine qualities &c. before purchasing elsewhere.
June 8, 1840.

School District Libraries.

THE first and second series of Harper's School District Libraries for sale by the sett, or at the same rate by the volume, to suit the wants of any District. Also Library cases.

Those volumes are recommended to the Trustees of School District as the best selection for the use of School Districts, by Hon. Jno. C. Spencer, (see his circular to Trustees of School Districts and commissioners of common schools,) Jno. A. Dix, (late secretary of state, and superintendent of common schools,) by Governor Seward and late Governor Wm. L. Marcy. These works are all well bound and warranted as those bound in "Library sceep or Mutton calf," for sale by H. PERKINS, next door to the Post Office.
Cooperstown, July, 1, 1840.

RUSSEL'S HOTEL,

—BY—

EDES BELKNAP,

COOPERSTOWN, OTSEGO CO., N. Y

Cooperstown Boarding School
FOR YOUNG LADIES.

MISS M. A. SPAFARD, Principal and Instructress in the higher English branches and Mathematics.

Miss O. Maverick, teacher of Drawing and Painting, and assistant Teacher in the English department.

Mr. J. C. Rogers, Teacher of Vocal and Instrumental music.

Mr. Feber, Instructor in the French Language.

The next term of this Institution wil commence on Monday the 14th of June 1840.

Terms for board and instruction in the English branches, per year— $[illegible]
Drawing and Painting per quarter, 5,00
French, 6,00
Music, 10,00
Use of Piano Forte, one hour a day, $1.00—Two or more hours, in proportion, No extra charges.

This school is pleasantly situated in the delightful and healthy village of Cooperstown, 22 miles south of Fort Plain, on the Albany and Utica rail road, with which place there is daily communication by stages.

REFERENCES

Hon. Samuel Nelson,	Rev. J. T. Tiffany.
J. Fennimore Cooper, Esq.	Rev. [illegible] Whiston.
James Stowell Esq.	Rev. D. W. Bristol.
George Pomeroy Esq.,	Hon. Elisha Foote.
Richard Cooper Esq	Rev. Joseph Ransom.

Jacob Livingston Esq Cherry Valley.

HOP SACKS &c.

JUST received at the Arcade Store, two bales Hop Sacking, some very heavy.
H. B. & G. W. ERNST.
Cooperstown, Sept. 14, 1840.

Dye Woods & Dye Stuffs.

CURTISS & JOHNSON are now receiving and offer for sale at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers, the following articles, viz:

Indigo,	Logwood Chips,
Grain Tin,	do. St. Domingo,
Lac Dye, for scarlets,	Camwood,
Acid Sulphuric,	Fustic,

ments, must deteriorate or improve man's character—must diminish or increase his happiness, according to the moral and intellectual gradation of women. Thus, upon her improvement in particular, depends human improvement in general.'

Setting aside individual happiness, and all the pleasure of the social circle, the comforts of domestic life, the cheering of the smile and voice that greet the husband and the father, the nature of society urges strong reasons why men should get married. Because human improvement, the good of the world, depends upon women in her proper sphere. Our first lessons are the instruction of her lips, and our earliest impressions are taken from her examples. Thus it is that we carry into society her influence, which extends throughout all ranks and classes of mankind.

Woman's influence, therefore, not only sheds a mild and cheering lustre over the hearts of her friends, around the fireside of her family, and within the narrow sphere in which nature has placed her, but upon the whole world. It enters the haunts of vice, and drags forth the victim of the bowl, dashes it from his lips, and restores him to reason and a virtuous life. It prevents the prostitution of those qualities which enoble, dignify, and elevate man above all other things.

It prevents crime in its thousand forms, and makes men virtuous while he would otherwise be vicious. It carries peace and prosperity where trouble and adversity would reign, and gives birth to a thousand pleasures that would otherwise never exist.

The young man who is fond of the society of virtuous females, has a better capital for his character, than a birth of wealth could give him. He is looked upon as a moral and virtuous young man, because, generally speaking, only such take pleasure in the refinement of female society.

Take it all in all therefore, marriage is necessary for man's happiness, for the true formation of his character, for the peace of his home, the comfort of his heart, the joy of his youth, and the solace of his years.

In fact, a man never becomes a member of society 'till he is married. Unmarried, he is looked upon with distrust. He has no home, no abiding place, no anchor to hold him fast, but is a mere piece of flood wood on the great tide of time. His interest is not with society, farther than the accomplishment of some selfish object is concerned, and he cares not for the welfare of the generations springing up around him, and who are to live after him. He becomes embittered in his feelings against all mankind, misanthropic, parsimonious, morose and irascible.

To our friend of the Aurora, and to all young men who are looking after happiness, we say therefore, 'Get Married.'

If you are desirous of wealth, get married, for a good wife promotes habits of industry and economy and prevents a great many unnecessary expenses which cannot be avoided in single life.

If you are looking for stations of distinction and honor, get married, for a good wife will seek to advance her husband in the prosecution of all honorable purposes, and lend him aid and encouragement which he can derive from no other source.

If you would become a good citizen, get married, for he is alone worthy of the title, who is connected to the great family of man by the ties of husband and father.

If you are fortunate, get married, for a good wife will increase your prosperity, and render you 'twice blessed' in the enjoyment of your riches.

If you are unfortunate, get married. The cares of the world are lessened by having a wife who takes pleasure in sharing them with you.

If you are in business, get married, for the married man has his mind fixed on his business, his family, and is more likely of success.

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and State of New York aforesaid, comprehended within the bounds of a tract of land granted on the fourteenth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six, to Lewis and Richard Morris, is more particularly known, and distinguished by being the South part of lot number one hundred and thirty-five of the sub-division of said tract, and is bounded as follows: (that is to say,) beginning at the South East corner of lot number one hundred and thirty-two of the sub-division of said tract, and runs thence along the Eastern bounds thereof, North, one degree West, twenty-five chains to the South West corner of land laid off for Fitch Bissell, thence along the Southern bounds thereof, East, forty chains to the Western bounds of lot No. 138 of said sub-division, thence along the Western bounds thereof, South one degree East, twenty-five chains to the Northern bounds of lot number one hundred and thirty nine of the sub. div. aforesaid. Thence along the same, South, eighty-nine degrees West, forty chains to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and three and one fourth acres of land, be the same more or less.

Said Mortgage is recorded in Book P of Mortgages, page one and hundred sixty-eight, in the Otsego county Clerks office, Feb. 2, 1831, at 10 o'clock A. M. (given for the purchase money.)

Sale at the house of William M. Vail, in the village of Otsego in said county, on the 26th day of March 1841, at 10 o'clock A. M.

EDWARD ELLICE,
by JOHN R. BLEECKER, his *Attorney*.

Dated Sept. 21, 1840.

Agricultural Fair.

THE Annual Fair of the Otsego County Agricultural society will be holden at Louisville, Butternuts, on the 24th and 25th inst. The 24th will be a day for the exhibition of stock for premiums, &c.; the 25th for the sale and exchange of stock.

All persons wishing to encourage Agricultural products, or wishing to purchase, sell, or exchange stock, are invited to attend.

THOS. HOLLIS, Cor. Sec.

Butternuts, Sept. 14, 1840.

NOTICE.—The subscriber would again caution all persons against transacting and business with GUNEY Z. ANDREWS, such as buying of, or selling to him any kind of property, under any pretence whatever, as his effects were long since taken in charge by the Vice Chancellor, and a committee appointed to attend to the same, and I shall hold any person accountable who shall violate the law in the above business.

S. GREGORY, *Committee.*

Cooperstown, Sept. 18, 1840. n19w3

WHEREAS, by a Mortgage dated the fourteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and twenty eight, and recorded in the Clerk's Office of the County of Otsego, in Book M of mortgages, page 470, &c., on the sixteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and twenty eight, Leonard Manchester of Middlefield, in the County of Otsego, and State of New York, for securing the payment of two hundred and sixty dollars within three years from the date of said mortgage, with interest thereon annually, mortgaged to William Dean of the Town and County of Otsego, and to his heirs and assigns forever. All that certain lot of land or farm, situate, lying and being in the Town of Middlefield aforesaid, being the southernmost end of a patent granted to Godfrey Miller and others, and is known and distinguished in a map, or plan of the subdivision thereof by lot or farm number fourteen in the fifth range, being the south half of said lot No. 14. 5th range containing forty-five acres and three-fourths of land. And whereas default has been made in the payment of the said principal sum, and interest, mentioned in the said mortgage: And whereas there is claimed to be due and unpaid on the said mortgage at the time of the first publication of this notice, three hundred and sixty three dollars, and forty six cents. Now therefore notice is hereby given, that pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, and by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, the said mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction, according to law, at the house of Isaac Lewis, in the village of Cooperstown in the County of Otsego on the twenty-third day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day. WILLIAM DEAN, Mortgagee.

Morehouse & Lathrop, Attorneys.

Dated at Cooperstown the 1st day of Sept. 1840.

TO CLOTHIERS.

THE subscribers have just rec'd a large supply of Carding Oil of various qualities, which will be sold at unusual low prices HANNAY & ROOF.

June 8, 1840.

The next term of this Institution will commence on the 5th of August, next. The Academic building is now completed in a neat and convenient manner and ready for the accommodation of students.

N. B. Special attention will be paid to young men who may wish to prepare themselves for teaching.

P. NELSON

Cooperstown, July 13th, 1840.

LAMP OILS.

SPERM OIL (bleached and unbleached,)
Elephant do
Whale do. refined,
do bleached,
do Winter strained,—Also
Cooking Oil,
Olive do.

Tanners Oil and Linseed Oil, just rec'd and for sale at very low prices. HANNAY & ROOF.

June 8, 1840.

VARIETY! VARIETY!!

THE subscriber has just received at his store, one door west of E. D. Richardson's & co., a choice selection of Fruits, Nuts, Preserves, pickles, Fishing tackle, Poles, Hooks, canes, Perfumery, Steam refined Candy, Toys of all descriptions, Combs, Sealing Wax, and a multitude of other articles, making a complete variety, which he respectfully invites the citizens and the public in general to call and examine. S. A. BAILEY.

Cooperstown June 26.

HOT AIR COOKING STOVES.

4 sizes—nos. 1 1-2—2—2 1-2 and 3.

THE subscriber continues to manufacture this justly celebrated stove, and will sell them wholesale and retail at reduced prices. Merchants and dealers in stoves in this county would do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. He will keep on hand various articles of Hollow Ware for most other kinds of Stoves now in use. The patterns of the above stove have been improved in several particulars since last year.

CHARLES H. METCALF.

Fly Creek, June 15, 1840. 7tf

TO SPORTSMEN.

O. SPRAGUE would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Cooperstown and its vicinity, that he has opened a shop over the Jewelry Store of Jesse Graves, and opposite the establishment of Messrs E. & H. Cory, where he will manufacture and keep on hand an assortment of FOWLING PIECES RIFLES, &c., the workmanship and quality of which cannot be excelled in the country.

Old Guns repaired on the shortest notice. Call and see.

Cooperstown, June 23 1840.

REMOVED.

FINNAN, WARD & co. having removed their Store one door west of the Old Stand, would inform their customers and public generally, that they continue to keep a constant supply of

Boots and Shoes.

for gentlemen and ladies' wear. Their prices are such as to insure to purchasers good bargains.

N. B. All kinds of repairing done on the most reasonable terms, and at short notice.

All kinds of produce taken in paymnt for Boots and Shoes.

Cooperstown, June 1st, 1840.

Lewis Ingmire
TAILOR.

BEGS leave to inform the inhabitants of Cooperstown, and its vicinity, that he has commenced business in the above line, and hopes by strict attention and punctuality to merit a share of public patronage. Those gentlemen who may please to give him a call will find it to their advantage and satisfaction. Shop over S. Doubleday's Grocery Store.

Cutting done on the shortest notice and in the latest fashion. LEWIS INGMIRE.

Cooperstown, Feb. 13, 1840.

Medical and Surgical.

H. S. HARPER, M. D., would inform his friends and the public that he continues the practice of the medical profession in the village of Coopers own, and holds himself ready to all those who may favor him favor him with the treatment of their diseases.

Having read his profession with the most eminent Surgeon of which Otsego County can boast, the late lamented Professor Delos White, M. D., of Cherry Valley, and having attended four full courses of lectures at the Medical College, and attended to diseases private and public, he feels a confidence in offering himself to the community as a Surgeon.

The Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology, and diseases of the EYE and EAR, having occupied much of his attention while a student, and an extensive experience in the treatment of the diseases of these organs during a long course of successful practice, enables him to state that particular attention will be paid to this branch of surgery.

N. B.—Patients from a distance can obtain board in the village at as cheap rate as they may wish.

H. S. HARPER, M. D.

Cooperstown, July 27, 1840

boxed by S. & I. Van Brunkirk, and that he would be keepon hand a general assortment of Groceries.—Also Baking carried on in all its various branches by an experienced workman. Those favoring him with a call will have no reason to go away dissatisfied.

Book Binding.

THE subscriber is prepared to execute any order in the line of Book Binding. Any persons having periodicals or newspapers that they wish to preserve, will please give a call. Library Books and others repaired on short notice. H. PERKINS.

PROJECT PROBE
November, 1967

Prepared by
Carol J. DuBois
and
Mona M. Buckley

From Newspapers
Courtesy of
New York State Historical
Association

Project PROBE

A Project for the
Advancement of Creativity
in Education

PL 89-10 Elementary
and Secondary Education Act

Sponsored by the
Board of Cooperative
Educational Services Sole
Supervisory District of
Otsego County in Cooperation
with the Catskill Area
School Study Council

135 Old Main
State University College
Oneonta, New York 13820

The work presented or
reported herein
was performed pursuant
to a
Grant from the
U. S. Office of Education,
Department
of
Health, Education
and
Welfare.
However, the opinions
expressed herein
do not necessarily
reflect
the position or policy
of the
U. S. Office of Education,
and
no official endorsement
by the
U. S. Office of Education
should be inferred.

DAYS Counterfeit Detector, constantly for sale at the Bookstore of PERKINS & PAINE. Cooperstown Sept. 1840.

BULWERS last work, Godolphin, for sale by Sept. 3d 1840. PERKINS & PAINE

Brick and Tile.

200,000 Newly burnt brick and Tile of superior quality. Warranted to stand fire.—For sale by RUFUS S. PETERS. Hartwick Village, Aug. 17, 1840

Paints, Oils, Varnish and Brushes, &c., &c.,

which will be sold cheap for cash.

☞ House and Carriage Painting done on short notice. WANTED, an apprentice to the above business. Cooperstown, August 3, 1840.

DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of H. C. Gallap & co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by H. B. Ernst, or by L. Smith & Co. at their shop. H. C. GALLAP.
August 1, 1840. H. B. ERNST.

The manufacturing of TIN, SHEET IRON, BRASS and COPPER WARES, will be continued at the old stand of H. C. Gallap & co., under the firm of L. Smith & Co. The best of workmen will be employed, and a complete assortment of their wares kept constantly on hand, for sale low.

Jobbing done on the shortest notice, and in the very best manner L. SMITH & Co.

Family Groceries.

JUST rec'd a choice lot of Family Groceries, which will be sold 25 per cent less than at any other shop in town. June 6. L. McNAMEE.

GRIND STONES of superior quality at the Chequered Store. June 26, 1840.

HURD'S celebrated Bears Oil.—Also Perfumery of all descriptions, for sale by June 26, 1840. CURTISS & JOHNSON.

BRUSHES.

HAIR, Hat, Cloth, Broom, and Shoe Brushes, by June 25, 1840. CURTISS & JOHNSON.

MICHIE, ARMSTRONG—in 2 vols. by Mrs. Trollop, Just rec'd and for sale by July 1st H. PERKINS.

30000 Pieces Paper Hangings of every variety of patterns for sale lower than ever by June 19. E. & H. CORY.

All news items in this
paper
appeared in the
weekly issues
of the
Otsego Republican
at
sometime during
the months of September,
October, and November, 1840.

This period was the
high point
of the bitterly fought
"Log Cabin"
presidential election
in which
Martin Van Buren
and
Richard M. Johnson
were opposed
by
William Henry Harrison
and
John Tyler.

Although the articles
were taken
from different issues
of the
newspaper,
they have been kept,
as nearly as possible,
on the same page as that
upon which they appeared
in the original.
Every effort
has been made
to retain the original
format and flavor
of the
newspaper.

which place there is daily communication by stage.

REFERENCES

Hon. Samuel Nelson,	Rev. J. T. Tiffany.
J. Fenimore Cooper, Esq.	Rev. . Whiston,
James Stowell Esq.	Re D. W. Bristol,
George Pomeroy Esq.,	Hon. Elisha Foote,
Richard Cooper Esq	Rev Joseph Ransom,

Jacob Livingston Esq Cherry Valley.

HOP SACKS &c.

JUST received at the Arcade Store, two bales Hop Sacking, some very heavy.
H. B. & G. W. ERNST.
Cooperstown, Sept. 14, 1840.

Dye Woods & Dye Stuffs.

CURTISS & JOHNSON are now receiving and offer for sale at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers, the following articles, viz:

Indigo,	Logwood Camp,
Grain Tin,	do. St. Domingo,
Lac Dye, for scarlets,	Camwood,
Acid Sulphuric,	Fustic,
do. Muriatic,	Hyppernic,
do. Nitric,	Hatch Wood,
Tenter Hooks,	Nicaragua,
Press papers,	Quercitron,
Jacks,	Madder Dutch,
Alum,	do. American,
Blue Vitriol,	do. Compound,
Copperas, &c.	Indigo do

Cooperstown, Sept. 14, 1840.

LOST in this village on the evening of the 20th a large BLACK MERINO SHAWL the finder of which shall be rewarded on leaving at this office. Cooperstown, August 21, 1840.

DAYS Counterfeit Detector, constantly for sale at the Bookstore of PERKINS & PAINE. Cooperstown Sept. 1840.

MORTGAGE SALES;

MORTGAGE executed by Daniel Wilber to Ephraim H. Sweeper, on the 3d day June, 1835, upon which is claimed to be due on the first day of the publication of this notice, one hundred thirteen dollars and forty cents. Mortgage premises are bounded on the North, by the north line of the Billington patent, East by lot number seventy-eight, South by lot number 68, and West by lot No. 76 in said patent, containing 201 acres, more or less, being lot No. 77 in said patent, and default having been made in the payment of the above sum, secured by said mortgage, and now claimed to be due on the same. The above described premises will be sold at public vendue at my office, in the Town of Laurens, on the 23d day of February next, at 12 o'clock M, according to law.
E. DEWEY, Attorney for Mortgagee.
Dated August 31st, 1840.

English Berkshire Hogs.

THE subscriber has on hand, of different sizes and ages, from the Piggery of Mr. Lossen (Importer,) Albany, warranted of perfectly genuine Blood. Farmers wishing to improve their Breeds can be supplied with a few fine Pigs, if application be made soon. (Address Cooperstown.)
AMASA NEWTON.
Otsego, [Metcalf Hill,] Aug. 21, 1840.

NOTICE.

THOSE indebted to the subscriber will please call and settle their accounts and unless settled immediately they will be placed in the hands of a collector without respect of persons. Necessity compels me to take this course.
JOHN RUSSELL.
Cooperstown, August 20, 1840.

NOTICE.

And how grievous the necessity!

ALL persons indebted to WM. BABCOCK by note or otherwise, are hereby solicited to call and adjust the same on or before the first of September next—OR———
Fly Creek, August 24, 1840.

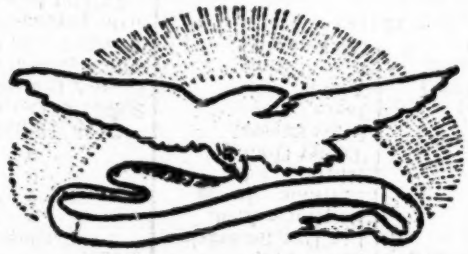
In the Matters of the Attachment against the Estate of Richard Bruse, late of the town of Lawrens, an absconding or concealed debtor.

BY the trustees of the estate of the said Richard Bruse, notice is hereby given, requiring all persons indebted to said Bruse to render an account of all debts and sums of money owing by them respectively, to us the said trustees and to pay the same to us on or before the 24th day of October next, and also requiring all persons having in their possession any property or effects of such debtor to deliver their respective accounts and demands to the said trustees, or one of them on or before the said 24th day of October aforesaid. Dated Laurens, August 13, 1840.

Trustees, HARVEY STRONG, JAMES BOYD, GEORGE W. POWELL

8w

WHIG MEETINGS.



WORCESTER.

☞The Whigs of Worcester, and the adjoining towns will meet at the Lutheran Church, in South Worcester, on the 22d inst. at 10 o'clock A. M. Gen. Root and C. Hathaway, Esq. of Delhi, J. Miller, of Schoharie, and D. C. Bates, of Cherry Valley will be present to address the meeting.

MILFORD.

☞The friends of Tip and Tyler meet at Portlandville, on the 17th instant, at one o'clock P. M. Distinguished speakers will be present.

By order of the Committee.

SPRINGFIELD.

☞The whigs of Springfield will meet at Van Alstines, (West Springfield) on Tuesday the 13th instant at 2 o'clock P. M Mr. Thayer of New York will address the meeting.

OTSEGO.

☞The Whigs will meet at Widow Olendorf's in Fly Creek, on Tuesday next, to appoint delegates to the county convention.

By order of the town committee.

EXETER.

☞The Whigs of Exeter are requested to meet at Madison Hollow on Tuesday, the 13th inst. to choose delegates to the county convention.

By order of the town Committee.

HARTWICK.

☞The Whigs of Hartwick will meet at the house of Peter Olendorf, on the 14th instant at one P. M to choose delegates to the county convention. A general attendance is requested.

By order of the Committee.

UNADILLA FORKS.

There will be a general rally of the Democratic Tippecanoe Boys at Unadilla Forks, on Thursday, the 15th of October next, for the purpose of discussing political topics connected with the future welfare of this Great Nation.

It is confidently expected that J. C. Clarke of Chenango, A. L. Foster of Madison, Joshua A. Spencer and Spencer Kellogg of Utica, Jarvis N. Lake of Herkimer, will address the meeting. Hopes are also entertained that Gen. Atkins of New Hampshire, will be present. A general attendance of the friends of Harrison and Reform in the adjacent counties are respectfully requested to attend.

By order of the Committee of Arrangements of the Tippecanoe Club of Plainfield.

ELECTION NOTICE.

STATE OF NEW YORK.

Secretary's Office, August 17, 1840.

To the Sheriff of the County of Otsego, Sir:

NOTICE is hereby given you, that at the next General Election in this State, to be held on the Second, Third and Fourth days of November next (except in the city ann county of New York, in the city of Brooklyn, and the town of Bushwick, in the county of Kings, where the elections are to be held on Wednesday, the fourth day of November next,) the following officers are to be elected:

A Governor and a Lieutenant Governor, Forty-two Electors of President and Vice President of the United States. You will also take notice, that the term of service of Daniel Wager, a Senator for the 25th district, to which the county of Otsego belongs, will expire on the last day of December next, and that a Senator for the said district is to be chosen in his place, at the said next General Election.

You will also take notice that one Representative in the 27th Congress of the United States for the fourteenth Congressional District, consisting of the county of Otsego, is to be chosen at the said next general election,

At the same general election, the following officers are to be chosen in your county: Three members of Assembly, a Sheriff of the county in place of Halsey Spencer, whose term expires on the last day of December next, a County Clerk in the place of Jesse Root, whose term expires on the last day of December next, and four Coroners in room of those now in office, whose terms expire

Hail to the Chief!!

"Sound the trumpets—Beat the Drums!
The Sportsmen quake—the HERO comes!"

HOW STANDS THE ACCOUNT!!

The following States have voted since the Harrisburg nominations, to wit:

	1836		1840	
	Harrison.	V. Buren.	Harrison.	V. Buren.
New Hampshire,		7		7
Connecticut,	8		8	
Rhode Island,	4		4	
Virginia,	23		23	
Louisiana,		5		5
North Carolina,		15		15
Kentucky,	15		15	
Indiana,	9		9	
Illinois,		5		5
Missouri,		4		4
Alabama,		7		7
Vermont,	7		7	
Maine,		10	10	
Delaware,	3		3	
Maryland,	10		10	
Georgia,	11		11	
New Jersey,	8		8	
Ohio,	21		21	
Pennsylvania,		30		30
	84	118	119	53

GINGERBREAD.

Pedlars look at this.

AT the Bakery near the water pumps, you can be supplied with GINGERBREAD, CAKES &c equal if not superior to any in the world. Call and see.

L. I. BURDITT.

Cooperstown, August 25th, 1840.

From the Washington Globe of the 12th inst.

Negro Insurrection at Attakapas.—Just as our paper was going to press, we received information that an insurrection of negroes has lately taken place in the parish of Lafayette; nine of whom have been executed, and

Farmers and Manufacturers of Otsego!—Will you support S. S. Bowne for Congress, who avows himself opposed to a *Protective Tariff* in any shape. And, as a substitute to pay the expense of the National Government is in favor of a *DIRECT TAX!* These doctrines he has not heretofore hesitated to avow on all occasions. Wool growers look to it, and support D. M. Hard the Farmers friend.

A FARMER.

WHIG MEETINGS.

MIDDLEFIELD.

The Whigs will hold a meeting at the school house, near Peleg Collins, on Wednesday evening. And on Saturday evening at the school house near the Phenix Factory. Abner Cook, Jr. will address

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MEETINGS.

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A PROCLAMATION,

By WILLIAM H SEWARD, Governor of the State of New York.

GOD has been pleased to preserve our lives during another year, and to bless our land and make very prenteous. Health, Peace and Liberty have dwelt among us, and Religion has ministered heavenly counsels and consolations. No danger has menaced us from abroad, nor has the alarm of intestine commotion, sedition or tumult disturbed the quiet of our dwellings. The clouds have not withheld from the earth their timely rain, nor the sun its genial heat. The plough has not been staved in the furrow, nor has blight or mildew diminished the abundant harvest.

We have exhibited to the world the sublime spectacle of millions of freemen, carefully discussing the measures and policy which concern their welfare, and peacefully committing the precious trust of their interests and hopes to the care of their chosen Magistrates. While our confidence in the stability of Republican institutions is thus strengthened, their benign operation has been manifested in the sway of mild and equal laws, the enjoyment of equal privileges by all classes of citizens, the security of personal rights, and the intellectual and moral improvement of society.

In remembrance of these signal and manifold blessing and privileges, it becomes us to lift up our hearts and ascribe all the power and glory to Him who looketh down from Heaven and considereth all bem that dwell upon the Earth. I do, therefore, in pursuance of a custom sanctioned by the people, set apart and appoint THURSDAY the Seventeenth day of December next, to be observed throughout this State as a day for the annual offerings of PRAISE, THANKSGIVING and PRAYER. I respectfully recommend to my fellow citizens to abstain from all secular occupations on that day to gather themselves in their solemn assemblies to render to our Heavenly Father the homage of hearts softened and warmed by his unbounded goodness; to commit to his tender care the poor, the neglected and the oppressed, and to supplicate a continuance of His favor to this People throughout all generations. However we may be separated by opinions or associations, all the citizens of the Republic have equal political rights, and have the same motives to desire its peace, happiness and perpetual prosperity. The Church of the living God is one, and embraces all those who in humility of spirit receive his holy faith, and throdivine aid seek to keep his commandments. Let us therefore in perfect harmony and charity, one with another, as Patriots and Christians, implore Him to sustain and bless all our Civil and Religious Institutions, and to dispense to us abundantly that heavenly grace which, with faith in the Lord Jesus Christ, leads through the ways of virtue here to the blessed society of the Redeemed in his everlasting Kingdom.

Given under my hand and the privy seal of the State, at the city of Albany, this ninth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty.

WILLIAM H. SEWARD.

By the Governor.

SAMUEL BLATCHFORD, Private Secretary.

There is to be a Whig Convention at Bunker Hill, on the 10th inst. Lynn is noted for shoemakers, as the following paragraph plainly indicates:

A HARRISON SHOE.—We understand the delegation from Lynn to the Bunker Hill Convention will proceed there in a BIG SHOE mounted on wheels, capable of containing 25 persons, and drawn by six horses. The shoemakers of Lynn intend to "stow the mark" in November. They find they cannot make shoes after Van Buren's *measures*.

Take Notice!

There will be a general rally of the Democratic Tippecanoe Boys at Unadilla Forks, on Thursday, the 15th of October next, for the purpose of discussing political topics connected with the future welfare of this Great Nation.

It is confidently expected that J. C. Clarke of Chenango, A. L. Foster of Madison, Joshua A. Spencer and Spencer Kellogg of Utica, Jarvis N. Lake of Herkimer, will address the meeting. Hopes are also entertained that Gen. Wilson of Newhampshire, will be present. A general attendance of the friends of Harrison and Reform in the adjacent counties are respectfully requested to attend.

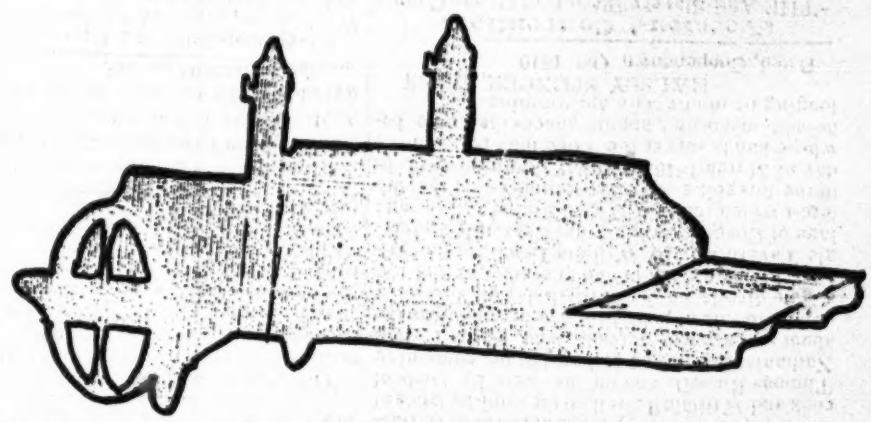
By order of the Committee of Arrangements of the Tippecanoe Club of Plainfield.

SOMETHING NEW.

JUST RECEIVED, an extensive assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Pa &c., &c., for sale at prices which cannot fail to please the purchaser, at the new store, one do J. Russel's Dry Goods Store, and directly opposite the one formerly occupied by them.

July 18, 1840. CURTISS & JOH

Arnold's Improved Patent Portable Horse Power.



THE subscriber having purchased the exclusive right of making, using and vending to others used, this new and valuable improvement in the application of Horse Power, for the county of Otsego, offers it to the public as the thing peculiarly calculated to meet the wants of an intelligent enterprising people. He has the fullest confidence in recommending it for the purpose of threshing wood, and the various mechanical purposes to which Horse power is applicable. The simplicity of its structure and performance, and the fact that it is so portable, and will be so durable, are matters of small importance to those who buy for their own use. The Powers, together with threshers and saws, will be on hand for sale by the 20th of July next.

The above cut represents the Power previous to several important improvements, viz: Inserting into the iron plates for the horse to walk on; removing the gear that moves the floor from the sides of the plates; and casting the end guides and boxes in one piece, which precludes the possibility of their getting out of place or deranging the perfect operation of the floor. The machine however, is its best recommendation. Those who purchase the machines of me, will have the privilege of using them any where in the county.

Also O. Badger's Endless Chain Power for sale as usual.

And the LEVER HORSE POWER, For one or two Horses.—This machine is portable and simple and well calculated for travelling threshers.

He is also prepared to execute orders for almost all kind of *Cotton or Woolen Machinery*, with neatness and despatch. He will also make to order *BADGER'S PATENT HYDROSTATIC PRESS OIL*, Shingle Machines, Circular and ✂ Cut Sawing Machinery all kinds of Turning Lathes and Screw cutting and Mill work generally.

His FURNACE is constantly supplied with the best of PIG IRON, from which he will make any kind of *CASTINGS* he may be favored with orders for—warranted of soft metal.

He will keep on hand Plough Castings, Scraper do. Hollow Ware, Pipe and common wagon Steigh and Cutter Shoes.

His pattern room is supplied with a good assortment of patterns for Cotton Machinery, Cotton, Woolen, Grist, Saw, and Fulling Mills of every description.

Boilers for Steam Engines, Tanneries, and Paper Mills

He has a pattern maker constantly employed, and will make any kind of Gear, or other pattern Iron Boring, Turning and Fitting done on short notice. CHARLES. H. MEAD

Fly Creek, (Otsego) 1840.

Notice.

The Whigs of the Town of Westford will meet at Bidlake's on the 11th September at 6 o'clock, to choose delegates to represent said town in State Convention to be held at Syracuse on the 16. By order of the town committee.

The Harrison Boys of Hartwick will meet at their Log Cabin, on Tuesday evening, September 8th, for the purpose of making arrangements for attending the "Raising" at Richfield Springs on the Thursday following, and the transaction of other business.

By order of Committee.

LOG CABIN RAISING AT RICHFIELD.

To the great terror of all office-holders, Loco Focos, and spoilsmen in general, another log cabin is to be erected!—

The anniversary of the battle on Lake Erie will be celebrated on the **10th of September next, by RAISING A LOG CABIN and other appropriate conveniencies, at Richfield Springs, in the County of Otsego.—The particulars of which will be made public in due season.**

By order of the Executive Committee of the Tippecanoe Club.

WHIGS BE ON THE ALERT!

The election is close at hand. A more desperate struggle than this country has yet witnessed awaits us *next week*. The Federal office-holders, clinging with more than a miser's tenacity to the "spoils of office," and defeated in all the preliminary elections, are rallying their whole force for a final and desperate effort next week. The developements of the last few days in New York and Philadelphia, show that these men are preparing to adopt any measures, no matter HOW DESPERATE OR CORRUPT, that hold out the least prospect of advantage to their sinking cause. Already had they ☞ *Interpolated the records of Courts of Justice, FORGED the signatures of judicial officers to certificates*

GOOD TIMES.

ED WATERMAN would respectfully inform the inhabitants of the town of Otsego and vicinity, that he has taken the TANNERY late occupied by Averell and Wilson, where he intends to carry on the TANNING BUSINESS, and will be glad to do on shares or as we can agree. The subscriber will pay cash for Hides and Skins of all kinds. Persons who have hides or skins to sell will do well to call on the subscriber, A full assortment of kinds of leather constantly on hand and for sale.

Cooperstown, August 31, 1840.

LOST in this village on the evening of the 4th inst. a large BLACK MERINO SHAWL, the finder of which shall be rewarded on leaving it at this office. Cooperstown, August 21

THE LAWYERS' TIC

The Loco foco Ticket—State, National and County—is made up mostly of LAWYERS! See the following:

M Van Buren,	candidate for	President, a
R. M. Johnson,	do	" V. do. a
Wm. C. Bouck,	do	" Gov'or. a
D. S. Dickinson,	do	" Lt.Gov. a
H. A. Foster,	do	" Senat'r. a
S. S. Bowne,	do	" Congr's. a
H. A. Jones,	do	" Sheriff, a
L. S. Chatfield,	do	" Legis'r. a

☞ Messrs. Bouck, Dickinson, Foster, Jones and Chatfield, are all in favor of Repealing the wholesome and salutary Law, passed by the Legislature, for REDUCING THE POWER OF LAWYERS!!

Farmers and Mechanics! Are you willing to build up this class of the bar to your own To empty *your* pockets that *theirs* may be filled with the fruits of your toil and labor? In short are you ready to endorse the doctrine, that the Reduction of the enormous fees of *lawyers*, as heretofore fixed, is a public grievance? Let your voice answer the question!

In striking contrast with the above, stands the

Whig Farmers' Tic

Wm. H. Harrison,	for	President, is a
John Tyler,		" V. Pres't. " a
Chester Buck,		" Sheriff, " a

be held on Wednesday, the fourth day of November next,) the following officers are to be elected:

A Governor and a Lieutenant Governor, Forty-two Electors of President and Vice President of the United States. You will also take notice, that the term of service of Daniel Wager, a Senator for the fifth district, to which the county of Otsego belongs, will expire on the last day of December next, and that a Senator for the said district is to be chosen in his place, at the said next General Election.

You will also take notice that one Representative in the 27th Congress of the United States for the fourteenth Congressional District, consisting of the county of Otsego, is to be chosen at the said next general election,

At the same general election, the following officers are to be chosen in your county: Three members of Assembly, a Sheriff of the county in place of Halsey Spencer, whose term expires on the last day of December next, a County Clerk in the place of Jesse Rose, whose term expires on the last day of December next, and four Coroners in place of those now in office, whose terms expire on the last day of December next.

Yours respectfully,
JOHN C. SPENCER,
Secretary of State.

I certify that the above is a true copy of the notice received by me and on file in my office.
HALSEY SPENCER, Sheriff of Otsego Co.
Dated August 31, 1840.

STRAWS, &c.—Col. Prentiss stated openly in a conversation, last Friday, "*that, if it were not for the Presidential election, Col. Bouck might stand some chance of being elected!*" Reader, draw your own inference!

For the Otsego Republican.

CHERRY VALLEY, Oct. 28, 1840.

It has been said, "that in the fierceness of political strife, men are apt to sway from the Old Jeffersonian principles—is he honest—is he capable." If by intrigue, deception, or any contemptible means, a man can secure a nomination in a strong county, they have thought the result was safe. But the day of investigation has at length arrived. Under this consideration allow me to place before the Electors of this county, a short view of the candidates for Sheriff; (who, are both from this town.) H. Jones, is the Loco Foco candidate, whose private character I will not disturb; but of his political character I will in all candor examine. Some few years ago, he was spoke into political existence by the late Judge Morse. Finding the candidate with a willing ear and a ferocious disposition, he was allowed the distinguished honour of following in the train of the Judge's followers. For some chicanery of the candidates he was thrown upon the world without any political father or protection.—Throwing himself upon his party, he was for a while saved from oblivion. Genius like his, was not destined to rest; by adept he got on the Jackson ticket as a candidate for collector—his ticket prevailed, but where was Jones—Oh tell it not in Gath—defeated with a vengeance. For four years successively, he managed to get on the ticket as collector. One year the Van Buren or Jackson ticket prevailed by a splendid majority, supervisor, &c., but where was Jones—defeated by one hundred and forty votes—every year beat—but by who? Ay, there's the rub. It was by Jonas Platner, jr., a son of a farmer—a farmer himself—a man of sound talents, and fine feelings—the poor man's friend—the true patriot, and in fact Cherry Valley's favorite son. She has tried him, and found him always honest, always honorable, always willing to befriend the oppressed—fearing nothing that is wrong, standing square up to injustice, under whatever garb it may assume—called from his farm some nine years since to collect the taxes of Cherry Valley, he has every year since filled that office with great ability, casting no reflections, pursuing only that course that justice points to.

Freemen of Otsego, before you vote, look at your sheriff ticket, one candidate has been beaten and disgraced (politically) in his own town, year after year. When his ticket prevailed, the people had no confidence in him and rejected him almost unanimously. For once throw aside party fetters and let Justice have her course. Let Old Otsego have an honest man as her officer—his own town rejects him and now he ask's your support, weigh the matter carefully and then decide. The Tremblor of an indignant people will come with a tremendous blast against injustice and fools from Old Cherry Valley. R.

The amount received for tolls on the New York canals, during the last week in August, is $67 879 61cts.

Ohio,	21		21
Pennsylvania,	30		30
	84	118	119 53

GINGERBREAD.

Pedlars look at this.

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Cooperstown, August 25th, 1840.

From the Washington Globe of the 12th inst.

Negro Insurrection at Attakapas.—Just as our paper was going to press, we received information that an insurrection of negroes has lately taken place in the parish of Lafayette; nine of whom have been executed, and forty others are to be tried. Several white Abolitionists are implicated in this infamous affair and are now in prison, awaiting their trial.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 2.

Letters received in this city from Opelousas state that four hundred negroes had planned an insurrection in the parish of Lafayette, which was to have taken place at Vermillionville, on the night of the 22d inst. Most providentially a negro belonging to Mr. Mercier told his master of the circumstances, and the principal ringleaders, to the number of twenty, were immediately arrested, nine of whom were sentenced to be hung on the 27th ult. We have since heard that four white Abolitionists, who had instigated the negroes to revolt, have been arrested and placed in confinement.—*Southern Patriot.*

The New Orleans papers contain no particulars of the projected insurrection in Lafayette. Ten of the negroes engaged in it were hanged on the 27th ult.—*Mobile Register.*

New Hampshire and Missouri will be the gravestones of Locofocoism. The mighty giant will be buried in November; and as he lays in his length, stretching across the whole country, those two states alone, standing one at his head and the other at his feet, will be left to tell of his departed glory, and record his epitaph.—*Providence Journal.*

TOO GOOD TO BE LOST.—"Any *rain* but the *reign* of Van Buren," as a member of the Bunker Hill Convention said when caught in a shower.—*Boston Atlas.*

ARREST OF A MAIL ROBBER.—A letter to the Postmaster of Baltimore, from an agent of the Post Office Department, dated, Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 10th 1840, states that the individual who robbed the U. S. Mail, east of Springfield, Ohio, on the night of the 10th of March last, has been arrested, and sixteen thousand dollars of the money recovered. Charles Bosterick, the driver of the mail stage, turns out to be the robber.

Mr. Dawson, of Michigan, while addressing the meeting at Faneuil Hall yesterday, said it had been recommended that the *bloodhounds* should be transported from the War to the Treasury Department, to track the defaulters; but he thought it an unwise policy, as it was well known the bloodhounds could not track any one who did not leave a scent (cent) behind him.

DESTRUCTIVE STORM.—The Rome (Oneida co.) Sentinel, gives a distressing account of damage done in that section of the country by lightning on the evening of Monday, the 14th inst.

One barn in Westmoreland, having in it about 30 tons of hay, owned by Mr. Spriggs.

A cow owned by R. Gypson, in the same town, was killed.

A cow owned by T. Alliston, and three hogs belonging to Col. H. Williams, of Rome were killed.

One barned owned by Mr. Goodrich.

Farmers and Manufacturers of Otsego!—Will you support S. S. BOWNE for Congress, who avows himself opposed to a *Protective Tariff* in any shape. And, as a substitute to pay the expense of the National Government is in favor of a *DIRECT TAX!* These doctrines he has not heretofore hesitated to avow on all occasions. Wool growers look to it, and support D. M. HARD the Farmers friend. A FARMER.

WHIG MEETINGS.

MIDDLEFIELD.

The Whigs will hold a meeting at the school house, near Peleg Collins, on Wednesday evening. And on Saturday evening at the school house near the Phenix Factory. Abner Cook, Jr. will address them in both instances, assisted perhaps by other gentlemen.

WORCESTER.

The Whigs of Worcester hold a Meeting at J. P. Russ's tavern, on Friday, the 30th. Good speaking is anticipated!

IMPORTANCE OF A SINGLE VOTE.—This is frequently shown at contested elections. We may now mention the following cases in point at the recent elections. In Warren county, in Missouri, there is a tie on the popular vote for members of the Legislature, and in Sumpter county, Alabama, the whigs lost a senator by one vote. The Van Buren Candidate received 1292 and the whig 1291.

Aaron Vanderpool was sent into Vermont a fortnight previous to the election to enlighten the hardy yeomanry of the Green Mountains on Loco Focoism. His expositions were well received by both parties, and the *Bennington Tippecanoe Club sent him a vote of thanks!* And the result has proved that they had reason for thankfulness, for Bennington, which last year gave a Loco Foco maj. of 80, has now given 75 maj. for Harrison and Reform! Mr. ex-Minister Van Ness, of Burlington, made a mission through the State, and declared on his return that Van Burenism was gaining in all quarters! Could not these gentlemen be persuaded to go into New Hampshire next, and take the stump there? The Tippecanoe Club will doubtless pay their expenses.—*N. York American.*

AMERICAN ENTERPRISE.—Under this caption the Harrisburg Keystone of the 26th states, "that the Emperor of Russia, by his agent, has closed a contract with Mr. Norris, of Philadelphia, for '*two hundred Locomotive engines,*' forty of which are to be delivered each year; for which the Emperor is to pay $1,400,000. These engines are principally to run upon the great rail-road, now in construction between St. Petersburgh and Moscow."—*Baltimore American.*

NEW GOODS.

AT THE GREEN STORE.

THE subscriber is now receiving a general assortment of *NEW GOODS* suited to the spring and summer trade, and would invite his old customers and the public in general to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere—as he is convinced of being able to sell Goods cheaper than were ever before offered in this market.

Among the assortment may be found—

Carpeting, rugs and floor oil cloth;	Plain and fig'd satin; " " gauze;
1 Bale barlapse;	Wreaths and flowers;
Brown and bl'ach'd shirting and sheeting;	Red tick;
1 Case Rusha diapers;	Shaker brooms;
1 do. blue Merimack prints;	Shelf Hardware;
3 do. Col'd "	Shovels and spades;
4 do. British "	Scythes and snaths;
2 do. French "	Rakes and pitchforks;
6 do. domestic "	Liverpool and China ware;
Printed muslins;	Tea, sugar, molasses, pepper, spice, ginger, Raisins and currants;
Summer stuffs for Pants.;	
2 cases Poplain silk;	English and Swedes iron;
4 doz. band boxes;	Cat. English, and German steel;
Plain and col'd Shaker hats	
Close Tuscan "	Ground wagon boxes;
Plain and col'd straw "	Cut nails, &c. &c.
Chip "	Plain and fig'd lustring ribon;
White and brown linnen;	

May 20, 1840. JOHN RUSSELL.

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Short and easy
Sept. 28, 1840.

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...REEN'S STORE.

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" " gauze;
Wreaths and flowers;
...rt. Red tick;
Shaker brooms;
Shelf Hardware;
...ng Shovels and spades;
Scythes and snaths;
Rakes and pitchforks;
Liverpool and China ware;
Tea, sugar, molasses, pep...
per, spice, ginger, Raisins
and currants;
English and Swedes iron;
Cut, English, and German
...ts steel;
Ground wagon boxes;
Cut nails, &c. &c.
Plain and fig'd lustring
...bon;
JOHN RUSSELL.

mounted on wheels, capable of containing 25 persons, and drawn by six horses. The shoemakers of Lynn intend to "tow the mark" in November. They find they cannot make shoes after Van Buren's *measures*.

Take Notice!

There will be a general rally of the Democratic Tippecanoe Boys at Unadilla Forks, on Thursday, the 15th of October next, for the purpose of discussing political topics connected with the future welfare of this Great Nation.

It is confidently expected that J. C. Clarke of Chenango, A. L. Foster of Madison, Joshua A. Spencer and Spencer Kellogg of Utica, Jarvis N. Lake of Herkimer, will address the meeting. Hopes are also entertained that Gen. Wilson of Newhampshire, will be present. A general attendance of the friends of Harrison and Reform in the adjacent counties are respectfully requested to attend.

By order of the Committee of Arrangements of the Tippecanoe Club of Plainfield.

MARRIAGES.

In this village on the 24th inst. by the Rev. G. Ellis, Mr. George Gardner of New Lisbon, to Miss Eleanor Weeks of Otsego.

In Oxford on Sunday evening 13th inst. by the Rev. J. T. Goodrich, James M. Tyrrell, Esq. to Miss Mary Barber, adopted daughter of David Browne, Esq. all of that place.

DEATHS.

At Butternuts on the 17th instant, Richard Valentine Morris, son of Lewis Lee Morris, Esq. in the seventeenth year of his age.

Yet another of the monitions which teach the precarious tenure of human life, and the fallacy of earthly existence.

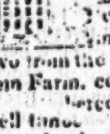
But a few days since, a family of love received **back into its happy circle,** from his journey to Michigan, **this most estimable** and promising boy, Now, they mourn over blighted hopes and blasted expectations, with anguish that admits no earthly consolation.

In New Lisbon on the 20th inst. of consumption, Miss Paulina Thurston, age 16 years.

"The Latch String is Out!"

PERSONS indebted to the subscribers are hereby notified that there is *now* an opportunity to pay without being *sued*, but probably that chance will not be of long duration.

E. D. RICHARDSON & Co.
Cooperstown, Sept. 28, 1840. n20tf



FARM FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale his farm, situated in Middlefield, about two and a half miles from the village of Cooperstown, and two from the Phœnix Factory, known as the old Ransom Farm, containing about one hundred acres of land, well fenced and watered. There is a frame house, well finished, barn and sheds on the premises, and a new log house, &c. TERMS.—One half, cash down, a first rate orchard. The... if required, and the remainder, a credit of five years, ... possession given immediately.

CHARLES KENNARD.
Middlefield, September 23, 1840 n20tf

NEW MUSIC For Piano Forte just received, embracing selections from the late Operas,
Beethoven's, Strauss, Mozarts, and other Waltzes,
Russell's and other favorite Songs,
Diehl's for Piano, Also for Voice; The Ellsler dances, Cotillions, Marches, Quick-Steps, Airs, &c.
Instruction Books, Exercises for beginners,
Short and easy pieces for Learners.
Sept. 28, 1840. H. & E. PHINNEY.

Otsego Union Agricultural Society.—Annual Fair.

THE Annual Fair of the Otsego Agricultural Society, will be held at Z. Willoughby's in the town of Springfield, on Tuesday the 29th inst.

The day following the fair will be observed by the society as a day of sale of all kinds of Meat, Cattle, Horses, Sheep, Hogs, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Farming Utensils, and all other articles that any person may be disposed to offer. All that feel interested are respectfully invited to attend.

CHA'S McLEAN, Cor. Sec'y.
Cherry Valley, Sept. 21 1840.

20,000 PAGES Religious TRACTS, new bound volumes of Tract Society,
200 Sunday school library books, 10 to 80 cts.
Just rec'd and for sale, same terms as in New York, by H. & E. PHINNEY,
At the Otsego Co. S. school and Tract Depository, Cooperstown Sept. 28,

other appropriate conveniencies, at Pittsfield Springs, in the County of Otsego.—The particulars of which will be made public in due season.

By order of the Executive Committee of the Tippecanoe Club.

WHIGS BE ON THE ALERT!

The election is close at hand. A more desperate struggle than this country has yet witnessed awaits us *next week*. The Federal office-holders, clinging with more than a miser's tenacity to the "spoils of office," and defeated in all the preliminary elections, are rallying their whole force for a final and desperate effort next week. The developements of the last few days in New York and Philadelphia, show that these men are preparing to adopt any measures, no matter HOW DESPERATE OR CORRUPT, that hold out the least prospect of advantage to their sinking cause. Already had they ☞ *Interpolated the records of Courts of Justice, FORGED the signatures of judicial officers to certificates of naturalization*, registered a vast number of ILLEGAL VOTES in the city of New York, and called into requisition both *fraud* and *force* to operate upon the approaching election. To conceal, if possible, these infamous preparations from the observation of the community, they have attempted, by means of EX PARTE affidavits, procured before a secret tribunal, from persons of worthless character, to implicate the prominent members of the Whig party in New York in frauds alleged to have been perpetrated in 1836. This desperate "ruse" to divert public attention from their own reckless proceedings, must not succeed. WHIGS! be on the alert! ELECTORS! guard the ballot-boxes! Look out for ITINERANT VOTERS and FORGED certificates of naturalization. Let us be assured of FAIR PLAY. Let us see that those only vote who have a RIGHT to vote. Friends of the good cause! Be active, be vigilant, and ALL IS WELL!

☞ Tulips, Hyacinth and Daffy Bulbs, will be *given* to all who cultivate flowers—to be put into the ground this month, and they will bloom in June next. Apply to G. POMEROY.
Cooperstown, Sept. 14. 1840.

OTSEGO COUNTY FREEMEN'S CONVENTION.

THE Electors of the County of Otsego friendly to independent Anti-Slavery Nominations are requested to attend a Convention at Leroy, on Wednesday, the 9th day of September next at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating suitable candidates for the friends of Liberty, to support at the coming election. Dated, August 27th, 1840.

DAVID CUSHMEN,
JOHN CARSWELL,
CHAS H. METCALF.

HARRAWAY'S
HOT-AIR COOKING STOVES.

THE subscribers having purchased under peculiar circumstances the entire stock of *Harraways Hot Air Cooking Stoves*—comprising Nos. 2, 2 1-2 and 3, are now selling them at a little more than half the usual price. Any wishing to take advantage of these prices must call soon.

Also on hand an extensive assortment of *Plain and Jeppaned Tin Ware*, which will be sold to Merchants, Pedlars, or Farmers on terms which cannot fail to please the purchaser.

We also offer for sale, an extensive assortment of *DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CROCKERY, HARDWARE &c. &c.*, cheaper than ever!

Those persons whose notes or accounts are due, will receive this as a fair notice that we not only want, but *must* have our pay, and those who disregard this notice, may soon receive a call from the "man of authority." *A. NORTH & SON.*
Fly Creek, April 8, 1840.

COD FISH—No. 1 2 and 3 Mackerel. Shad &c. for sale by H. S. BABCOCK & co.
June 12, 1840.

Book Binding.

THE subscriber is prepared to execute any order in the line of Book Binding. Any persons having periodicals or newspapers that they wish to preserve, will please give a call. Library Books and others repaired on short notice. H. PERKINS.

Wm. C. Bouck, do " Gov'r. a
D. S. Dickinson, do " Lt.Gov. a
H. A. Foster, do " Senat'r. a
S. S. Bowne, do " Congr's. a
H. A. Jones, do " Sheriff, a
L. S. Chatfield, do " Legis'r. a

☞ Messrs. Bouck, Dickinson, Fo... Jones and Chatfield, are all in favor of R... the wholesome and salutary Law, passe... by the Legislature, for REDUCING TH... LAWYERS!!

FARMERS and MECHANICS! Are you ... build up this class of citizens to your ow... To empty *your* pockets that *theirs* may b... the fruits of your toil and labor? In sh... ready to endorse the doctrine, that the R... of the enormous fees of *lawyers*, as here... ed, is a public grievance? Let your ... the question!

In striking contrast with the above, sta...

Whig Farmers' Tic...

Wm. H. Harrison, for President, is a
John Tyler, " V.Pres't. " a
Chester Buck, " Senator, " a
David L. Hard, " Congress, " a
Jonas Platner, " Sheriff, " a
Davis Cotes, " Assembly, " a
Sheffield Enos, " Assembly, " a

☞ Not a *Lawyer* can be found on Ticket!

JAMES'S Indian Expectorant, for C... ...ough, Consumption, Asthma, Spitt... Hoarseness, Whooping cough, Difficulty ... and other pulmonary affections.
June 18, 1840. By CURTISS & J...

CARPETS.

A GOOD assortment may be found ... Store. Also, Silks, Ribbons, Artifi... Band Boxes, Parasols, Fans, *WILLOW* ... &c. &c. May 7, 1840. H. LATH...

OILS.

ON hand and now receiving a large as... of Lamp Oils of all descriptions. A... Oils for Clothiers, at reduced prices, by ... in small quantities
June 18, 1840. By CURTISS & J...

THE CLOCK MAKER, or th... Sam Slick, Sam Slick's Letter Bag ... Western, Oliver Twist by Dickins—Tale... in 2 vols., Nicholas Nickleby, Gentlema... school, Speculation, Notes of a Traveller ... or the Dog fiend, &c. &c., for sale by
July 11. H. P...

JUST rec'd an assortment of Genui... Hymn Books of different sizes ar... 13 cents to $1 25 Also Methodist do...
August 17 1840. H. PERK...

Western Flour.

FOR sale by the barrel or in smaller q...
July 25.

ADDITIONS TO SCHOOL ... RIES—Just rec'd by H. & E. ... bracing 5000 VOLUMES of BIOGRAPHY, ... popular Scientific works, mostly in Lea... The variety is so extended that Distri... appropriate works of any amount to their ... the lowest prices. An...

BLUE WRITING INK, single or b... Quills, a new supply of superior qua... bunch or thousand.—Just rec'd by
Aug. 1840. H. & E. PH...

WHISKEY,

1200 Gallons of Good old W... rec'd by ...

E. & H. CORY

ARE now receiving and offer for sale ... *prices*, a complete assortment of Dr... Paints—Oils, Turpentine, Shellac and ... Window Glass and Putty, &c.
Cooperstown, June 12, 1840.

STATIONARY:—Just received by H. ... NEY, a large assortment of *QUILL*... Letter Paper, Note paper white and ... ors, Tissue paper, Blue and Black writing ... ranted good. Ma...

TURKS ISLAND SALT.

JUST rec'd and for sale by
LAW. Mc...

LIVERPOOL COARSE SALT ... and for sale by ...
March 30, 1840.

A NEW supply of Stephen's travels in ... bia, Zactana and the holy land.—... Turkey, Russia, and Poland, by Stephens
July 25th. H. P...

LAWS OF NEW YORK—63 ... 1840, Just published ... Part of W... ports. For sale by H. & E. PH...
July 25, 1840.

THE FREEMAN'S JOURNAL
IS PUBLISHED MONDAY MORNINGS, BY
JOHN H. PRENTISS.

TERMS.—To Village Subscribers, who have the paper left at their doors, $2 50 per annum. To Mail Subscribers, $2 per annum. To Subscribers who call at the Office, $2 per year; and all classes of 13 or more, $1 50 per year, *in all cases in advance.*

☞ *No paper will be sent unless the money accompany the order, or on the order of an agent, to whom payment must be made in advance.*

Advertisements inserted at $1 per square for the first three weeks, and 25 cents per square or each subsequent insertion. A liberal discount will be made to those who advertise by the year.

☞ Job Printing of all kinds, executed with neatness and despatch.

From the Old Dominion.

HARD TIMES.

There are not a few honest, well-meaning individuals, who take but a superficial view of political subjects, having little time to read and examine for themselves, who have been made to believe that the policy of the present Administration has been the sole cause of the present pecuniary difficulties under which this country is laboring. There might be some slight show of truth in this, if this country was the only one suffering from "panic and ruin," but so far from it, nearly the whole civilized world is more or less affected by "times." In a late conversation with the Right Rev. Bishop England, who had just returned from Europe, we were informed that the cry of distress was well-nigh universal, both in England and France. This we learn also from public journals to be the literal truth. Now, we ask men of candor, to say whether the distress and hard times of foreign countries can be owing, in the slightest degree, to the measures of the American Administration? If not—as all must answer—then they will perhaps pause, and inquire whether there are not other causes for the present state of things, besides the policy of Mr. Van Buren. The "True Scotsman," an able journal published in Edinburgh, Scotland, gives a fearful description of the suffering and distress of that country caused by paper money banking, the first cause of distress all over the world.

Democrats, Organize!

DEMOCRATS OF NEW YORK,

☞ We put a solemn question to you:—ARE YOU PREPARED FOR THE BATTLE?

It "comes off" in a single week; and you have but little time left for preparatory organization. The time should be usefully employed. Every ward, district and township in the state should have its committee, to *class* the voters, and bring out every democrat TO THE POLLS. Let this not be neglected, as it is all important that EVERY MAN should be brought to the polls!

BE CAREFUL

To examine well and see that the ballot box is empty when the voting commences. By no means suffer yourselves to neglect this. There is more in it than strikes the eye at first sight. The most outrageous frauds will undoubtedly be committed upon the ballot boxes by the Federalists this year, unless they are closely watched. Again we caution and entreat you to see to this *important* point of voting. Look out for the federalists, who like the half starved wild beast of the woods have grown furious, and will resort to ANY MEANS to accomplish their ends.

COUNT THE VOTES

As soon as the Polls are closed. Insist that this be done, and with open doors in every instance. Remember, freemen, that the ballot box is your only hope. It is there where your liberties will be preserved or lost. If you suffer fraud to creep into the ballot box at this trying crisis in our history,

Freeman's

"It is not in a splendid government, supported by powerful monopolies, and aristocratical establishments, that the People will find

VOLUME XXXIII. COOPERSTOWN, OTSEGO CO

WHEN THE POLLS ARE OPEN,

Vote yourself and then LOOK OUT FOR THE REST. Be at hand all day, and if there be a democrat missing,

START OUT AFTER HIM.

Possibly he may be backward wtih his soeding and unable to lose the time required to go to the place of voting. Send him along and WORK FOR HIM YOURSELF. Do any thing that is FAIR AND HONORABLE to

GET OUT THE VOTERS.

It is needless to say that this is the way the federalists will do; THEY ALWAYS HAVE DONE SO—their voters never fail to be at the polls—while the democrats are very often too thronged with work to go to the election.

BEAR IT IN MIND

That the democrats never have lost the contest when they ALL turned out to the election.

DON'T FORGET THIS.

Some men station themselves at the ballot box, on the day of election, to brow beat and overawe *poor men, who may happen to be in debt to them.* Democrats! will you suffer this thing to be done? No, you must never tamely bend to the tyrant oppressor's yoke! You must be permitted to vote precisely as you wish,

"Unawed by influence, and unbribed by gain."

STAND AT THE POLLS

Until the ballot box is closed, and see that the infirm democrats are not kept away from voting by the crowd. Men are employed in some places to block up the polls and keep the democrats away. Watch well that the way is kept clear.

THE BATTLE

Now is near at hand! Are all ready? It will be one that will try men's souls—there will be no chance for running. It must be fought bravely through, like the battles men fight when their liberties and their lives are at stake. Are you all ready? If not—if there is a soldier of democracy who is behind hand, now or never, begin to be ready. A thousand things remain to be done. Call on your luke warm neighbor and entreat him to go to the polls.—Stir him up to the importance of the contest. Call on that old soldier, who has bleached his locks in the many battles for the equal rights of men, and who may think himself ready to rest from the turmoils of political strife, and in the language of an experienced General, "Tell him there is one more struggle in which his voice must be heard—tell him that the young soldiers will do the fighting, but that he must come out and *look on.* His grey locks will be like a banner of freedom to cheer us on to the charge. Tell him he must come out and tell his children how he fought, when the strength of his right arm was nerved in the battles of his country.

RALLY, RALLY, FREEMEN!

Rally from every hill—rally from every vale—rally from your workshops—rally from your fields—rally from your firesides. Old men, rally! Young men, rally!

Strike! Strike! NEW-YORK and WESTCHESTER!
PUTNAM and ROCKLAND, come forward in order!
Strike! Strike! ORANGE and DELAWARE!
SUFFOLK! The foe are aghast in disorder.

From the New Era.

"HOLD UP YOUR RIGHT HAND."

The British Whigs, to show up the beauties of the Sub-Treasury, as they style it, have strung together a list of defaulters to the government since 1792, down to the days of Sam. Swartwout, and make up a sum amounting to near $2,000,000. No one will deny that the amount is frightful, and shows a want of morality on the part of government agents truly astonishing. But when they attempt to connect these immense losses with the Sub-Treasury, they entirely overshoot the mark, for every one of them took place before the Sub-Treasury was in existence. Had that bill been in force, not a tithe of these losses would ever have taken place. It was all owing to the unholy union of Bank and State, and should of course be charged to that accursed connection. These merchants' friends, as the Whig editors call themselves, have been anxious to show up the losses of the government by agents, &c.—supposing we examine into a few other sources of loss to the government, and we shall find that the very merchants who make such bitter cry against the administration, are owing more at this very day than all the defalcations by government agents that we ever had. In fact, government has lost more by them than from any other cause, save by Banks. They probably act, some of them at least, on the principle of the rogue who was always the first to cry stop thief.

From Document No. 10 of the first session of the 26th Congress, just closed, it appears that the government have just lost by 4212 merchants on their Custom House bonds since 1792—48 years—the enormous sum of $7,548,319

And they have lost by Deposite Banks, and bad Bank Notes, from 1813 to 1837, as estimated by a committee of the House of Representatives, the yet more frightful sum of $34,974,319

There is yet another large sum due to government from the United States Bank and other banks, which has accrued since 1837, the precise amount we have no exact means of knowing, but it may be safely estimated at $1,500,000

Now we will put down the loss by government, from their agents, which was all caused by the ill connection of the government with the Banks, $2,000,000

And we have the unparalleled sum of $46,042,041.

Forty Six Millions of dollars, just for the want of a Sub-Treasury for the last 48 years: a million a year lost for 48 years, for the want of that glorious bill. Who is there to raise their voice against this [illegible] to the nation's [illegible] of dollars a year. None can, but the [illegible] men who hope to enrich themselves by public plunder. To any such we say "hold up your right hand!"

MISSOURI ELECTION.

TRIUMPHANT RESULT!!

Enough is known, says the St. Louis Argus, to render it certain that the Democrats have elected their Governor, Lieut.

Corrected from the Albany Evening

A SHORT BIOGRA

GEN. WILLIAM H.
Who is a Feder
Born Feb. 9th, 177[illegible] at B
Will be, on the 9th of Feb.
bling limbs and tottering
-igors of another Ob
SIXTY-EIGHT YE
And will be before the end
dential term, if a kind P
so lengthen out hi
SEVENTY-TWO Y
His early life is not distingui
worthy of remark or a
cept that at the age
became a member
abolition socie
In 1793, was a Delegate in C
North West Ter
Was a Black Cockade Fede
REIGN OF TE
A supporter of the Adm
Administration of Joh
OPPOSED
To the election of Thom
The great Apostle and Champ
Democracy,
Was appointed, during that
between Black Cock
ism and Democ
John Adam
GOVERN
Of the Territory of
As a reward for service ren
and Selfish Le
ministration
While Governor of that Terri
and signed a law fo
FREE WHITE MEN
Into slavery for Debts in
and cases, with a po
THIRTY-[illegible]
If the white slave, under fo
ty by absconding from
He also approved and sign
ing a
PROPERTY QUAL
Upon Voters
Supporting the principle that
owned a freeh
FIFTY ACRES O
Ought to be entitled to the
race.
In 1812, he received the app
mander in chief of the
In 181[illegible] in th
DARKEST PERIOD O
With Great Bri
When rapine and conflagra
the fairest portions of our
the blood of unoffending
children was
from the hands
THE MURDEROUS
And rolling its crimson tid
Was the "roof of the
given to the flames,
to the ear
MARTIN VAN
Was in the Senate of the S
waging with all the powe
mind and master
CLASSIFICATIO
For the immediate rat
to pay the death claims of
murderers, and to d
their fellow-
DEMONS OF BRIT
[illegible]
(whether from cowardice
[illegible]
RESIGNED HIS C
and sought safety
Fortunate for the country
He was succeeded by
old Soldi
GEN. ANDREW
To whose valor, as a
country is
triumph of
The "Hero of New O
The measure of his
in the field was
IS NO
The ardent friend of

s Journal.

ople will find happiness, or their liberties protection; but in a plain system, void of pomp, protecting all, and granting favors to none."

TSEGO COUNTY, N. Y., SEPTEMBER 7, 1840 TO NOVEMBER 16, 1840. NUMBER 1. XI.

Albany Evening Journal of August 15.

OUR BIOGRAPHY OF

LIAM H. HARRISON,

o is a Federalist.

h, 1773, at Berkley in Va.,

e 9th of Feb. next, if his trem-
d tottering steps survive the
another Ohio winter,

IGHT YEARS OLD;

re the end of the next Presi-
if a kind Providence shall
ighen out his days,

TWO YEARS OLD.

not distinguished by any thing
mark or admiration, ex-
t at the age of 18, he
ne a member of an
olition society.

ected to Congress from the
h West Territory,
ockade Federalist during the

N OF TERROR.

the *Alien and Sedition Laws*
ration of John Adams.

OPPOSED

ion of Thomas Jefferson,
e and Champion of American
emocracy, and
during that great struggle be-
lack Cockade Federal-
and Democracy by
John Adams,

OVERNOR

Territory of Indiana,
ervices rendered to his Alien
Sedition Law Ad-
ministration.

of that Territory, he approved
d a Law for selling

E MEN AND WOMEN

for Debts incurred by fines
s, with a penalty of

NINE LASHES,

a negro or female, sought liber-
ding from servitude.

ed and signed a Law impos-
ing a

Y QUALIFICATION

Union Voters,

rinciple that none but such as
ed a freehold of

ACRES OF LAND

ntitled to the Right of Suf-
rage.

ved the appointment of com-
hief of the N. W. Army.

n 1811 in the

ERIOD OF THE WAR,

th Great Britain,

d conflagration were wasting
ions of our country, when
unfeeling women and
n was reeking

on the hands of

DEROUS SAVAGE,

crimson tide over the land!
roof of the Poor Man was
the flames, & his flesh
e eagles," when

N VAN BUREN

e of the State of New York,
all the powers of his giant
master eloquence, his

IFICATION BILL

diate raising of troops
march of British robbers and
and to drive back to
fortresses the

F BRITISH POWER,

ard Harrison,

rather our private quarrels is
immaterial.)

HIS COMMISSION!

ght safely at home!
e cavalry that he retired!
ceeded by that "Brave
old Soldier,"

NDREW JACKSON,

ne Gen. Harrison's, is our
Leader for the glorious
ief of the arms.
New Orleans," who has filled
of his country's renown
ed in the state,

S NOW

Has been styled a "Hero"—he is the hero of *defeats*. In the year Indiana was admitted into the Union, he was the federal candidate for Governor of that state and was *defeated*. In 1820, he was the federal candidate for Governor of Ohio, and was *defeated*. In 1822, he was the federal candidate for Congress for the district in which he resides, and was *defeated*. In 1824, he ran on the federal Electoral Ticket of Ohio, and was *defeated*. In 1831, he was on the federal ticket for member of the Legislature of Ohio, for Hamilton county, and was *defeated*. In 1832, he was again the federal candidate for Congress, and was *defeated*. In 1836, he was the federal candidate for President, and was *defeated*. In 1840, he is again the federal candidate for President, withholding from the people all knowledge of his present principles and designs;—and who can doubt that in November next he will again be overwhelmingly DEFEATED!

Although he owns one of the wealthiest plantations in Ohio, and realizes the clean salary of SIX THOUSAND DOLLARS a year, as the emoluments of a sinecure office, he is called by his friends for electioneering effect the *poor*

"LOG CABIN CANDIDATE,"
who drinks
"*HARD CIDER!!!*"

PASS IT ROUND.

Daniel Webster, in one of his recent rhapsodies, with a loud voice, and upraised arm, and burning eye, exclaimed—

"WE HAVE MADE WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON THE BEARER OF OUR STANDARD!"

Our standard!—The following facts will tell us what he meant:

On the 1st of July, 1813, Mr. Webster, then a representative from Massachusetts, voted against a bill for the assessment and collection of direct taxes and internal duties.

On the 9th, he voted against the bill laying duties on refined sugars.

On the same day, he voted against the bill laying duties on sales at auction.

On the 13th, he voted against the bill laying duties on carriages.

On the 7th January, 1814, one of the darkest periods of the war, and after our gallant little navy had covered itself with glory, he voted against an appropriation for defraying the expenses of the navy.

On the 10th, he voted against a proposition more effectually to detect and punish traitors and spies.

On the 14th, he voted against a bill making provision to fill the ranks of the army.

On the 22d, he voted, in a minority of seven, against a bill authorising the enlistment of troops for five years or during the war.

On the 25th, he voted against a bill for enforcing the non-importation laws.

On the 8th February, he voted against the bill to raise five regiments of riflemen.

On the 25th March, he voted against the bill to call forth the militia, to execute the laws of the Union, and repel invasion.

On the 1st December, only a few days before the sitting of the Hartford Convention, he voted against a bill to provide additional revenue for defraying the expenses of the government and maintaining the public credit.

On the 10th, he voted to postpone, indefinitely, a bill authorising the President of the United States, to call upon the several States for their respective quotas of militia to defend the frontiers against invasion.

On the 13th, he voted against the same bill. He also voted against a bill to provide additional revenue for the support of government, and maintain the public credit, and also against an appropriation for rebuilding the capitol and public offices which had been destroyed by the enemy.

Thus has Daniel Webster burned upon his own brow the indelible brand of TRAITOR! And the federalists—one and all—throw up their hat, and rend the air with their lusty huzzas, as he announces that

"*We have made William Henry Harrison the bearer of OUR standard!*"

From the Globe.

"STOOPING TO CONQUER."

TO THE FRIENDS OF THE ADMINISTRATION.

You are called to the same contest in which you have often engaged, and always triumphed. The battle is to be fought over again, and the victory to be won. The same principles are at issue, and the same men are opposed to you. The federal party, under the name of whig, is again in the field, with the same leaders, the same principles, and the same objects in view. Their object is to get power, and their principles are to be developed after they get it. Their leaders are the men who opposed the war of 1812, who opposed the Louisiana purchase, who opposed the acquisition of Florida, who opposed the admission of Missouri into the Union, who opposed the tariff of 1816, who opposed the tariff of 1824, who opposed the tariff of 1828, who opposed the tariff of 1832, who opposed the compromise tariff of 1833, who opposed the specie circular, who opposed the pre-emption law, who opposed the graduation law, who opposed the reduction of the price of the public lands, who opposed the independent treasury, and who are now opposing the reduction of postage. Their principles are to be developed after they get power. Their object is to get power. Their leaders are the men who have opposed every thing that has been done for the benefit of the people, and who have supported every thing that has been done for the benefit of the few at the expense of the many. Their principles are to be developed after they get power. Their object is to get power.

The way to meet such efforts is plain, and its success certain. Perhaps we have thus far underrated our opponents and their cause, and done too little to expose and counteract them. We may have tho't it impossible that with such a cause and such a candidate, any impression could be made upon the people—a cause that has already failed when the people were aroused—and a candidate that, with all the efforts of his money crew of partizans, could obtain but 73 electoral votes, when last before the people—a candidate whom the Whig papers once disparaged, the National Intelligencer denouncing him as "*a second rate man*" in 1835, and the Troy Mail, a New York Whig journal, representing him as "*a man of no respectability*" in 1836.

The people, as we believe, are honest and intelligent; but they may be imposed on. Money spent without stint, speaking, songs, pictures, feasts, and processions without limit, may, for a time, delude and excite them. The faith, however, we profess, is, that the people, when informed and aroused, will defeat these deceivers. But they must be informed and awakened; our adversaries must be met. In large and in small meetings, in States, counties, and neighborhoods, the defenders of the people must come forth and be heard, and challenge our adversaries to meet us on the grounds of reason and argument; and we must show our proofs and documents, and expose the absurdities, follies, and falsehoods, to which they are resorting to blind and mislead the people.

We have now ample time for this—we have two months. This time well spent, and we shall put our enemies to shame, and expose to the contempt of the people those who are thus *stooping* to *conquer* them. But we must make a great and a united effort; we must organize and awaken our friends every where; we must be willing, for the success of the great and glorious cause for which we are struggling, to watch and labor, and meet our opponents every where with a zeal and earnestness, and perseverance like theirs. We must send out the light of truth into every quarter; and our patriots who desire to prove that a free government is not a chimera, that the people can discern their true friends and their real interests, and are fit to govern themselves, must lend their time and talents, and must offer the services of warm hearts and ready tongues to the holy cause we are maintaining. If we do this we are safe—if we neglect it, we deserve the fate that will await us.

CROGHAN AND HARRISON.—The whig prints, in their attempts to defend the unparalleled baseness and duplicity which General Harrison was guilty of towards Croghan, are publishing the letters of the latter, in which he speaks well of the former. The occasion and worth of these certificates is explained by Croghan himself, in the following passage in a letter addressed to Harrison in May, of 1825:

"I ask no more for myself, General Harrison, than I have a right to claim for every soldier who served under me. But might I not ask for more at your hands? If you have one spark of grateful recollection, you will answer, yes—more, much more. Did I not literally sacrifice myself

THE BATTLE OF PLATTSBURGH.

There was a great democratic gathering on the old Battle Ground at Plattsburgh, on the 11th instant, to celebrate the passage of the Independent Treasury bill. The papers say that not less than five thousand of the yeomanry of that region were on the ground. Judge Fisk, of Peru, presided, assisted by a number of other officers, and the multitude was addressed by the Hon. Silas Wright, jr., Major Flagg, Gen. Dix, and the Hon. A. C. Hand.

From the Coshocton (Ohio) Democrat.

LOOK AT THIS PICTURE OF THE FEDERAL CANDIDATE.

The following portrait of the certificate hero, was published in the Richmond Whig, the leading federal organ in Virginia, a short time previous to Harrison's nomination. It is to the life, and we recommend it to the careful perusal of the whiggies. They will learn in what estimation he was held by his own party previous to his nomination for the Presidency.

"Shall we then turn to Gen. Harrison, who not many years ago, thanked his stars that he had cast his lot beyond the Ohio, and 'out of the reach of of Virginia politics and Virginia negroes?' But, in God's name! what is Gen. Harrison, that he should be President of the United States! A Hero! Another Hero!! Pity that Lord Byron had not put him on the list! A Hero!!!! Well we are to seek safety again under the arm of a military chieftain. If this is not his recommendation, what is it? But for the battle of Tippecanoe and the Thames, (and you know, sir, what merit there was in the one, and to whom the credit of the other belongs,) who would not as soon have thought of him for pope as president? The queen of England might as well make Lord Wellington archbishop of Canterbury. And why is he thought of? why drag him from obscurity? Why is the thick darkness of his mind broken up, and the heavy slumber of his faculties disturbed by this unreasonable dawn of glory? Why, but that the marvellous success of Andrew Jackson has disclosed a secret not before suspected, which to all such as want a tyrant and tool, recommends a military man as most likely to catch the favor of the servile herd who worship power and bow to its insignia?—Who is he but a man, who, with a FEW MORE GRAINS OF UNDERSTANDING, might have HALF ENOUGH to know that HE HAS NOT ONE HUNDREDTH PART OF WHAT SHOULD QUALIFY HIM FOR THE STATION HE ASPIRES TO!! Who has caught him up, and besotted him with flattery, to make him the FOOL of the comedy? Let him go to sleep again, like Christopher Sly, and sleep himself sober, and wake up *clerk of the county court.*"

CONSISTENCY.

General Duff Green, the Editor of the Baltimore Pilot, wrote as follows of Gen. Harrison in April, 1829. The article appeared in the columns of the U. S. Telegraph of April 18th of that year. He is now one of the most strenuous supporters of the man whom he then declared had "cost the nation more blood and treasure than any individual living," and that he was "unfit to be the representative of this government under any administration." Has lapse of time improved the character or qualifications of Gen. Harrison, we would ask the Editor of the Pilot, and is he now less under the "commanding influence of Mr. Clay" than he was at the period referred to in the article which we now lay before our readers?

From the U. S. Telegraph of April 18, 1829.

"GENERAL HARRISON.—The Richmond Whig assails the President with great force for the recall of Gen. Harrison, and laments over the expense of the mission to

BE CAREFUL

To examine well and see that the ballot box is empty when the voting commences. By no means suffer yourselves to neglect this. There is more in it than strikes the eye at first sight. The most outrageous frauds will undoubtedly be committed upon the ballot boxes by the Federalists this year; unless they are closely watched. Again we caution and entreat you to see to this himself each place of voting. *Look out* for the federalists, who like the half starved wild beast of the woods have grown furious, and will resort to ANY MEANS to accomplish their ends.

COUNT THE VOTES

As soon as the Polls are closed. Insist that this be done, and with open doors in every instance. Remember, freemen, that the ballot box is your only hope. It is there where your liberties will be preserved or lost. If you suffer fraud to creep into the ballot box at this trying crisis in our history, when the *money* of the country is arrayed in open rebellion against its laws, and in open warfare against the people—you will soon feel the chains of despotism clanking upon your limbs—your boasted liberties will soon take to themselves wings, and fly away. These heaven bought privileges were purchased by the blood of your fathers—you hold them only upon the tenure of *eternal vigilance.*

LET NOT THE BALLOT BOX

Be taken from the place of voting, until the polls are counted out! The federalists will make one united effort over the country to do this—and when they have the ballot box at home, how easy will it be for them to take out fifty, or a hundred, or any number of democratic tickets, and put in, in their stead, as many federal tickets.—Fellow citizens, this has been done in many places. It will be done this year, unless you stand up like men—and like men resist any effort of the federalists to take home the ballot boxes, before the votes are counted out. Suffer it not upon any consideration! Suffer it not.

BULLIES!

Look out for hired bullies, who will be stationed about the ballot boxes. *Stand square up to them!* The ballot box belongs to the PEOPLE, and not to Convict Desperadoes! *Meet them on their own ground, if they wish! We are able for them any way they choose.* The arms of freemen never fail when duty calls! All we ask is FAIR PLAY. This we are determined to have, peaceably if we can, forcibly if we must.

ILLEGAL VOTERS

Must be watched. Hundreds of votes of this character will be given, unless the democrats watch the polls with an eagle eye, and sternly resist any thing in the shape of fraud. The hundreds of noisy boys, who are verged on by their parents to insult the democrats, will all want to vote. They are taught to sing vulgar, obscene songs—and *they* are not to be blamed for thinking that they should vote, and abuse old citizens who choose not to act with the federal party. Let every one suspected be carefully watched.

BE AT THE POLLS,

Democrats, *no matter whether it hails, rains, or snows*, be at the polls, and be there at least two hours before they are open. Talk to your friends—talk to the federalists—tell them the truth—*conviction always goes hand in hand with truth.* Many democrats at heart may vote with the federalists, not knowing the fact, and all their lives after have cause to regret it. See such men and talk to them about the company they are in—expostulate with them about casting a vote now that may afterwards be a reproach not only upon them, but upon their children and their children's children—*for federalism is at this enlightened day a deep reproach to any man.*

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the equal rights of men, and who may think himself ready to rest from the turmoils of political strife, and in the language of an experienced General, "Tell him there is one more struggle in which his voice must be heard—tell him that the young soldiers will do the fighting, but that he must come out and *look on.* His grey locks will be like a banner of freedom to cheer us on to the charge. Tell him he must come out and tell his children how he fought, when the strength of his right arm was nerved in the battles of his country.

RALLY, RALLY, FREEMEN!

Rally from every hill—rally from every vale—rally from your workshops—rally from your fields—rally from your firesides. Old men, rally! Young men, rally!

Strike! Strike! New-York and Westchester; Putnam and Rockland, come forward in order; Strike! Strike! Orange and Delaware! Suffolk! The foe are aghast in disorder.

Greene and Otsego! Oneida and Madison! Herkimer, always in front of the battle—Cayuga and Tioga! Steuben and Cattar! Let the foe hear, now, your loco hail rattle.

Chorus—*Altogether—now then—now!*

Strike! Strike, &c.

THE HERO OF TIPPECANOE.

In the reduction of the army at the conclusion of the war and in adapting our military establishment to the circumstances and wants of a time of peace, it was the fortune of Gen. Boyd not to find his name among the officers retained. Gen. Boyd, feeling that this fact, without explanation, would impress the public mind that an implied censure was intended to be cast upon him, adressed a letter to the Hon. W. H. Crawford, then Secretary of War, in which he set forth his official acts, and adduced official documents in their support. The closing portion of said letter is as follows:—

"To have discharged his duty, was to have deserved well of his country; to have failed in it, was to have incurred disgrace! Where then—where has he incurred such disgrace! Was it at Chrystler's fields, when a superior foe was beaten, because the commanding General *could not stop* to annihilate him! Was it when he commanded in Canada; because he was only suffered to improve the discipline of his troops, but not to lead them to victory!—Was it on the shores of lake Ontario, when a greater army fled before a less; when veterans cowered to recruits, and strength of position yielded to invincible valor! In the acquisition of territory, and munitions of war in the capture of forts and artillery, he could not see the marks of public misfortune.

"Or was it on the plains of Tippecanoe he has merited disgrace and neglect! On those plains where the commanding General, against his express advice, trusted to the dissembled honesty of Indians and fell into their snare; where the savage war cry burst upon the stillness of the midnight camp, and the discipline of undaunted regulars saved the existence of an army! It was a different inference he drew from the plaudits of the military, bestowed on HIM, and not upon their General. There was nothing like reproach in the tones of their voices, when the Indian howl was lost in the distance, ascribing their saftey "to those brave regulars." The thanks of a territory, for preventing the desolation of a frontier, had taught him to think on one occasion, at least, he had not failed in his duty. But to his Government he submits the decision: if he was mistaken, he wishes not the poor acknowledgement of having risked his life for his country, of aiming, at least at her benefit, if he should have failed in promoting it.

With much consideration,
I have the honor to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
JUNO. F. BOYD.

Boston, January, 1816."

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loss by government, from their agents, which was all caused by the ill connection of the government with the Banks, $2,000,000

And we have the unparalleled sum of $46,042,011.

Forty Six Millions of dollars, just for the want of a Sub-Treasury for the last 48 years: a million a year lost for 48 years, for the want of that glorious bill. Who is there to raise their voice against this enormous [illegible] to the nation a million of dollars a year. None can, but the corrupt men who hope to enrich themselves by public plunder. To any such we say "hold up your right hand!"

MISSOURI ELECTION.
TRIUMPHANT RESULT!!

Enough is known, says the St. Louis Argus, to render it certain that the Democrats have elected their Governor, Lieut. Governor, and Congressmen, by a MAJORITY OF AT LEAST SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED, being an increase of about 20 per cent. over the very large majority of 1834, and an increase of exceeding 6,000 in the majority given to Boggs over Ashley in the gubernatorial contest of 1836. The Democrats have also succeeded in electing 56 members of the lower branch of the legislature, leaving to their Federal opponents but 43, and have retained a majority of three members in the Senate.

The Federalists entered the contest with a spirit and energy worthy of a better cause; money was poured forth without stint; the mails groaned under the lives of Harrison, "Log Cabin Heroes," and other documents. Clark, Corwin, and other Federal members of Congress, literally inundated the the State with Madisonians, Federal speeches, &c.; individuals were employed and paid by subscriptions from *the Federal merchants of St. Louis to traverse the state, to harangue the people and rally their friends*; every country merchant who came to the city was sent home loaded down with Federal documents—and in one instance a free negro was sent around with a wagon freighted with the "Lives of Harrison." The most rigid discipline was enforced in their ranks, and the most exact calculation made of their chances in the different counties. They were entirely sure of carrying the Legislature. A gentleman now in our office, who has just returned from the East, says that letters were written from leading Federal merchants and politicians in St. Louis to Washington, giving the most positive and unequivocal assurances that they would elect a majority to the Legislature in this State—that they might rely upon that.

The beginning of the show was a log cabin raising at St. Louis on the 5th of May; this was followed by another equally ridiculous display of folly at Rocheport—and the last blow was struck at Hannibal, at which a grand collection of the Federal orators from Illinois and Missouri was had about a week before the election—now mark the result. The Federalists having the advantage in the apportionment of at least 10 members, are at least 13 in the minority, although the Democratic party was in a great measure unorganised, in many counties running two and three candidates against the Federal candidate, with no money to spend on the election, no country merchants to carry documents and circulate them among the people, no hired orators employed to make harangues throughout the state, and no attempt made to create a fictitious excitement and humbug the people by cries of log cabin, and by guzzling "hard cider." The Democratic Governor and Congressmen are elected by the unparalleled majority of 7,500!

The Hon. Mr. Graves, of Kentucky, has declined running again for Congress.

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…HARRISON

defraying the expenses of the government and maintaining the public credit.

On the 10th, he voted to postpone, indefinitely, a bill authorising the President of the United States, to call upon the several States for their respective quotas of militia to defend the frontiers against invasion.

On the 13th, he voted against the same bill. He also voted against a bill to provide additional revenue for the support of government, and maintain the public credit, and also against an appropriation for rebuilding the capitol and public offices which had been destroyed by the enemy.

Thus has Daniel Webster burned upon his own brow the indelible brand of TRAITOR! And the federalists—one and all—throw up their hat, and rend the air with their lusty huzzas, as he announces that

"*He bore with William Henry Harrison the bearer of OUR standard!*"

From the Globe.

"STOOPING TO CONQUER."

TO THE FRIENDS OF THE ADMINSTRATION.

You are called to the same contest in which you have often engaged, and always, when true to yourselves, successful. It is against the aristocracy, the moneyed power, the paper credit system—your old and often beaten enemies. Your opponents are the same. They believe the people at large incapable of self-government, that they can be gulled and deluded and excited by all sorts of misrepresentation, clamor, and artifice. They are now, as one of their banners at their great Whig convention at Baltimore, impudently confessed, "STOOPING TO CONQUER"—that is, they are courting the popular ear, pretending great concern for the laboring classes, clamoring about hardships and oppressions, exciting the imagination by songs and pictures, and badges, and processions, and inflammatory addresses to the passions. All that money can do, and the arts and zeal of a swarm of office-seekers, they will accomplish. Never were these enemies of free Government so combined and organized. They talk of office holders, but they have in the field thousands of eager seekers for power and office, who are traversing the land and active in every neighborhood, to bring into power a leader who will gratify their wishes, who never was on the popular side, whose past political life and present course of downright and shameful electioneering, shows us what the people have to expect from him.

Look at his Indiana and Ohio laws, providing masters and lashes for the poor.—Look at the speculators, with their National Bank and internal improvement schemes, which, under Andrew Jackson, you have once beaten down, and which are again to be fastened upon you.

Yet he is to be held up as a farmer and an old soldier; and the people, instead of knowing and discussing his principles, are to be humbugged by all manner of slang about log cabins and cider barrels, and made to believe that, twenty-five years ago, we had a great military hero, the saviour of his country, of the skill of which neither President Madison or any body else was aware, and suffered him to resign in the middle of the war, and whose great military talents are only now discovered.

In the heat of the enthusiasm thus excited, our adversaries expect, as they avow, to bring in General Harrison like a whirlwind. They are confident that the mass of the people, unfit, as they think, for self government, can be thus excited and deluded. Their leaders have often incautiously said that men who have to labor for their living, with their *huge paws*, cannot understand politics. So thought their Virginia Senator, Watkins Leigh. "I disregard popular sentiment," says another Whig Senator—Mr. Southard.

The people may thus despise and insult, they are now *stooping* to court, that they may *conquer* them. And they believe that the means they are using will delude and inflame the ignorant mass of the people, as they think them, and thus bring them into power.

hearts and ready tongues to the holy cause we are maintaining. If we do this we are safe—if we neglect it, we deserve the fate that will await us.

CROGHAN AND HARRISON.—The whig prints, in their attempts to defend the unparalleled baseness and duplicity which General Harrison was guilty of towards Croghan, are publishing the letters of the latter, in which he speaks well of the former. The occasion and worth of these certificates is explained by Croghan himself, in the following passage in a letter addressed to Harrison in May, of 1825:

"I ask no more for myself, General Harrison, than I have a right to claim for every soldier who served under me. But might I not ask for more at your hands? If you have one spark of grateful recollection, you will answer, yes—more, much more. Did I not literally sacrifice myself to save you? Did I not, at a moment when the excitement against you throughout the whole State of Ohio, amounting to general clamor, when there was almost mutiny in every camp at Seneca, do every thing that you and your friends required of me as necessary to reinstate you in the good opinion of the people of the army?—The success of our army required that you, the general in chief, should have the confidence of all; and that to insure that, I signed addresses without reading them, because I was told it was necessary; wrote letters approving throughout your conduct, and subject to your corrections, without asking what they might be, because I was assured by members of your family that you yourself believed that on my expressions in relation to you much depended. But of what I did for you, enough—of what you have done for me there is nothing to be told."

GEN. HARRISON—A "WHIG" DESCRIPTION OF HIM.

We are permitted (says the Watertown Jeffersonian) to make the following extract from a private letter from a respectable gentleman of Ohio to one of our citizens. The letter is from the pen of Mr. Lessingwell, of Lafayette, Medina co., to C. G. Rounds, of Dexter, Jefferson, co., N. Y. We give our readers the most positive assurance that it comes from a responsible source:

"I think, after election, money will be rather more plenty; for to be candid and honest on the subject, I think the whig party at present have as much control over the money as the administration have. It is a fact here that almost all of our moneyed institutions are controlled by the whigs, and a large class of our business men belong to that party, and now these institutions and these men are crying out 'hard times! hard times!' and laying it all to the administration, when in fact they are withholding it from the people and crying hard times in order to force the election of General Harrison. You well know that I have been a very strong Harrison man; I had an opportunity a few weeks ago of seeing the old gentleman, [Harrison] and it does not appear to me that any man that is a friend to his country can, after seeing him, think it best to put at the helm of this government, a man of his age and one whose faculties are so far declined; had I not seen him, I should probably have voted for him without hesitation. The course taken by the whig party here for several months past has been disgusting and beneath the character of an enlightened and Christian people; when people meet and partake of hard cider and johnnycake in the form of a sacrament administered in the name of Harrison, you will find my voice against it, and I consider it time for every christian to beware, and to raise their voices against such awful wickedness."

Baltimore Pilot, wrote as follows of Gen. Harrison in April, 1829. The article appeared in the columns of the U. S. Telegraph of April 18th of that year. He is now one of the most strenuous supporters of the man whom he then declared had "cost the nation more blood and treasure than any individual living," and that he was "unfit to be the representative of this government under any administration. Has lapse of time improved the character or qualifications of Gen. Harrison, we would ask the Editor of the Pilot, and is he now less under the "commanding influence of Mr. Clay" than he was at the period referred to in the article which we now lay before our readers?

From the U. S. Telegraph of April 18, 1839.

"GENERAL HARRISON.—The Richmond Whig assails the President with great force for the recall of Gen. Harrison, and laments over the expense of the mission to Colombia, in a manner that justifies belief, that Mr. Pleasants considers the salaries attached to offices of more importance to the Government than the faithful discharge of public duties.

"It is useless for the whigs to speak of General Harrison and his services. We believe we speak truly, when we say, that he has cost the people more blood and treasure than any individual living. We refer to the transactions on the northwestern frontier. All who know General Harrison intimately, must be fully sensible that he is unfit to be the representative of this Government under any administration; and those who know the commanding influence exercised over him by Mr. Clay, must admit that he is not such a man as this administration ought to select, for the delicate negotiations with which our Minister to Colombia is charged. The true question, therefore, is, not what sum has the mission cost us, but it is, was Gen. Harrison the person selected by the coalition, the proper representative of the present administration? If this proposition is answered in the negative, it will appear that the $18,000, of which the Whig and other coalition prints so loudly complain, are properly chargeable to the late administration."

GREAT FAIR OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE, AT NIBLO'S GARDEN NEW YORK, ON 5TH OCTOBER, 1840.

This is intended for an exhibition of the best specimens our country affords from the departments of agriculture and the arts. The productions of the field and the garden, the factory and the workshop, and all new inventions, will be appropriate. The friends of national industry throughout the United States are invited to join in this collection and aid in making it worthy of our country. The conductors of the American Institute have continued these annual celebrations for 12 years, and the coming one is the 13th. At times, they have had to contend with opposition, unprecedently malignant, unprincipled and reckless: but all their slanders have been refuted before impartial committees, and the great public have uniformly countenanced and sustained them. In every emergency, those who have the welfare of the country at heart, have come to their relief. The press generally have nobly seconded the objects of the Institute; for this the friends of National Industry owe them a debt of gratitude. Many have even refused to advertise falsehoods to the injury of this Institute, though paid for by the line, as advertisements. They have taken a noble and a high minded view of an institution, which has been struggling so long in the cause of independence, relying the first seven years *solely* on the voluntary uncompensated exertions of a very few friends of American industry—an institution which has dispensed more rewards and premiums than any other in this country.

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION OF YOUNG MEN.

☞ The Democratic Republican State Convention of Young Men, held at Utica, September 19th, 1838, appointed a General State Corresponding Committee, upon which devolves, among other duties, that of calling Conventions of the Democratic Republican Young Men of this State, whenever it should be deemed necessary. A majority of that committee have interchanged their views upon the subject, and agree in opinion as to the policy and expediency of calling a State Convention in the month of September next, and as to the place where it shall be held.

Notice is therefore given that a Convention of DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN YOUNG MEN of the State of New York, friendly to the established usages of the party, and to the administration of MARTIN VAN BUREN, consisting of at least ten Delegates from each town and ward in the State, will be held at Syracuse, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of September next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The appropriate committees of the several counties are respectfully and earnestly requested to adopt such measures as will ensure the regular appointment of Delegates to the Convention and a full representation of the Democratic Young Men of the State. By order of the Committee,

P. SHELDON ROOT, Chairman.

Utica, July 11th, 1840.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

Jacksonboro, May 12, 1840.

☞ In pursuance of the power invested in me by chapter 10 of the first part of the revised statutes of this State, I, Seth H. Chase, Colonel and commanding Officer of the 12th Regiment of Artillery of the Militia of the state of New York, do hereby appoint a Regimental Court Martial for the trial of all delinquents and deficiencies in the said Regiment,to consist of three members, viz: Lieut. Col. Wm. P. Jones of Exeter as president thereof, and Capt. Stephen M. Cornwell, of Maryland, and Capt. Nathan Babcock, of Decatur, as members.

The said Court will commence on the 2nd Monday in November next, at the house of Isaac Lewis in the village of Cooperstown, and adjourn from time to time as shall become necessary for the transaction of business.

37-tf SETH H. CHASE, Colonel.

Col. Paextiss: The high and feverish state of feeling which pervades the mass of men in relation to the approaching election, inducing persons of every grade in society to lay wagers and make bets upon its result, is justly regarded as a great and serious evil, tending to corrupt the morals of the people and holding out inducements to the violation of the laws intended to preserve the purity of our elections. It is probable the public, generally, are not aware of the illegality and criminal character of all such bets; and that the plea of ignorance may not be urged as an excuse for the violation of law and the commission of crime, I request you to publish the following sections from existing statutes:

"All wagers, bets or stakes, made to depend upon any race, or upon gaming by lot or chance, or upon any lot, chance, casualty, or unknown contingent event whatever, *shall be unlawful*. All contracts for or on account of any money or property, or thing in action, so wagered, bet or staked, shall be void."—*1st vol. Rev. Stat. p*, 662, 93.

"When the performance of any act is prohibited by any statute, and no penalty for the violation of such statute is imposed either in the same section containing such prohibition, or in any other section or statute, *the doing such act* shall be deemed a misdemeanor.—*2d vol. Rev. Stat. p.* 696, § 39.

The punishment for such offence is declared to be imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year, or a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars, or both such fine and imprisonment, and not exceeding thirty days of such imprisonment may be in a solitary cell.

To the Editor of the Freeman's Journal:

Sir: The developements of the federal party, which have been made during the last three months, as connected with the approaching election, in log cabin erections, hard-cider carousals, and parades of banners and music, without any show of PRINCIPLES, have induced me to distrust the correctness of my former associations, and to examine the doctrines held by the Democratic party; which examination has impelled me to the determination to abandon the cause of Federalism to which I have adhered all my life, and to give my support to Mr. Van Buren, to the full best of, [illegible] by so doing I shall best discharge my duty as a citizen and promote the true interests of the country. This resolution has called down upon my head the anathemas of certain of those with whom I have heretofore voted, just as though it was criminal in a man to correct his political errors when they are made manifest to his understanding.

I am a poor man, yet my political rights and privileges are as dear to me as to others who may have been blessed with better fortune; and being highly prized, I shall exercise them as my judgment dictates, without being overawed by the denunciations of those who have so little regard for equal rights and equal laws, as to practice upon the aristocratic doctrine that "Government ought to take care of the rich, and the rich will take care on the

JOHN RICE.

Democratic County Convention.

At a Convention of Democratic Delegates, representing the several Towns in the County of Otsego, held at the Court-House, in the Village of Cooperstown, on Tuesday the 20th of October, instant, on motion of G. A. Starkweather, Chairman of the Republican Central Committee, EDEN B. MONSHOUSE, of Middlefield, was appointed President; and on motion of George Thomas, of Exeter, PETER COLLIER, of Milford, was appointed Vice-President, and CHARLES MCLEAN, of Cherry-Valley, and JESSE BEARDSLEY, of Pittsfield, on motions severally of Mr. Hetherington and Mr. McLean, were chosen Secretaries.

The President then called for the credentials of the Delegates, which were handed to the Secretaries, and the list of Delegates having been called over, the following persons answered to their names and took their seats as members of the Convention.

From *Burlington*—George S. Gorham, Daniel G. Meeker, John Doolittle.

Butternuts—Uri Jackson, Archibald Dixson, Wm. C. Bentley.

Cherry-Valley—George W. Little, James Hetherington, Charles McLean.

Decatur—Robert C. Lansing, John D. Herrick, Hamilton Waterman.

Exeter—George Thomas, Seth Hubbard, Cornelius Jones.

Edmeston—Otis B. Arnold, Abijah Beardsley, Charles Hammond.

Hartwick—Eleazer Smith, John Robinson, Zera Todd, 2d.

Laurens—Harvey Butts, William W. Dean, Peleg Sweet.

Milford—Peter Collier, Elijah Brown, Levi B. Tarbox.

Middlefield—Eben B. Morehouse, De Witt C. Clyde, Joseph W. Reynolds.

Maryland—Amos H. Brown, Anthony Wayne, Samuel Cass.

New-Lisbon—Solomon Davis, Benjamin Morehouse, Fitch Pattengill.

Otego—Harvey Hunt, Abel French, William Yeomans.

Oneonta—William W. Snow, Eliakim R. Ford, Jeremiah Crankite.

Otsego—Chauncey D. Pease, Nicholas Wilson, Cornelius Van Horne.

Pittsfield—Jesse Beardsley, Ransom Spafford, Aaron H. Hallenbeck.

Plainfield—Alvin Cook, William R. Warren, William P. Holdridge.

Richfield—Olcott C. Chamberlin, Cornelius Andrus, Lewis Stevens.

Springfield—Benj. Barrett, jr., Luther Smith, John F. Scott.

Unadilla—Christopher D. Fellows, Ebenezer Foote, Russel M. Gallup.

Westford—Nathan Bidlake, Peter Plather, Andrew Bice.

Worcester—Henry Oliver, Uriah G. Bigelow, John C. Ten Eyck.

The Convention having been thus organized by a full representation from the several Towns, the President rose, and in a brief address spoke of the immense importance to the country of the great contest upon which the Democracy were about to enter with a wily and powerful adversary, and admonished the Convention of the necessity of harmonious action in the selection of candidates for popular favor, so that the whole strength of the Party might be insured at the polls of the election. In this spirit he was happy to state that he was authorized by two gentlemen (Messrs. Starkweather and Cary) to say that they withdrew their names from the competition for a nomination for a seat in the National Legislature, and he trusted the same conciliatory conduct would characterise the proceeding throughout the meeting, for "in union there is strength."

Mr. Bentley then rose and said, that as there appeared to be but one other person whose name had been spoken of as a candidate for Congress, he would move that the nomination be made by acclamation, and thereupon he named SAMUEL S. BOWNE, of the Town of Otsego, and the question being put by the Chair, the Delegates *unanimously* responded affirmatively and Mr. BOWNE was declared to have been duly nominated.

The Convention next proceeded to ballot for a candidate for Sheriff, and on the count it appeared that HENRY JONES, of the Town of Cherry-Valley, had obtained a majority of the whole number of votes, and Mr. Jones was declared to have been duly nominated for the office of Sheriff.

Next followed a balloting for the office of County Clerk, and on the third trial SAMUEL RUSSEL, of the Town of Milford, obtained a majority of all the votes, and was declared to have been duly nominated for that office.

A ballot was then had for candidates for the Assembly, which resulted in the selection of LEVI S. CHATFELD, of Laurens, OLCOTT C. CHAMBERLIN, of Richfield, and JOEL GILLET, of Westford; who were declared to have been duly nominated for seats in the Assembly.

The Convention next nominated EBENEZER FOOTE, of Unadilla, JOHN DOOLITTLE, of

Eight days later from Europe.

By the arrival at Boston of the Caledonia steamer from Liverpool, in a passage of 13 days and 14 hours, London dates to the 13th of September, at 7 o'clock in the evening, have been received. The intelligence is strongly indicative of war between France and the Quadruple Powers. We make the following extracts from Bennett's New-York Herald, as being a few hours later than the accounts given in the Boston papers.

The news by the Caledonia is of the very highest importance. *War is probable in Europe and Asia.* The Boston papers and extras give intelligence only to 3 o'clock, P. M., from London on the 13th of September, when the accounts as published there were pacific. We have, however, accounts exclusively from our own private correspondent, down to 7 o'clock, P. M., in which he states that the London Times published a third edition containing late intelligence of a most warlike character. This is four hours later than any of the Boston papers publish, and as it comes from the leading journal in England there is no doubt of its accuracy. Our correspondent writes as follows:

LONDON, 7 o'clock P. M., September 13. 1840.

The third edition of the Times has just appeared, and states a considerable amount of French military stores and equipments have sailed to Egypt, and that Admiral Stopford has orders to seize them. This, with a previous report of some collision between the French and English off Syracuse, seems now to make a general war in Europe appear once more inevitable. Adieu. N. J.

This intelligence is corroborated by the tone and statements of the other London and Paris prints. We are more than ever persuaded of the strong probability that a war will break out in the East.

The markets are much the same as they were by our last accounts. The London money market is slightly improved—the Liverpool cotton market unchanged—a large failure of a Hebrew House had taken place in London, of £400,000 sterling, arising from stock speculations.

The question of peace or war is now the only one that is talked of.

LONDON, Friday Night, September 13th.

We have been in a state of the utmost suspense during the week, and we cannot tell for even an hour what aspect the Eastern Question may assume. At present the French people are most violent in their denunciations, and have not at all softened down in their acrimonious feeling. The Parisian papers continue spouting forth their manifestoes against England; and represent the conduct of the British Government as being utterly at variance with all recognised principles of national honor and justice. This, remember, is the French version; ours is a different one, although I do not hesitate to say that it is to be wished that England had shaped her course rather differently in some respects. However, there is nothing to justify the present conduct of our French neighbors, and they may probably have cause deeply to deplore the headlong course they are pursuing.

Since my last communication, the blockade of Alexandria has commenced, and thus affairs will speedily be brought to a crisis. Intelligence of the commencement of the blockade was conveyed by a telegraphic despatch from Toulon, and Admiral Stopford began it on the 1st instant. The Turco Egyptian fleet was in order of battle in front of Alexandria, and two British line of battle ships were cruising near the Dardanelles in order to escort the Turkish squadron, which would land 4,000 men at Cypress, and who had left Constantinople on the 23th ult. The Consuls of the Four Powers were represented as having determined on striking their flags on the 10th, and therefore operations would soon commence. We freely confess that as far as our discernment goes, we cannot find any sufficient justification of this early blockade of Alexandria, and can only account for it in expecting that some other important articles of the quadruple treaty have not yet reached the public eye.

Some most decided warlike preparations have been communicated from France this day, and you will find it fully detailed in the "Standard" of this evening.

The warlike accounts from China had caused an advance in the price of teas, and speculators and dealers were on the alert.

The harvest had been generally productive, and the grain had been gathered in most parts of the country in good order.

CHENANGO COUNTY.

The Democrats of this County held their Nominating Convention at Norwich, on the 24th ult., every Town being fully represented by sound heads and honest hearts, having in view the selection of their best men as candidates for popular support. With the most perfect unanimity the following Ticket was put in nomination:

For Congress—JOHN TRACY, of Oxford. *For Sheriff*—WARREN GRAY, of Green. *For Assembly*—RICHARD W. JULIAND, of Bainbridge; CLARK BURNHAM, of Sherburne; ADAM STORING, of German. *For Coroners*—EDWARD CORNELL, of Coventry; BURTON GORHAM, of Norwich; DAVID SMITH, of Pitcher.

A better selection could not have been made—the candidates are all "capable, honest, and faithful to the Constitution." We have a strong confi-

FREEMAN'S JO

COOPERSTOWN, OCTOB

Democratic Nomin

FOR PRESIDE

Martin Van Buren, of N

FOR VICE PRESI

Richard M. Johnson, of

FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND V

SAMUEL YOUNG,
GEORGE P. BARKE

PLATT WILLETTS,	ITHIA T
JOHN F. GARRISON,	JOEL T
CHRISTIAN BERGH,	AZARIAH
PETER BONNETT,	LEMUEL
GEORGE ARCULARIUS,	JOHN C
JAMES H. COOK,	SAMUEL
CALEB TOMPKINS,	GILBERT
MORGAN LEWIS,	JEPTHER
ROBERT BURNET,	THOMAS
THOMAS T. JANSEN,	HENRY
EDWARD P. LIVINGSTON,	GEO. R.
JAMES POWERS,	THOMAS
CHAUNCEY IVES,	NATHAN
WHEELER WATSON,	WILLIAM
WILLIAM A. S. NORTH,	POWELL
JOHN GALE,	BENEDIC
ST. JOHN B. L. SKINNER	MOSES V
EBENEZER R. DAGGETT,	BENJAMI
JOHN G. WILSON,	CUSHING
DAN CHAPMAN,	ERI WOO

FOR GOVERNOR.

WILLIAM C. BO

OF SCHOHARIE.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERN

DANIEL S. DICK

OF BROOME.

FOR SENATOR, FIFTH DI

HENRY A. FOSTER, OF

OTSEGO COUNTY—FOR CO

SAMUEL S. BOWNE

FOR SHERIFF,

HENRY JONES, of Cher

FOR COUNTY CLERK

SAMUEL RUSSELL, of

FOR MEMBERS OF ASSE

LEVI S. CHATFIEL
OLCOTT C. CHAMB
JOSEPH GILLET.

FOR CORONERS,

EBENEZER FOOTE, JOHN
JOSEPH HARTWELL, ISAAC

"New York must be R

THE LIBERTY T

Animated by a patriotic feeling
ilated to that which impelled our
to wage war with the tyranny
Britain, the Democratic citizens
neighborhood, on Wednesday the
ed a LIBERTY TREE in front
Tavern, 125 feet in height. Whe
set, the "Star-spangled Banner"
ts top, and then were heard the
pants in the patriotic enterprise,
cheers, until twelve rounds swell
Truly was it the Flag of the De

"Let it rest on the breast of th
When the sky grows dim at
And on let it float when the d
In the sheen of the starry m

"Let it stay through the night
And talk with the midnight
For the heavens will show wi
To gaze on its face after;
They will hail its light as kin
Long sent from the parent sk
To laugh in scorn o'er the ty
And beam when the tyrants

How different is the practice
banners do not present the "st
blematic of our National Freed
rather devotion to men, merely
cent sentiment of Clintonism,"
serviency to the purposes of "

At a meeting of the Dem
Tuesday evening last, the follo
offered by Dr. Harper, and una

Resolved, That a crisis has
course of our Government, w
democrat to buckle on the arm
himself in the panoply of the
go forth to the battle-field of
the all-powerful weapon of
route the old enemy of our fre
met and vanquished by the d

Resolved, That we recogn
whig party the true federal pr
usurped the liberties guarante

AN'S JOURNAL.

OWN, OCTOBER 6? 1840.

ntic Nominations.

PRESIDENT,
Buren, of New York,
ICE PRESIDENT,
Johnson, of Kentucky.

PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT.
EL YOUNG.
GE P. BARKER,
ITHIA THOMPSON,
JOEL TURRILL,
AZARIAH DOANE,
LEMUEL PATTENGILL,
JOHN CONKLIN,
SAMUEL A. SMITH,
GILBERT EDGECOMB,
JEPTHER LEE,
THOMAS MCCARTHY,
HENRY RIGHTMYER,
GEO. R. BRINCKERHOFF,
THOMAS ARMSTRONG,
NATHAN REED,
WILLIAM KERNAN,
POWELL CARPENTER,
BENEDICT BROOKS,
MOSES VAN CAMPEN,
BENJAMIN WALWORTH,
CUSHING SWIFT,
ERI WOOD.

FOR GOVERNOR.
IAM C. BOUCK,
OF SCHOHARIE.
LIEUT. GOVERNOR.
S. DICKINSON,
OF BROOME.
ATOR, FIFTH DISTRICT,
A. FOSTER, OF ONEIDA.
COUNTY—FOR CONGRESS,
S. BOWNE, of Otsego.
FOR SHERIFF,
ONES, of Cherry Valley.
OR COUNTY CLERK,
RUSSELL, of Milford.
EMBERS OF ASSEMBLY,
VI S. CHATFIELD,
COTT C. CHAMBERLAIN,
EPH GILLET.
FOR CORONERS,
DOTE, JOHN DOOLITTLE,
RWELL, ISAAC LEWIS.

must be Redeemed!"

E LIBERTY TREE.

patriotic feeling very nearly assim-
ich impelled our revolutionary sires
the tyranny and oppression of
nocratic citizens of this Village and
Wednesday the 7th instant, plant-
TREE in front of Lewis' Eagle
in height. When it had been well
angled Banner" was flung out from
were heard the shouts of the partici-
riotic enterprise,—cheers succeeded
ve rounds swelled upon the breeze.
Flag of the Democracy,—
the breast of the glorious sun,
grows dim at noon—
at when the day is done,
the silvery moon.

rough the night on that lofty spire,
the midnight star,
s will glow with a warmer fire,
face afar;
its light as kindred all,
the parent sky,
orn o'er the tyrant's fall,
n the tyrants die."

e the practice of the whigs,—their
esent the "stars and stripes," em-
ational Freedom and Glory, but
s men, merely echoing the signifi-
ship," or shewing their sub-
purpose of "Harrison and Tyler."
of the Democratic Association on
inst. the following resolutions were
rpose, and unanimously adopted:
y a crisis has again arrived in the
vernment, which calls for every
ile on the armor of truth and clothe
mply of the elective franchise, and
ttle field of equal rights, and with
reason of freemen, the ballot-box,
y of our free institutions, so often
ted by the democracy.
we recognize in the self-styled
e federal principles of 1793, that

The last act of whig ferocity against Mr. Van Buren, is the attempt to fix upon his father's name the stigma of having been a *Tory* during the war of the revolution. A rank *tory*, by the name of *Goodman*, residing at Rochester, having made such a charge in the public papers, has called out the subjoined answer from two of the most respectable citizens of Kinderhook, where the father of the President resided in his life time:—

The undersigned, John L. Van Alen, jr., and Samuel Voxburgh, have read an article in the Rochester Daily Whig, signed by a man calling himself "Titus Goodman," respecting President Van Buren, and his father, captain Abraham Van Buren, which, so far as it relates to the latter we deem it our duty to notice. The undersigned John L. Van Alen, jr., is aged eighty years, and the undersigned Vosburgh is aged 72 years, and have ever resided in the town of Kinderhook, in which Capt. Van Buren always lived and died, and knew him from our earliest recollection to the day of his death. The undersigned Vosburgh resided within ten rods of his residence, and the undersigned Van Alen about a mile from his residence, during the whole of the revolutionary war. The allegations contained in the article of said Goodman, that the father of the President was ever a tory in the revolution, or that he ever joined the British army or was ever attached to the company called the "Cow Boys," are all gross falsehoods. Cap. Van Buren was a decided whig during the whole of the revolutionary struggle, and served for some time as a captain in the militia of this state against the British. He was never suspected of being aught but a whig of the revolution. We have felt ourselves called upon here, in the place of our birth, where many federal whigs of 1840 now reside, who are old enough to contradict us, if our statement is untrue, (and we challenge contradiction) to make this statement in vindication of the fair fame of a true patriot and an honest man, who lived and died without an enemy. Dated Kinderhook, 10th October, 1840.

John L. Van Alen, Jr.
Samuel Vosburgh.

INDEPENDENT TREASURY.

The following penal section of the Independent Treasury act, shows the villainous dishonesty of the whig orators and editors who represent that measure as one which puts the public money in the hands or under the control of the President:

Sec. 17. "All officers charged by this act with the safe-keeping, transfer and disbursement of the public moneys, other than those connected with the Post Office Department, *are hereby required to keep an accurate entry of each sum received*, and of the kind of money in which it was made; *and if any one of those officers, or of those connected with the Post Office Department*, shall CONVERT TO HIS OWN USE, in any way whatever, or shall use by way of investment in any kind of property or merchandize, or shall loan, with or without interest, ANY PORTION OF THE PUBLIC MONEYS entrusted to him for safe keeping, disbursement, transfer, or for any other purpose, EVERY SUCH ACT SHALL BE DEEMED AND ADJUDGED AN EMBEZZELMENT of so much of the said moneys as shall be thus taken, converted, invested, used or loaned, which IS HEREBY DECLARED TO BE A FELONY, and any officer or agent of the United States, and ALL PERSONS ADVISING OR PARTICIPATING IN SUCH ACT, being convicted thereof before any Court of the United States of competent jurisdiction, SHALL BE SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT for a term not less than six months, nor more than five years, AND TO A FINE EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF THE MONEY EMBEZZLED."

EXPENSES OF GOVERNMENT.

The past and present Administrations have saved the people over $200,000,000 in reducing their taxes, which the people would have had to pay, and as much more, if the British Whigs had been in power.

The Federal editors keep steriotyped in their papers, in many instances, the ATROCIOUS LIE, that under Mr. Van Buren's Administration the expenses of Government have increased from THIRTEEN MILLIONS TO THIRTY-SIX MILLIONS. Our Democratic friends should bear in mind, therefore, the following facts:

"1st. The expenses of government, for the year 1839, instead of *thirty-nine millions*, as stated by the Opposition, were only *thirteen millions three hundred and twenty-five thousand eight hundred dollars and eighteen cents!* This appears from an official statement of the Secretary of the Treasury, and is undoubtedly correct.

"2d. Taking into consideration the advancement of the Republic in resources, wealth, population, &c., for the last twelve years, the expenses of Government have actually been *less since General Jackson's election than they were before!* This has been repeatedly shown in Congress by the friends of the Administration; and the Federalists have never been able to disprove it.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING AT HARTWICK.

☞ There will be a meeting of the Democracy of Hartwick at the house of John Conklin, in West Hartwick, on Wednesday, the 30th of September, at one o'clock in the afternoon. It is expected that several distinguished gentlemen will address the meeting on the occasion, and it is therefore hoped the rally will be general, as well for edification as salutation in the good cause. "Rouse, brothers, rouse, and put on the armor of battle for Liberty."

DEMOCRATIC MEETING AT OAKSVILLE.

The Democratic citizens of the town of Otsego and adjacent Towns, are particularly invited to attend a meeting for Political Discussion, at the house of Alson Preston, Oaksville, on Tuesday the 29th day of September inst., at 6 o'clock P. M. It is expected the meeting will be addressed by a number of individuals.

☞ NOTICE.—Cutler Field, Esq. will deliver an address before the Democratic Association of Richfield, at the Methodist Chapel in the west part of the town, on Friday evening, September 25th.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.—A meeting of the democracy of South Worcester and of the towns in that vicinity, both in Delaware and Otsego counties, will be held at the Meeting House near Mr. Becker's Store, in South Worcester, on the 25th day of September, inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Mr. Gordon, of Delhi, and other gentlemen, will attend and address the meeting.

☞ The Republican Convention for the fifth Senatorial District, embracing the counties of Otsego Madison, Oneida, Oswego, Lewis and Jefferson, will be held at the York House in the city of Utica, on Tuesday the 22d instant, at 11 o'clock A. M.

The federal organ in this county is constantly denouncing the Independent Treasury bill, and yet neglects to publish it, so that the readers of the paper may form their own opinion of the merits or demerits of the law. Is not such a course good evidence of insincerity or hypocrisy? Surely, if the bill was such a horrid concern as it is represented to be by its opposers, they would be very ready to send it forth to the public eye, that it might meet with merited condemnation. The fact is, they desire to keep the people in the dark about this important measure, and therefore misrepresent its features, at the same time taking care that their readers shall not have the opportunity to make up a judgment for themselves by a perusal of the entire law as recorded in the statute book. Now, we call upon the publisher of the "Otsego Republican" to insert the law in his paper, that his readers may determine whether the version of it given under his sanction is not a perversion of its true meaning; and this call will be reiterated weekly until he does his duty in this respect; for we insist that it is a paramount obligation of every journalist to furnish his patrons with the best light in regard to the laws which are operative upon them.

We have a pamphlet edition of the Independent Treasury Law, which will be furnished gratuitously to such persons as have not had an opportunity to read it, whether democrat or whig in their political predilections. Let the measure be thoroughly understood before it is condemned. It is always best to hear both sides of a case before passing judgment thereon. *Honesty uprightness, fair dealing*, would seem to dictate such a course to every man.

A correspondent desires us to say, that the wonderful outrage upon the Hartwick Log Cabin Company while on their way to Richfield on the 10th instant, so highly pictured in the last "Republican," was a mere compliment by a lad, who hunted up an old pistol and discharged it perpendicularly in the air as an honor to the occasion. Nobody was hurt, nor was any harm intended.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS.—The Hon. John G. Floyd, of Utica, and the Hon. David P. Brewster, of Oswego, have been nominated for re-election, by a democratic convention composed of delegates from the counties of Oneida and Oswego, which comprise the 17th Congressional District. They are both men of talents, and from their course in the present Congress, merit this renewed testimonial of the confidence of a sound and intelligent democratic constituency.

GENERAL HARRISON A HERO.

The Boston Post thus sums up Harrison's claims to be called a hero:

"The last war, declared June 16, 1812. The first movement of Gen. Harrison with the North-west Army was in May, 1812. He resigned and went home, May 11, 1813; just one year in service. The war continued, in fact, till January 8, 1815, though the treaty was signed at Ghent, December 4, 1814. The severest struggles and nearly all the grand victories, were after Harrison resigned.

"Thus General Harrison was one year in the war and then left his country to struggle on, in her darkest hour, for *one year and eight months*, while he, as Major Ben Russell said of him in his Centinel in 1813, "had left the army for the *comforts* of the settled country." What a hero and patriot!

INSULT TO COLONEL JOHNSON.

The Macomb (Mich.) Republican of a late date states that during the visit of Col. Johnson to Ann Arbor, and while addressing the people, the whigs paraded near the stage on which the veteran stood, banners with insulting mottoes, such as "An earthquake is before Van Buren and Johnson," &c. &c. The Colonel alluded to them as follows:

"I am happy to see my opponents here to honor me, as well as my democratic friends, as I cannot think otherwise than that they wish to honor me; for who could believe that the enlightened people of Michigan would insult an old man, who twenty seven years ago, fought and bled to defend these people from the scalping knife and tomahawk?"

The Republican states that the bank minions recoiled from this rebuke of the old grey headed and war-scarred veteran, as guilty criminals flee from justice. Some of these whig banner bearers, we understand, were state office-holders.

EVERY MAN TO HIS POST.

It is too often the case, that we hear the most firm and decided friends of the Democracy—the "true grit," bone and sinew say, "I have no influence—I have no weight—I will not therefore mingle in party any farther than my vote goes"

This is wrong, essentialy wrong—every man has weight; and none so much as those who labour for their daily bread. It is upon their shoulders—the mechanic's, farmer's, and laboring man's—that rests the prosperity, happiness and liberty of our country. Let, then, no man refuse to bear his portion of the burden—let no man in this contest say, I have no weight, no influence! Let each and every one, put his shoulder to the wheel and the burden will be light and the victory complete.

BUNKER HILL MONUMENT.—We learn from the Daily Advertiser that at a meeting of the Directors of the B. H. M. Association held yesterday, it is probable a contract will soon be entered into for the completion of the monument. A contractor is ready to enter into an engagement to complete it for $13,800. This is exclusive of the grading of the grounds and the erection of a suitable fence, besides which there is a debt from the Association for money borrowed some years ago, amounting to over $5000 with interest, which swells the amount to about $7000, making the sum requisite for the completion nearly $60,000.

For effecting this great object, the present and anticipated resources are the following: The funds in the hands of the Treasurer, the President, and the Treasurer of the Mechanic Association, together with the subscriptions of sundry individuals, are more than equal to the amount of the debt. The nett proceeds of the fair, including several contributions, exceed $30,000. In addition, two gentlemen are ready to pay over $10,000, as soon as it shall appear that the conditions of these munificent donations are complied with. This will no doubt be accomplished in a few days, making the sum available for the completion of the work, $50,000.—*Boston Transcript.*

THE METHODISTS IN CANADA.—The Methodists in Canada now consist of nearly a hundred thousand souls. They have sprung up in a few years from very small beginnings, and under many disadvantages. It is not many years, says the Quebec Gazette, since the only Methodist preacher in Lower Canada, was incarcerated several months in the Quebec jail for libel; and in Upper Canada, there were only a few wandering missionaries. They have now numerous substantial churches, a college of their own, and many able and respectable preachers.

A COLONY.—A family consisting of a father, mother, and *fourteen* blooming Boys and girls, left Buffalo for Chicago, recently for the far west.

STATEM... of the 5th Sc...

TOWNS.	
Burlington	
Butternuts	
Cherry Valley	
Decatur	
Edmeston	
Exeter	
Hartwick	
Laurens	
Maryland	
Middlefield	
Milford	
New Lisbon	
Oneonta	
Otego	
Otsego	
Pittsfield	
Plainfield	
Richfield	
Springfield	
Unadilla	
Westford	
Worcester	

not exceeding thirty days of such imprisonment may be in a solitary cell.

To the Editor of the Freeman's Journal:

Sir: The developements of the federal party, which have been made during the last three months, as connected with the approaching election, in log cabin erections, hard-cider carousals, and parades of banners and music, without any show of PRINCIPLES, have induced me to distrust the correctness of my former associations, and to examine the doctrines held by the Democratic party; which examination has impelled me to the determination to abandon the cause of Federalism to which I have adhered all my life, and to give my support to Mr. Van Buren, in the full belief, that by so doing I shall best discharge my duty as a citizen and promote the true interests of the country. This resolution has called down upon my head the anathemas of certain of those with whom I have heretofore voted, just as though it was criminal in a man to correct his political errors when they are made manifest to his understanding.

I am a poor man, yet my political rights and privileges are as dear to me as to others who may have been blessed with better fortune; and being highly prized, I shall exercise them as my judgment dictates, without being overawed by the denunciations of those who have so little regard for equal rights and equal laws, as to practice upon the aristocratic doctrine that "Government ought to take care of the rich, and the rich will take care on the poor."

JOHN BICE.

Middlefield, Sept. 22, 1840.

To the Editor of the Freeman's Journal:

Sir—A few days since I had pointed out to me my name in the whig paper of this county, as one of a number of seceders from the support of Martin Van Buren, and I think it proper to say that it was placed there without my knowledge or consent. Further, I advise those who thus use men's names without licence, not to load their guns with democratic powder, lest in going off they kick their owners over. I am a plain farmer, and intend, when election comes, to carry out my democratic principles by voting the Van Buren Ticket.

ASA BREWER.

Onconta, Sept. 23, 1840.

THE VOICE OF OLD HICKORY.

The following extract is made from a letter from Gen. Jackson, dated Sept. 24, in reply to enquiries made by the Democratic Young Men of Ulster county:

"As to the rumor, to which you allude, of my attachment to Gen. Harrison, and aiding now to elect him President of these U. States, it is without the least shadow of truth. General Harrison and myself have, through a long life, been antipodes in politics; and he is among the last men, of any public note, that I would support for the Presidency of this great and rising Republic. It is my serious belief, that if Gen. Harrison should be elected President, that it will lead to the destruction of our glorious Union, and Republican system."

WHO PAYS?—We are told, from good authority, that the whigs bid up $1, with expenses paid, for troops from this village on Thursday, to swell the numbers at the "log cabin" dedication in Richfield. The purpose was to *secure* some of the "huge paws" for final action, but they had too much self-respect to be caught in the trap set for them. These attempts to "buy men like cattle in the market," will meet with no favor from any man who is A MAN, but rather stern rebuke and indignant scorn, as they richly merit. The poor voter is too rich in manly feeling, to be used for corrupt purposes by the designing knave and unprincipled politician.

BLASPHEMOUS WHIG SONGS.—We are credibly informed, that some young whigs of this town are in the habit of singing a parody on the beautiful hymn of the Coronation of the Saviour, in such language as this:

"All hail the power of Old Tip's name,
Before it Locos fail,
Bring forth the royal demi-john,
And we will drink it all:"

Such are the teachings which young minds receive from the party that hopes to get into power by the aid of log cabins, hard cider, and doggerell songs, but which arrogates to itself all the intelligence, talent, religion and decency in the community.—*Worcester Palladium.*

Within the last twelve years, it is believed that the federalists have expended $500,000 in caricatures upon Andrew Jackson and Martin Van Buren. They will expend during the present campaign, $500,000 in log cabins and hard cider—$500,000 in silk flags and Harrison mottoes, and twice that amount in republications of the speeches of John Davis and Charles Ogle. What will they gain by it?—*Cons Democrat.*

MEETING AT UNADILLA FORKS.

We learn from those who were present on the occasion, that the meeting at the Unadilla Forks on Tuesday last, was well attended, and that able speeches were made by Messrs. Dix, Nye, Walker, and Starkweather. The speech of Gen. Dix is particularly spoken of as a most able and convincing argument upon the political topics of the day.

The Democratic Republican Young Men of Otsego county, assembled in Convention at the Court House in the village of Cooperstown, on Saturday the 26th inst. pursuant to a call published in the Democratic papers of the county.

The Convention was organized by appointing ALVAH SANFORD, of Cooperstown, President, and ALEXANDER V. BOGARDUS, of Cherry Valley, Secretary.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for a candidate for Member of Assembly, and on the count it appeared that ALVAH SANFORD, of Cooperstown, had obtained a majority of the whole number of votes, and he was declared to have been duly nominated.

The Convention next proceeded to ballot for a candidate for Sheriff, and on the count it appears that HENRY JONES, of the Town of Cherry Valley, had obtained a majority of the whole number of votes, and Mr. Jones was declared to have been duly nominated for the office of Sheriff.

Next followed a balloting for the office of County Clerk, and on the third trial SAMUEL RUSSEL, of the Town of Milford, obtained a majority of all the votes, and was declared to have been duly nominated for that office.

A ballot was then had for candidates for the Assembly, which resulted in the selection of LEVI CHATFELD, of Laurens, OLCOTT C. CHAMBERLIN, of Richfield, and JOEL GILLET, of Westford; who were declared to have been duly nominated for seats in the Assembly.

The Convention next nominated EBENEZER FOOTE, of Unadilla, JOHN DOOLITTLE, of Burlington, JOSEPH HARTWELL, of Worcester and ISAAC LEWIS, of Otsego, for the office of Coroner.

The nominations having thus been completed, on motion of Mr. Little, the Chair appointed a committee of five persons to draft and report Resolutions and an Address for the consideration of the Convention; and the committee having retired soon after came in, when Mr. Little, in their behalf, submitted the following Resolutions and Address, which were read and unanimously adopted.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That MARTIN VAN BUREN, in his Administration of the National Government, has by his steady and unshaken attachment to democratic principles, his moderation and firmness in meeting, and overcoming unprecedented difficulties and embarrassments, and his judicious, wise, and patriotic measures, merited the approbation and applause of all who regard the interest, honor and liberties of the People of the American Republic; and that we will cordially and zealously support his re-election; and that we will also ardently sustain the re-election of that distinguished Patriot and brave and war-worn Soldier, RICHARD M. JOHNSON, to the office of Vice-President of the United States.

Resolved, That we highly approve of the Law passed on the Fourth day of July, 1840, establishing an INDEPENDENT TREASURY, because it must produce an entire severance of Political from Banking operations; because it will check the excessive issues and consequent sudden curtailment of Banks; and because, in our judgment, it affords the safest and best means of collecting, keeping, and disbursing the National Revenue: therefore,

Resolved, That the democratic members of both Houses of Congress, who, notwithstanding the formidable and persevering opposition of the federal members, evinced by their incessant and continued declamation, and by their putting in requisition all the technicalities of Rules and Orders adopted for other and more salutary purposes, nobly and manfully sustained, and finally caused the adoption of this great measure, are entitled to our warmest gratitude and cordial thanks: AND FURTHER, that especially, the Hon. JOHN H. PRENTISS, the Representative of the Democracy of Otsego, by his fidelity to the principles of democracy, his uniform, able and zealous support of the Administration, through evil and through good report, and particularly by his ardent and efficient support, in health and in sickness, and in defiance of the most vile and shameless vituperation, of this second Declaration of American Independence, has richly merited the continued confidence of his constituents, and the approbation and applause of the People he has so faithfully represented.

Resolved, That the allegation that the Democratic Party are at war with the Banking interest of the country, is a vile calumny; that, on the contrary, divested as the Banks in this State are of their monopoly character, we will most cheerfully yield our support to solvent Banks and sound Banking so long as they shall be content to transact business on their own capital, to loan their own money, and abstain from all interference with the political concerns of the State and Nation.

The city of Baltimore contains 101,490 inhabitants, being an increase since 1830 of 20,665.

LOOK OUT.—A new counterfeit $5 bill, purporting to have been issued by the *Bank of Lyons*, is in circulation, the filling up in which is done with blue ink. The emission is entirely new, and well calculated to deceive.

evening.

The warlike accounts from China had caused an advance in the price of teas, and speculators and dealers were on the alert.

The harvest had been generally productive, and the grain had been gathered in most parts of the country in good order.

CHENANGO COUNTY.

The Democrats of this County held their Nominating Convention at Norwich, on the 24th ult., every Town being fully represented by sound heads and honest hearts, having in view the selection of their best men as candidates for popular support. With the most perfect unanimity the following Ticket was put in nomination:

For Congress—JOHN TRACY, of Oxford. *For Sheriff*—WARREN GRAY, of Green. *For Assembly*—RICHARD W. JULIAND, of Bainbridge; CLARK BURNHAM, of Sherburne; ADAM STORING, of German. *For Coroners*—EDWARD CORNELL, of Coventry; BURTON GORHAM, of Norwich; DAVID SMITH, of Pitcher.

A better selection could not have been made—the candidates are all "capable, honest, and faithful to the Constitution." We have a strong confidence that the canvass in November will show that a majority of the electors have duly appreciated their merits by an election to the trusts for which they have been selected.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

The packet ship New-York, arrived at New-York from Liverpool, which place she left on the 8th of October, brought London papers of the 7th. The news thus received wears a decidedly warlike aspect. Indeed, the war upon Syria and Egypt is already in progress, and we have only to note the footsteps of devastation. The crisis is now at hand—France must act offensively, or recede from her position,—neutrality is out of the question with her. If she strikes a blow, the flame of War will light up throughout Europe, to be extinguished only by the blood and slaughter of myriads of the human family.

Great uneasiness prevailed in the money markets of both London and Paris, and panics and fluctuations were created by every day's reports.

The fall of Beyrout is confirmed, and it is stated on the authority of private letters, that the Allied troops which landed, were compelled to re-embark with a loss of 2,000 men.

The American Consulate had suffered most by the bombardment of Beyrout and the subsequent pillage of the valuables and furniture by the Egyptian troops. The stores of the British merchants had likewise been ransacked. The British Consul was in the British camp, with Commodore Napier. His lady, with the lady of the American Consul, and Mr. Kilbe, a British merchant, proceeded to Cyprus in the United States Corvette Crane.

PRICE OF WOOL.—The wool growers of this county were cautioned by us, full three months since, against disposing of their fleeces at the low price of 33 cents, which was then the highest sum offered by the whig runners for the article. Those of them who regarded our advice as of some value, can now realize the benefit of it, for most kinds are in demand in New-York. "There is (say the city papers) a fair business doing in American fleece, for manufacturing, and the finest qualities are selling at 45 and 50 cents." Hereabouts, too, good fleeces command 40 cents from the wool purchasers.

"FREEMENS' NOMINATIONS."

With this caption, the Abolitionists of this County put forth a Ticket for popular favor, embracing the names of *Gerrit Smith*, for Governor; *Charles O. Shepard*, for Lieut. Governor; *James C. Delong*, for Senator; *Isaac S. Ford*, for Congress; *Cuyler Tanner*, for Sheriff; *Price H. Prescott*, for Clerk; *William Davison*, *William Pattengill*, and *Bradley Blakeslee*, for the Assembly; and *Joseph Tucker*, *Daniel Dow, jr.*, *Parker Scott*, and *Truman H. Perkins*, for Coroners.

NATURALIZATION LAWS.

Young men who emigrated to this country previous to the age of eighteen years, are not required by law to declare their intentions, but are entitled to their papers of citizenship after having resided here five years.

All who have arrived in the country previous to 1812, can be naturalized without having previously made a declaration of intention.

All Aliens who have been in the country five years, and have made a declaration of their intentions two years prior to their application, can be naturalized.

Mr. John Woods, bookseller in Philadelphia, is in possession of a Bible printed in London in 1573—being two hundred and seventy years old.

In the sheen of the starry mod
"Let it stay through the night o
And talk with the midnight star,
For the heavens will grow with
To gaze on its face afar;
They will hail its light as kindre
Long sent from the parent sky,
To laugh in scorn o'er the tyran
And beam when the tyrants die."

How different is the practice of banners do not present the "stars blematic of our National Freedom rather devotion to men, merely ec cant sentiment of "Old Hickory," or t serviency to the purposes of "Hick

At a meeting of the Democra Tuesday evening last, the following offered by Dr. Harper, and unanim

Resolved, That a crisis has ag course of our Government, which democrat to buckle on the armor himself in the panoply of the elect go forth to the battle-field of equal the all-powerful weapon of freemen route the old enemy of our free ins met and vanquished by the demo

Resolved, That we recognize whig party the true federal princip usurped the liberties guaranteed to tution, in levying a standing arm loans on the credit of the Governm and enforcement of the Alien a through the implied construction the true meaning of the great chart

Resolved, That the efforts of the Administration of John Adam whig party, are identical, and dire ing up of an aristocracy of the fe many, and to create a titled heredi alone shall be allowed to rule, a doms of Europe, divide the people the lord and peasant.

To the Young Democrats of C

NEW-YORK *SHALL* BE R

☞ The Democratic Young M of Otsego, are requested to assemb ive towns on Saturday the 26th i an[illegible] makes choice of at least ten D sent their town in the Young M tion, to be holden at Syracuse on

We have a glorious Cause, wo gies of every patriotic freeman sentation from every town, be that Old Otsego is roused in the test, and that her Democratic foremost in the fight for victory.

A. V.
Chairman of Young Men's Cen

DEMOCRATIC MEE

☞ The Democracy of Laure boring towns, are requested to m Gilbert Stevens, in Jackson vill the 26th instant, at 1 o'clock, P. of raising a POLE, emblematic pendence, true Jeffersonian prin Rights. This pole is to be surm tional Flag, bearing the nation which our forefathers so glorious quered.

It is expected that the meeting by several speakers of talent.

Roswell Randall,	Nelson
H. Keys,	Jonath
Harvey Strong,	Amos
Robert Templeton,	Amos
J. W. Breese,	Peleg
M. Pride,	Thom
Isaac W. Kenyon,	Mose
Isaac Breese,	

MASS MEETING OF THE

☞ A Mass Meeting of the towns of Plainfield, Burlington, Edmeston, Brookfield, Bridgew will be held at the village of U *Tuesday, the 22d of September* M. A number of distinguished pected to be present, and among John A. Dix, of the city of Alba of the above towns and surroun specfully invited to attend.

R. H. Gardiner, H.
Cyrus Clarke, C.
Joseph M. Prendergast, D.
Ephraim Chamberlain,

REPUBLICAN COUNTY

The Democratic Republican F ty of Otsego, are requested to a pective towns, and make choic to represent them in a Coun holden at the Court House, Tuesday the 20th of October n to nominate candidates for Co members of Assembly &c. D

G. A. STARKWEATHER,
S. CRIPPEN, J. E. CAL
Republican Centra

DEMOCRATIC MEETING

☞ A meeting of the D[illegible] the town of Edmeston, will h D. H. Smith, on *Friday, the* o'clock, A. M. A general at as several gentlemen will be meeting—among them, S. S. Starkweather, Esqs. A [illegible] given to the adjoining towns.

During the fourth week i rels of flour, and 78,661 bu delivered from the Erie Ca

…ugh the night on that lofty spire,
…e midnight star,
… will glow with a warmer fire,
…ce afar;
…e light as kindred all,
… the parent sky,
…n o'er the tyrant's fall,
… the tyrants die."

…e the practice of the whigs,—their
…esent the "stars and stripes," em-
…ational Freedom and Glory, but
… men, merely echoing the signifi-
…ord "Tip," or shewing their sub-
…purposes of "Harrison and Tyler."

…of the Democratic Association on
…last, the following resolutions were
…arper, and unanimously adopted:

…e a crisis has again arrived in the
…overnment, which calls for every
…tle on the armor of truth and clothe
…noply of the elective franchise, and
…attle-field of equal rights, and with
…weapon of freemen, the ballot-box,
…my of our free institutions, so often
…iled by the democracy.

…t we recognize in the self-styled
…rue federal principles of 1793, that
…ples guaranteed to unite the consti-
…g a standing army, effecting large
…ut of the Government, the passage
… of the Alien and Sedition laws
…plied construction and disregard of
… of the great charter of our liberties.
…t the efforts of the federalists under
…ion of John Adams, and the present
…identical, and directed to the build-
…ocracy of the few to subject the
…ate a titled hereditary nobility, who
…llowed to rule, and, like the King-
…divide the people into two classes,
…eant.

…e Democrats of Otsego County.

…K SHALL BE REDEEMED.

…ocratic Young Men of the County
…quested to assemble in their respect-
…turday the 26th of September inst.,
… of at least ten Delegates to repre-
…in the Young Men's State Conven-
…n at Syracuse on the 30th instant,
…rious Cause, worthy of the ener-
…triotic freeman: Let a full repre-
…every town, be our manifestation
…is rooted in the great political e-n-
…ier Democratic Sons intend to be
…ght for victory.

A. V. MOORE,
…Young Men's Gen. Cor. Committee.

…OCRATIC MEETING.

…ocracy of Laurens and the neigh-
…re requested to meet at the house of
…in Jackson village, on Saturday,
…at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose
…g, emblematic of Liberty, Jeffer-
…Republican principles, and Equal
…ple is to be surmounted with a Na-
…ring the national emblems under
…thers so gloriously fought and con-

…that the meeting will be addressed
…ers of talent.

…dall, Nelson Bullard,
Jonathan W. Brewer,
…ng, Amos Burton,
…pleton, Amos Winsor,
…, Perry Sweet,
Thomas Wilcox,
…nyon, Moses Luther.
Committee.

…NG OF THE DEMOCRACY,

…eeting of the Democrats of the
…d, Burlington, Exeter, Richfield,
…kfield, Bridgewater, and Winfield,
…e village of Unadilla Forks, on
… of September, at 10 o'clock, A.
… of distinguished speakers are ex-
…nt, and among the rest, General
…the city of Albany. The Democrats
…s and surrounding county are re-
… to attend.

…r, H. H. Babcock,
…, Charles Walker,
…ndergast, Delos D'Wolf,
…mberlain, Committee.

…N COUNTY CONVENTION.

…e Republican Electors of the Coun-
… requested to assemble in their res-
…ral Wards choice of three Delegates
…m in a County Convention to be
…urt House, in Cooperstown, on
…h of October next, at 12 o'clock M.,
…idates for Congress, Sheriff, Clerk,
…mbly &c. Dated Sept. 23, 1840.
…WEATHER, R. COOLEY,
…S. J. F. CARY, B. H. MARKS,
…blican Central Cor. Committee.

…MEETING AT EDMESTON.

…of the Democratic Republicans of
…eston, will be held at the house of
… Friday, the 2d instant, at ten
…A general attendance is requested,
…m will be present to address the
… them, S. S. Bowne and Geo A.
…ge. A general invitation is also
…ining townsmen to attend.

…urth week in August 43,061 bar-
… 78,651 bushels of wheat were
…he Erie Canal.

THE MONEY EMBEZZLED.

EXPENSES OF GOVERNMENT.

The past and present Administrations have saved the people over $200,000,000 in reducing their taxes, which the people would have had to pay, and as much more, if the British Whigs had been in power.

The Federal editors keep steriotyped in their papers, in many instances, the ATROCIOUS LIE, that under Mr. Van Buren's Administration the expenses of Government have increased from THIRTEEN MILLIONS TO THIRTY-NINE MILLIONS. Our Democratic friends should bear in mind, therefore, the following FACTS:

"1st. The expenses of government, for the year 1839, instead of *thirty-nine millions*, assailed by the Opposition, were only *thirteen millions three hundred and twenty-five thousand eight hundred dollars and eighteen cents!* This appears from an official statement of the Secretary of the Treasury, and is undoubtedly correct.

"2d. Taking into consideration the advancement of the Republic in resources, wealth, population, &c., for the last twelve years, the expenses of Government have actually been *less since General Jackson's election than they were before!* This has been repeatedly shown in Congress by the friends of the Administration; and the Federalists have never been able to disprove it.

"3d. The President and the Heads of Departments have no right to use a dollar of the public money until it has been first appropriated by Congress—and the *Federal party* in Congress has always been the *Party of Extravagance*, and the *Democratic party* the *Party of Economy!* This has been shown, again and again, by reference to the records of Congress themselves!

"4th. In three years of this administration, a *retrenchment* of some *twelve millions* has been made in the public expenditures—and in his last message, President Van Buren recommended a further reduction of *five millions*.

"5th. Gen. Jackson, by his veto on the Maysville Road bill, saved a *hundred millions* of dollars to the people; and by adopting his policy on the subject of *Internal Improvements*, the present Democratic Administration has prevented a ruinous tide of public extravagance!

"6th. The taxes removed from the people amounted in 1831 to $3,723,000, in 1832 to $7,300,000, in 1833 to $19,789,000, in 1834 to $21,415,000, in 1835 to $26,453,000, in 1836 to $31,688,000, making in these years $117,407,000 of *taxes taken off*, which, added to the taxes saved, would be *two hundred seventeen millions four hundred thousand dollars* saved to the people under Democratic administrations.

"7th. In the last four years the *reduction* on *taxes* was *larger* than the whole receipts under Mr. Adams' administration."

THE EXTRAVAGANCE AND PROFLIGACY OF FEDERALISM—CHARGE IT HOME UPON THEM.

The journals of the *House of Representatives* show that during the last twelve years *nearly every extravagant appropriation of public money that has come before that body*, HAS BEEN PROPOSED AND ADVOCATED BY FEDERAL MEMBERS.

The journals of the *U. S. Senate* from 1831 to 1836 inclusive (during which period the federalists had the ascendancy in that body, and controlled every question of policy or expenditure) show that bills passed, which were either defeated in the other branch or vetoed by President Jackson, contemplating *an expenditure of* SEVERAL HUNDRED MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

Had the magnificent projects of internal improvement alone, which were concocted by the federalists in both houses of congress, *and voted for by nearly every one of them, been suffered to go into effect, the hard working people of the country would, at this moment, be staggering under a* NATIONAL DEBT OF AT LEAST FIVE HUNDRED MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, and would be reduced to the necessity, either of abandoning public works everywhere commenced, or of *increasing* this enormous debt to a THOUSAND MILLIONS OF DOLLARS!

A debt of *five hundred millions* would impose upon the people a burthen of MORE THAN TWO MILLIONS *for every representative in congress!* The annual interest of which would have to be met by a DIRECT TAX upon the honest industry of the country, at the rate of about TWO DOLLARS A HEAD FOR EVERY MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD! being a *ten fold greater tax* than was ever imposed upon the American people in peace or war!

And yet Daniel Webster, the chief of sinners in regard to this matter of expenditures, and the author of a spoliation bill which would have added *millions* to the public expenses, is now the noisiest of the federal declaimers against the pretended extravagance of the administration!

The whigs are in ecstacies to think they have not *lost* the little State of Delaware. At an election for inspectors of election held on Tuesday of last week, the aggregate whig majority was 703. In 1836 it was 583.

The whigs of the 12th district of Massachusetts have nominated the Hon. John Quincy Adams for Congress.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS.—The Hon. John G. Floyd, of Utica, and the Hon. David P. Brewster, of Oswego, have been nominated for re-election, by a democratic convention composed of delegates from the counties of Oneida and Oswego, which comprise the 17th Congressional District. They are both men of talents, and from their course in the present Congress, merit this renewed testimonial of the confidence of a sound and intelligent democratic constituency.

THE METHODISTS IN CANADA.—The Methodists in Canada now consist of nearly a hundred thousand souls. They have sprung up in a few years from very small beginnings, and under many disadvantages. It is not many years, says the Quebec Gazette, since the only Methodist preacher in Lower Canada, was incarcerated several months in the Quebec jail for libel; and in Upper Canada, there were only a few wandering missionaries. They have now numerous substantial churches, a college of their own, and many able and respectable preachers.

A COLONY.—A family consting of a father, mother, and *fourteen* blooming boys and girls, left Buffalo for Chicago, recently for the far west.

OTSEGO COUNTY CANVASS—1840.

STATEMENT OF VOTES taken at a General Election, held in the County of Otsego, on the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th days of November, 1840, for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Senator of the 5th Senate district, Member of Congress for the 19th district, Sheriff, Clerk, three Members of Assembly, and four Coroners.

TOWNS.	Governor,		Lt. Governor,		Senator,		Congress,		Sheriff,		Clerk,		[Members of Assembly,				Coroners,			
	William C. Bouck	William H. Seward	Gerrit Smith		Daniel S. Dickinson		Luther Bradish		Charles O. Shepherd		Henry A. Foster		Cheste Buck		James C. Delong		Samuel S. Bowne		David M. Haid	
Burlington	288	153	6		288	153			6		287	153			7		288	157		
Butternuts	427	410	6		426	410			6		427	400			6		419	413		
Cherry Valley	375	430	4		374	428			4		370	433			5		371	420		
Decatur	80	147			80	147					80	147					78	145		
Edmeston	253	216			253	218					253	218					250	220		
Exeter	156	150	19		156	150	19		19		156	150	19		19		156	149	19	
Harwick	391	305	7		388	297	8		8		390	295	8		8		395	274	8	
Laurens	264	225	1		264	225	1		1		253	225	1		1		256	225	1	
Maryland	215	191	1		215	193	1		1		214	195	1		1		213	202	1	
Middlefield	350	278	3		348	278	3		3		349	278	3		3		346	279	3	
Milford	243	195	3		241	196	3		3		242	195	3		3		243	194	3	
New Lisbon	263	191	5		263	191	5		5		261	188	5		5		273	133	5	
Oneonta	373	134			373	134					372	134					369	134		
Otego	217	205	1		217	206	1		1		218	205	1		1		216	208	1	
Otsego	505	405	1		505	405	1		1		505	406	1		1		500	406	1	
Pittsfield	145	194	1		145	194	1		1		145	194	1		1		144	194	1	
Plainfield	170	158	1		170	160	1		1		168	161	1		1		164	169	1	
Richfield	173	224	4		173	224	4		4		173	224	4		4		162	220	4	
Springfield	289	253	4		286	257	4		4		286	257	4		4		286	257	4	
Unadilla	356	143	5		356	149	5		5		356	146	5		5		356	151	5	
Westford	143	158			144	160					144	160					146	158		
Worcester	236	218			236	218					236	218					233	216		
	5600	4769	57		5600	4784	68		68		5576	4785	69		69		5612	4831	69	

TOWNS.	Henry Jones		Jonas Platner Jr		Cuyler Tanner		Samuel Russell		Stephen Gregory		Price H. Prescott		Levi S. Chatfield		Joel Gillett		Olcott C. Chamberlin		Davis Coats		Daniel D. Comstock		Sheffield Enos		William Davison		William Pattengill		Bradley Blakeslee		Isaac Lewis		Ebenezer Foote		John Doolittle		Joseph Hartwell		Niel Robinson		Levi Tenny		Harvey Hollister		Milton Bigelow		Joseph Tucker		Parker Scott		Daniel Dow		Truman H. Perkins	
Burlington	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157	283	157
Butternuts	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406	426	406
Cherry Valley	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420	371	420
Decatur	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145	78	145
Edmeston	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220	230	220
Exeter	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151	155	151
Harwick	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269	396	269
Laurens	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225	257	225
Maryland	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197	211	197
Middlefield	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308	338	308
Milford	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194	244	194
New Lisbon	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133	275	133
Oneonta	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134	369	134
Otego	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208	313	208
Otsego	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406	503	406
Pittsfield	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194	144	194
Plainfield	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133	140	133
Richfield	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153	168	153
Springfield	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136	225	136
Unadilla	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146	309	146
Westford	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161	151	161
Worcester	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161	143	161
	5600	4838	5600	4838	5600	4838	5600	4838	5600	4838	5600	4838	5610	4837	5637	4836	5636	4801	4793	4795	5636	4796	4795	4797	4799	4795	4795	4797	4799	4795	4795	4797	4799	4795	4795	4797	4799	4795	4795	4797	4799	4795	4795	4797	4799	4795	4795	4797	4799	4795	4795	4797	4799	4795
	95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95		95	

Gen Jackson has written a letter to the editor of the Albany Argus not only denying the charge that Mr. Van Buren attempted to prevent his visiting Mrs. Clinton when he was last in New York, but stating that Mr. Van Buren frequently urged him to call on Mrs. Clinton and that it was at his instance that the procession halted for the purpose of enabling him to make the call he did. This is another federal falsehood nailed to the counter.

A Mrs. Milligan was recently shot dead in Cleveland, Ohio, by the accidental discharge of a rifle in the hands of a boy named Fisk.

The small pox was raging dreadfully at Cape Town, South Africa, on the 27th of May last.

Longevity.—The Post Ampt Gazette, of Frankfort, says there is now living at Moscow, a woman who has attained her 157th year. She is still in the possession of all her mental faculties.

"Not slow.—A clergyman in the north, very homely in his address, chose for his text a passage in the Psalms. "I said in my harte, all men are liars." "Ay," premised his reverence by way of introduction, "ye said it in your haste, David, did ye? Gin ye had been here, ye might hae said it at your leisure, my man."—*The Laird of Logan.*

The jewelry store of Mr. Lescure, in Philadelphia, was broken open on Sunday and robbed of property to the value of $13,000.

The Richmond Compiler says—"A letter received here states that the merchants of Bremen, Germany, have projected a steam packet line between their city and New York. The vessels are to be 1,000 tons burthen each. Upwards of $100,000 had been subscribed on the 1st September."

☞ Norman Manter left the residence of his father in Otego, about the middle of September last, in a deranged state, and has since been seen at Johnstown, Montgomery co. The said Norman is about 20 years of age, common size, light complexion, has a scar on the right cheek, and when he left wore a palm leaf hat and tow pantaloons, without coat or shoes. Any person giving information where he may be found, by letter or otherwise, to Harvey Hunt, at Otego, Otsego co., will do his friends a favor. Editors of papers are requested to copy the above.

MARRIED—In this town, on the 13th instant, by the Rev. Mr. Coryell, Mr. Roswell Babbitt, to Miss Ann Eliza Brown.

In Milford, on the 13th, by the Rev. Mr. Coryell, Mr. H. Alvah Richards, to Miss E. Ardelia Todd.

In New Berlin, Chenango co., on the 11th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Wheeler, Mr. Charles Robinson, to Miss Mary Brown, all of that place.

In Owego, Tioga county, on the 7th inst., Mr. Abbott Rice, of Warren, Bradford co., Penn., to Miss Lucinda Spencer, of the former place.

In Milford, on the 13th, by the Rev. Mr. Bixby, Mr. Seth Watson, of Bainbridge, Chenango county, to Miss Julia A. Shute, of the former place.

In Springfield, on the 15th, by the Rev. Mr. Campbell, Mr. Moses N. Hinds, to Miss Marcia M. Sheldon, daughter of Mr. Elisha B. Sheldon.

In Hartwick, on the 14th, Mr. Madison Bissell, of Hartwick, to Miss Delinda Cline, daughter of Mr. Peter Cline, of Milford.

DIED—In Otsego, on the 10th instant, Mr. John Patten, in the 43d year of his age, son of Mr. David Patten, of the same place.

In Decatur, on the 8th, of consumption, Emily Tripp, aged 35.

By drowning, in the Fly Creek, on the 4th inst., Eugene, youngest son of Mrs. Almira, widow of Mr. John Hinds, late of this town. The sad event occurred in consequence of his attempting to follow a couple of elder brothers who started to go to church, and in attempting to ford the creek, became entangled, and when found was quite dead. He was in his 3 1 year.—Con.

At Ellicottville, Cattaraugus county, on the 7th instant, of the scarlet fever, William Shankland, son of Mr. Augustus Gardner, aged 9 years.

A LARGE STOCK AND An Extensive Assortment of DRY GOODS,

adapted to the present and coming season has just been received at the

CHEAP STORE.

AND now for the terms upon which they are offered to the public—they are as follows: They will be sold *as low*, (no mistake,) as at any other store in this half of Exchange Row; or as *low* as at any other store in the county.

Farmers will be paid the highest price for their produce in exchange, as we wish to "live and let live."

Goods will be sold as usual upon approved

MORE SIGNS.

At a meeting of the militia, in New-Lisbon, on the 25th ult., for the purpose of choosing company officers, a political vote was taken, which stood 31 for Van Buren and 16 for Harrison.

At a Mill Dam Bee at Smith Fitch's, in the same town, on the 28th ult, a vote was taken, which stood 24 for Van Buren and 4 for Harrison.

At a parade of Capt. Loring Huntley's Militia Company, at West Exeter, on the 8th inst., a motion was made to take a vote on the Presidential question, and after dismissal from parade, it was requested that all the supporters of Van Buren and the Sub-treasury should form in a line in front of the Inn, when 41 of the hard-fisted yeomanry thus took their stations. A similar request was made of the Harrison "hard ciderites," but not one thought proper to show himself, although some 10 or 15 non-committals were present.

At a house raising at Daniel Cornell's, in Guilford, Chenango co., on the 3d inst., a political division was proposed, which resulted in showing 77 for Van Buren and 17 for Harrison. Our correspondent adds, "all is well in Guilford."

At an Officer Drill in Pharsalia, a political vote was taken while at the dinner table, which stood 65 for Van Buren and 7 for Harrison.

Politics are the order of the day.

THE subscribers take this method to inform the people of this vicinity, that they are now receiving a general assortment of Cooking, Parlor, Box, and other *STOVES*, which they will sell as cheap as ever. They also have on hand the Celebrated Hot Air Stoves, for sale as above. Also, Pipe, Stove Furniture and Tin Ware.

Gentlemen and ladies please call and look for yourselves. HARRINGTON & ROSE.

Hartwick, Sept. 12, 1840.

HOP SACKING.—Just received at the Arcade Store, two bales of *Hop Sacking* —some *very heavy*. H. B. & G. W. ERNST.

Sept. 12, 1840.

CLINTON HOTEL,

Corner of South Pearl and Beaver Streets, Albany.

SAMUEL BETTS, Jr. late of the Franklin House, and GEO. R. ORCUTT, have taken the above popular and long established *Hotel*, and respectfully solicit the patronage of their friends and the public. This Hotel is conveniently situated to the Railroad and steamboat landing in the central part of the City, and an airy and pleasant location.

☞ *Good Stables*, and charges moderate.

BETTS & ORCUTT.

Albany, August 10, 1840. 49-3m

DEMOCRATS!—Look through the whig press from Maine to Georgia, and can you FIND ANY DENUNCIATION OF OLD FEDERAL MEASURES? Can you find any ONE of the present whig journals disclaiming that they have in their ranks the GREAT BODY OF THE OLD FEDERAL PARTY? Can you find ONE of the whig editors INDIGNANTLY DISOWNING FEDERAL PRINCIPLES? When AUSTIN and DUANE, and others of the old democrats, were defending MADISON and GERRY from the fierce assaults of RUSSELL and CALLENDER,—where THEN WAS DANIEL WEBSTER, who stands forth a LEADER of the whig procession on the 10th day of September? ☞ Defending the actors in the HARTFORD CONVENTION! ☜ Denouncing the ☞ measures of MADISON'S ADMINISTRATION! ☜ Is there a whig press that does not ENDORSE WEBSTER'S PRINCIPLES! ☞ Democrats, REFLECT, and *then* ACT.—*Boston Post.*

☞ Tulip, Hyacinth and Daffy Bulbs will be given to all who cultivate flowers—to be put into the ground this month, and they will bloom in June next. GEO. POMEROY.

Cooperstown, Sept. 12, 1840.

HARRISON LAW.

ONE CURRENCY FOR THE RICH, AND ANOTHER FOR THE POOR.

A law of Indiana, approved by General WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON, on the 7th September, 1807, contains the following provision, viz:

"Section 2. In all cases of penal laws, where free persons are punishable by fines, servants shall be punished by whipping after the rate of twenty lashes for every eight dollars, so that no servant shall receive more than forty lashes at any one time, unless such offender can procure some person to pay the fine."

"Servants," under the Harrison proconsulate, meant all persons, black or white, bound to service by agreement or purchase, according to the peculiar laws of the Territory. This provision was applicable to emigrants, or others who might have agreed to serve for a term of years.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court of Judicature of the State of New York, to me directed and delivered, I have seized and taken all that certain piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the town of Plainfield, in the county of Otsego, and bounded as follows: On the north by lands of Joshua Babcock and Orsemus Stillman, on the west by the west branch of the Unadilla River, on the south by lands of Isaiah Hilliard, and on the east by lands of Orsemus Stillman and the east branch of Unadilla River, containing twenty-four acres by computation, be the same more or less. Also, one other piece or parcel of land lying and being in the town of Plainfield aforesaid, and bounded as follows: On the north by lands of Nathaniel Crumb and the Unadilla River, on the west by the Unadilla River, on the south by the Unailla River and lands of John Hoxie, jr., and on the east by lands of Nathaniel Crumb, commonly known as the Island or Old Factory lot, containing, by computation, seven acres, more or less. Also, one other piece or parcel of land, situate in the town of Plainfield aforesaid, and bounded as follows: On the north by lands of Ephraim B. Crumb, on the west by lands of Nathaniel Crumb, on the south and east by lands of Stephen Chapman, jr., containing by computation, ten acres, be the same more or less. Also, one other piece or parcel of land situate in the town of Plainfield aforesaid, and bounded as follows: On the north by lands of Henry H. Babcock, on the north by the highway, on the south by lands owned and occupied by Henry H. Babcock, and on the east by the east branch of the Unadilla River, commonly known as the old Wool House lot, containing one-eighth of an acre of land, more or less.—Also, one other piece or parcel of land, situate in the town of Plainfield aforesaid, and bounded as follows: On the north by lands of Welcome Stillman or Clarke Lewis, on the west by the west branch of the Unadilla River, on the south by lands now occupied by Morris W. Utter, on the east by the factory ditch, it being a portion of lands adjoining to and not included in a piece or parcel of land mortgaged by William Utter to William Johnson, and containing by computation, one acre of land, more or less, to which is attached a privilege to draw water in a ditch across the lands of Isaiah Hilliard and Clarke Lewis. Also, one other piece or parcel of land situate in the town of Plainfield aforesaid, and bounded as follows: On the north by the highway, on the west, & south & east by lands of Samuel Brand and others, on which is a building formerly used as a carding room and to which is attached a privilege to draw water for the purpose of running a Carding Machine. I shall expose for sale at public auction, at the Inn of John T. Crandall, in Plainfield, on the sixth day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, all the right title and interest William Utter may have had or did have to the above mentioned and described premises on the 6th day of January, 1832, and all the right, title and interest that the said Wm. Utter has had or acquired to the above mentioned and described premises at any time since the 6th day of January, 1832,

Dated at Plainfield, September 29, 1840.

HALSEY SPENCER, Sheriff.

By Arcnd. K. Crumb, Deputy. 4tds

LIST of letters remaining in the Post Office at Cooperstown, N. Y., Oct. 1, 1840.

James J Allen	Mrs Phoeba Carpenter 2
Ephraim Alderman	Mrs Ann B Coburn
Olney Andrews	Miss Angeline Cummings
Mrs Amelia Austin	
" Cornelia S Andrews	Miss Polly Carr
Brazilla Bradley 2	Benjamin Dayton
Nathan Brewer	John Davender
Samuel L Bars	Miss Olive Dewey
Luzerne Bulls	O Eaton
Eli Buckley	Isaac Flint 2
John A D Becker	Russell Fay
O W Burlingham	Mrs Martha Ferry
Samuel Beals	Benjamin Granger
Aaron Baldwin	Miss Ann Grosfent
John Bailey 2	T Hyndman
Miss L A Bennett	Nehemiah Hinds 2nd
Miss Miranda Blair	Lucius M Hall 2
Miss Mary Butman	Thomas Hayward
Miss Abigail Buel 2	Henry Harvey
S G Campbell	Miss Louisa Ann Hall
Thomas Clark	Joseph Ingram
James Clark	Lewis Ingmire
Hiram Conrod	Miss Roxana Irish
Nicholas Coon	Mrs Lucretia Johnson
Samuel Crandall	Elias Secor
Chester O Cady	Messrs Spafard Sprague & Gray
John L Card	
Otis Chase	Andrew Shaw 2
A B Coats	Jonathan Shepard
R Campbell Esq	Dort H A Smith
Mrs Jerome Clark	Charles G Sisson
Mrs Nancy Clark 2	Geo Scribner
John Lane	Lyman Stevens
Abijah Mann Esq	Charles Smith
Levi Moody	Samuel Starkweather 5
Wheeler Mallet	Widow Hannah Smith
Miss Joanna Mason	Mary A Smith
" Mary Moore	Mrs Jackson Snyder
William Newkirk	Miss Francis Story

ELECTION NOTICE

STATE OF NEW YOR

Secretary's Office, August

To the Sheriff of the County of

NOTICE is hereby given you, next General Election in this held on the Second, Third and Fou November next (except in the city New York, in the city of Brookly town of Bushwick, in the county where the elections are to be held day, the fourth day of November n lowing officers are to be elected:

A Governor and a Lieutenant Forty-two Electors of President and ident of the United States. You w notice, that the term of service of ger, a Senator for the fifth distric the county of Otsego belongs, will last day of December next, and th for the said district is to be chosen at the said next General Election.

You will also take notice that o tative in the 27th Congress of the for the nineteenth Congressional sisting of the county of Otsego, is at the said next general election.

At the same general election, th officers are to be chosen in your co members of Assembly, a Sheriff of place of Halsey Spencer, whose on the last day of December nex Clerk in the place of Jesse Rose, expires on the last day of Decemb four Coroners in place of those n whose terms expire on the last day next. Yours respectfully,

JOHN C. SPEN Secretary

I certify that the above is a true notice received by me and on file HALSEY SPENCER, Sheriff of Dated August 31, 1840.

The Cooperstown Classical Military Academy

(W. H. Dall, A. M., Princ

HIS delightfully situated near the upon the banks of the Susquehan twenty miles of Fort Plain upo and Utica railroad.

Thorough instruction in the Cla matical and English branches, Military instruction and exercises.

The students reside with the P no daily pupils are received.

The next Term will commence February, 1840.

REFERENCES.

Hon. S. Nelson, C. J. J. Fenim M. Bowers, Wm. H. Averill, E. R bt. Campbell, esqrs., Rev. F. Rev. A. E. Campbell, Cooper D. D. Barnard, M. C., Hon. A. C Dix, F Bloodgood, M. F. Reynol Bloodgood, esqrs., Albany; Horati Troy; Thos. H. Rochester, esq. Cooperstown, Jan. 27, 1840.

OTSEGO COUNTY, } ss. NOT by distribution of the mone arising of the real estate of Jesse Smith, be made among the creditors of th ed by Geo. A. Starkweather, Sur said county, at his office in Cooper county, on the 24th day of Novem o'clock, A. M., at which time creditors who have not heretofor their debts or demands before the s will present and prove the same. GEO. A STARKWEATHER, Dated, Oct. 7, 1840.

---

200 STOVE

THE subscribe, as agent, is from Albany, Troy and New extensive assortment of Stoves of most approved patterns, which prices that cannot fail to please ment consists in part of the follow

Improved 4 boiler Stoves, a
do Premium "
do Union "
Reverstible flue, a new article.
Patent Prophecy.
Rotary, 4 sizes.
do improved cast iron ove
Farmers' Fuel saver, and las
The celebrated Hot Air.

The above stoves are offered with furniture. So much for the walk into the *Parlor*, where elegant Corinthean, Parker's, & co., Mica Front, and Shaw Stoves. Hall Stoves, six, eight, Box Stoves.

Copper, copper bottomed, tin furniture, Russia and English S tic Carriage Springs, Axel arm and Brass Bands, Dash and Sea ed Joints and Carriage Lamps, sia and English Sheet Iron, Zinc no. 1 to 35, Brass ditto, Lead Ware, Mill & Cut and Tenon

ECTION NOTICE.

STATE OF NEW YORK;
Secretary's Office, August 17, 1840.

Sir of the County of Otsego, Sir:
hereby given you, that at the
eral Election in this State, to be
ond, Third and Fourth days of
(except in the city and county of
the city of Brooklyn, and the
wick, in the county of Kings,
ions are to be held on Wednes-
day of November next,) the fol-
are to be elected:
and a Lieutenant Governor,
ors of President and Vice Pres-
ited States. You will also take
term of service of David Wa-
for the fifth district, to which
sego belongs, will expire on the
mber next, and that a Senator
rict is to be chosen in his place,
General Election.
o take notice that one Represen-
th Congress of the United States
th Congressional District, con-
unty of Otsego, is to be chosen
general election.
general election, the following
e chosen in your county: Three
embly, a Sheriff of the county in
y Spencer, whose term expires
y of December next, a County
lace of Jesse Rose, whose term
last day of December next, and
in place of those now in office,
pire on the last day of December
respectfully,
JOHN C. SPENCER,
Secretary of State.

the above is a true copy of the
by me and on file in my office.
ENCER, Sheriff of Otsego Co.
31, 1840. n53

erstown Classical and
litary Academy,

Daff, A. M., Principal,)
ly situated near the Otsego Lake,
nks of the Susquehannah, and with-
of Fort Plain upon the Albany
road.
nstruction in the Classical, Math-
English branches, is united with
uction and exercises.
is reside with the Principal and
are received.
Term will commence the 17th of
.

REFERENCES.
son, C. J., J. Fenimore Cooper, J.
m. H. Averill, E. B. Morehouse,
ell, esqrs., Rev. F. T. Tiffany,
Campbell, Cooperstown; Hon.
, M. C., Hon. A. C. Flagg, J. A.
ood, M. F. Reynolds, S. DeWitt
, Albany; Horatio Averill, esq.,
H. Rochester, esq., Rochester.
n, Jan. 27, 1840. n21tf

COUNTY, ss. NOTICE is here-
by given that a
the money arising from the sale
ate of Jesse Smith, deceased, will
g the creditors of the said deceas-
. Starkweather, Surrogate of the
his office in Cooperstown, in said
25th day of November next, at 10
., at which time and place the
have not heretofore established
demands before the said Surrogate,
nd prove the same.
STARKWEATHER, Surrogate.
7, 1840. n6w6

OO STOVES.

scribe, as agent, is now receiving
bany, Troy and New York, a very
rtment of Stoves of the latest and
patterns, which will be sold at
annot fail to please. The assort-
in part of the following:
4 boiler Stoves, nos. 2, 3, 5.
Premium " 6.
Union " A to E.
ue, a new article.
heey.
zes.
proved or iron oven.
uel saver; and last, tho' not least,
ted Hot Air.
toves are offered with or without
much for the kitchen—please
Parlor, where you will see the
thean, Parker's, Harp, Stanley
Frost, and Shaw's patent Parlor
Stoves, six, eight, nine plate, and

per bottomed, tin and cast iron
sia and English Stove Pipe, Elip-
springs, Axel arms, Silver plated
ds, Dash and Seat Handles, Plat-
Carriage Lamps, Tin Plate, Rus-
Sheet Iron, Zinc, Iron Wire, from
Brass dito, Lead Pipe and Tin

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL.

H. S. HARPER, M. D., would inform his friends and the public, that he continues the practice of the medical profession in the village of Cooperstown, and holds himself ready to attend to all those who may favor him with the treatment of their diseases.

Having read his profession with the most eminent Surgeon of which Otsego county can boast, the late lamented Professor Delos White, M. D., of Cherry Valley, and having attended four full courses of lectures at the medical college, and attended to dissecting private and public, he feels a confidence in offering himself to the public as a Surgeon.

The Anatomy, Phisiology, Pathology and diseases of the *Eye* and *Ear* having occupied much of his attention while a student, and an extensive experience in the treatment of the diseases of those organs, during a long course of successful practice, enables him to say that particular attention will be paid to this branch of surgery.

☞ Patients from a distance, can obtain board in the village at as cheap a rate as they may wish. H. S. HARPER, M. D.

Cooperstown, July 27, 1840.

DOCT. A. S. CLARK Would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Burlington and its vicinity, that he has taken the residence occupied by the late Dr. Haywood, where he will promptly and faithfully attend to all who may require his professional services. He flavers himself that, by fifteen years of assiduous application to the study and practice of his profession, he has qualified himself to discharged its respective duties.

Burlington, August 3, 1840. 48-tf

DISSOLUTION.—Notice is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of H. C. Gallap & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by H. B. Ernst or by L. Smith & Co. at their shop. H. C. GALLAP.

August 1, 1840. H. B. ERNST.

The manufacture of Tin, Sheet-Iron, Brass, and Copper Wares, will be continued at the old firm of H. C. Gallap & Co., under the firm of L. Smith & Co. The best of workmen will be employed, and a complete assortment of their wares kept constantly on hand for sale low.

☞ Jobbing done on the shortest notice and in the very best manner.

L. SMITH & CO.

Cooperstown, August 17, 1840. 50-y

Otsego Furnace.

THE subscribers would inform the public that the old Furnace lately occupied by the "Holmeses," is now in our possession, which has been thoroughly repaired for making castings of all kinds, equal to any west of Albany.

We are now making improvements in Ploughs which will not be surpassed by none in the country. Constantly on hand and for sale, the celebrated Dutcher Plough, Gibson's do., Troy do., and Side-hill do., warranted made of good stock or no sale. Wagon boxes of every description, Andirons, &c. &c.; Mill Gearings made to order and warranted made of soft iron.

Orders thankfully received and punctually attended to at prices corresponding with the times.

Old cast iron wanted in any quantity.

H. S. BABCOCK & CO.

July 20, 1840. 46m6

Hot Air Cooking Stoves.

THE subscriber continues to manufacture this justly celebrated Stoves, and will sell them wholesale and retail, at reduced prices. Merchants and dealers in Stoves in this county, would do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. He will keep on hand various articles of Hollow Ware for most other kinds of stoves now in use; the patterns for the above stoves have been improved in several particulars since last year.

CHARLES H. METCALF.

Fly-Creek, June 22, 1840.

JUST PATENTED,

J. HOUGHTON'S *Climax Franklin and Cooking Stove*, changed from one to the other at pleasure, and doing away the universal prejudice against a close fire.

The subscriber would inform the inhabitants of Otsego, that he has purchased the above right for the county, and intends offering for sale the Climax Stove by the middle of September next. Those intending to purchase, would do well to examine the Climax Stoves before purchasing.

Those furnace men who would like to engage in something new, can be furnished with patterns on reasonable terms

CHESTER G. WHITFORD.

Milford, July 27, 1840. 47 y1

NEW LIBRARY BOOKS

for School Districts, just published by

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF SUMMER GOODS.

H. LATHROP & CO.

☞ Have just received a new supply of SUMMER GOODS, which they respectfully invite their Customers, and the public generally to examine.

☞ They will be sold CHEAP and the usual credit given.

☞ Most kinds of produce will be received in exchange.

Cooperstown, June 8, 1840.

NOTICE.—The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has, at this date in the county of Otsego and elsewhere, a large amount of Notes and Freight Bills due him, and takes this opportunity of informing his customers that *such* demands *should* be immediately cancelled. The nature of the business is such, that long credits *cannot* reasonably be expected. It is *earnestly* desired that this notice may reach those who are concerned, and that this gentle jog of memory may be the means of burdening the teamsters (who are generally a safe and convenient medium of communication) with remittances, which are necessary to enable the establishment to meet the fall business now anticipated, with promptness. All are aware that it is easier to pay a freight bill when it occurs, than to suffer its increase to a large and *frightful* amount. Bills of freight are always sent when goods arrive, thus enabling every man to *toe the mark* if so disposed.

The patronage of the business public is as earnestly solicited as heretofore, and are assured that all business in the line of Transportation, Storage and Commission, shall be done with promptness and on satisfactory terms.

J. P. Babcock, Agent for H. B. Babcock's Line, will remain in New York during the Fall. Office No. 7 south corner of Moor and South sts., where he will be happy to attend to all orders relating to the business.

☞ This line is known only by the above name.

Boat "Maumee, Capt. Fairchild.
" Cassander, " G. Fox.
" Banner, " H. C. Thayer.
" Great Western, " P. I. Erkinbrack.

H. B. BABCOCK.

Ft. Plain, Sept 5, 1840. 1tf

CHEAP GROCERIES.

THE Subscriber is now receiving another and full supply of Groceries, which will be sold cheap for cash, consisting in part of the following articles, viz:

Imperial,	Tea	Candle Wicking,
Gunpowder,		Stone Ware—all sizes,
Old Hyson,		Shoe & clothes Brushes,
Young Hyson,		Tooth and shaving do
Hyson Skin,		Lather Boxes,
Pouchong,		Spring steel hay and manure Forks,
Souchong,		Shovels and Spades,
Cognac Brandy,	Liquors.	Patent Pails,
American do.		Trace Chains,
Holland Gin,		Patent Sythe Snaths,
American do.		Grass Sythes,
Cider Brandy,		Grain Cradles,
Cherry Rum,		Hoes,
St. Croix Rum,		Patent Wheel Heads,
New England do.		Iron Scoop Shovels,
Pure Irish Whisky		Rifles,
Old Port,	Wines.	Bed Cords,
Pure Madeira,		Fish Lines, with floats,
Common do.		Playing Cards,
Malaga do.		Horse Cards,
Muscat do.		Curry Combs,
New Orleans,	Molasses	Cut Tacks,
Porto Rico,		Nails of all sizes,
Matanzas,		Gimlets,
Old Java,	Coffee.	Pins,
Laguira,		Knitting Needles,
St. Domingo,		Pocket and Pen Knives,
Flour and Rice,		Carpenters' Pencils,
Macaroni,		Blue Writing Ink,
Codfish,		Black Sand,
Mackerel,		Powder and shot,
Chocolate,		Percussion Caps & Pills,
Cocoa.		Bar Lead,
Oranges and Lemons	Fruit.	Cavendish,
Box and keg Raisins		Spanish cut,
Figs and Prunes,		Fine & course cut,
English Currants,		Segars,
Citron and Mace,		
Soft and hard shelled		

Cooperstown Boarding Sch

FOR YOUNG LADIES

Next term will commence on Monday, Oct. 1

MISS M. A. SPAFARD, Princ and Instructress in the highest Eng branches and Mathematics.

Miss *O. Maverick*, Teacher of Drawing Painting, and assistant teacher in the Eng department.

Mr. *J. C. Rogers*, Teacher of Instrume and Vocal Music.

Mr. *Fiber*, Instructer in the French langu

The next term of this Institution will c mence on Monday, the 19th of Oct., 1840.

Terms for board and instruction in the E lish branches, per year—..... $14

Drawing and Painting, per quarter (tw weeks)..... $

French..... $

Music..... $1

Use of Piano, one hour a day..... $

Two or more hours, in proportion.

No extra charges.

☞ The School is pleasantly situated ir healthy and delightful village of Cooperst twenty-two miles south-west of Fort Plain, the Albany and Utica railroad, with wl place there is daily communication by stage

References.—Hon. Samuel Nelson, J. Fe more Cooper, Esq., Hon. Elisha Foote, Rev T. Tiffany, Richard Cooper, Esq., Rev. C. W ton, George Pemeroy, Esq., James Stowell, I Rev. D. W. Bristol, Cooperstown; Jacob I ingston, Esq., Cherry Valley; Rev. Jo Ransom, Westford; Dr. Consider King, Pr Ville, Greene co.; Thomas Spencer, M. Professor of the Institutes and Practice of M icine, Geneva Medical College, N. Y.; well Steele, Esq., Albany; James Hadly, M Professor of Chemistry & Materia Medica, F field and Geneva Medical Colleges, N. Y.; B op —— Delancey, Western Diocess, N. Bishop B. T. Onderdonk, Eastern Diocess, N

Cooperstown, Oct. 5, 1840. 40-

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STOR

At No. 36 State Street, opposit the Museum, Albany.

HOLBROOK & HUMPHRI are now opening and weekly receivi great variety of Boots and Shoes, direct f the manufacturers, and having had many y experience in manufacturing shoes in New I land, expressly for the Southern and Wes markets, and being now concerned in manu turing in Massachusetts, flatter themselves they can furnish Goods as cheap and of as g quality as any other house in the state. W ern merchants, and all dealing in the above ticles, will do well to call and examine our s before purchasing elsewhere.

Albany, N. Y., September 13, 1840. 2

chuyler's Lake, June 22, 1840. 42-tf
WM. H. BRAINARD
L. T. METCALF

HIS SIGN OF THE WHITE CAKE."

THE subscribers having opened a room at the Foot of Schuyler's Lake, on the corner of nearly opposite Plumb's Hotel, for the of CHOICE GROCERIES, *Provisions, &c., Nuts, Confectionaries, &c.*, and would invite the attention of a generous public to call examine their assortment, which they propose to sell as low as any other establishment in country. They hope by proper attention correct principles in business, to obtain a e of the patronage of their friends and the lic generally.

GOOD TIMES.

R. WATERMAN would respectf inform the inhabitants of the town Otsego and its vicinity, that he has taken TANNERY lately occupied by Averell & W son, where he intends carrying on the T. NING BUSINESS, and will be glad to ma shares or as we can agree. The subscriber pay cash for Hides and Skins of all ki Farmers who have hides or skins to sell wil well to call on the subscriber.

Cooperstown, August 22, 1840. 51

NOTICE.—Those indebted to the sub ber, will please call and settle their counts, and unless settled immediately, they w be placed in the hands of a collector without post to persons. Necessity compels me to t this course. JOHN RUSSELL

Cooperstown, August 22, 1840.

TWO TANNERS & CURRIERS. If you wish to buy good Curriers' Oil, t it of H. S. Babcock & Co. I have used sev al Barrels of it, and find it to be the best arti ever offered in this market.

R. WATERMAN,
Tanner and Currier.

Cooperstown, Sept. 21, 1840.

English Berkshire Hogs.

church, and in attempting to ford the creek, became entangled, and when found was quite dead. He was in his 31 year.—Com.

At Ellicottville, Cattaraugus county, on the 7th instant, of the scarlet fever, William Shankland, son of Mr. Augustus Gardner, aged 9 years.

A LARGE STOCK AND An Extensive Assortment of DRY GOODS,

adapted to the present and coming season has just been received at the

OLD BLACK STORE.

AND now for the terms upon which they are offered to the public—they are as follows: They will be sold as *low*, (no mistake,) as at any other store in this half of Exchange Row; or as *low* as at any other store in the county.

Farmers will be paid the highest price for their produce in exchange, as we wish to "live and let-live."

Goods will be sold as usual upon approved credit.

Cash customers will do well to call. "Don't mistake the Store."

H. LATHROP & CO.

is over the door.

Cooperstown, Oct. 17, 1840.

Otsego Academy.

THE next term of this Institution will commence on the 25th inst.

To meet the wants of the Institution, which have increased with the constant increase of the number of students, an additional teacher has been procured, whose reputation as a scholar is of the highest order.

Students at this Institution may now enjoy from their instructors all possible attention necessary to progress in their several studies, whether preparatory to an advanced collegiate standing, entering upon professional studies, or the active business of life.

No pains will be spared to have this institution commend itself to the confidence and patronage of an enlightened public. The liberal support it already receives, is highly gratifying to all engaged in carrying forward its interests.

R. NELSON, Principal.

☞ The preparatory Department, under a competent instructor, will also commence its next term on the 26th inst.

Cooperstown, Oct. 17, 1840. 7w3

TWO SCHOOL TEACHERS.

The undersigned Inspectors of Common Schools of the town of Otsego, hereby give notice, that they will meet for the Inspection of School Teachers, at the house of Isaac Fitch, in the village of Cooperstown, on Friday the 30th day of October instant, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and request all persons desirous of obtaining certificates, to present themselves for examination on that day. The Inspectors deem it their duty to state that they will require of all to whom they give certificates, a thorough and practical knowledge of the subjects in which they are expected to give instruction, and of those who are not personally known to the Inspectors, certificates of their capacity and moral character. Dated at Cooperstown, October 15, 1840.

GEO. B WILSON,
L. I. BURDITT,
H. B. BURCH. } Inspectors.

7 3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of an Execution, issued by the Clerk of the county of Otsego, and to me directed and delivered, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Hiram Main, I have levied on all that certain piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the town of Otsego, in the county of Otsego and bounded as follows: On the north by lands of Lorenzo D. Babcock, on the east by lands of Lorenzo D. Babcock and William Russell, on the south by lands of Thomas Russell, and on the west by lands of Nathaniel Bolton and Robert Hume, containing about seventy-five acres of land, which I shall expose to sale at public auction or vendue as the statute directs, on the thirtieth day of November next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the Eagle Tavern kept by William Lewis, in the village of Cooperstown, all the right, title and interest which the said Hiram Maine had in and to the foregoing described premises, on the 9th day of March 1840, or at any time afterwards in whose hands soever the same may be, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

HARVEY SPENCER, Sheriff.

Dated, Cooperstown Oct. 1840. $3

Freemen' Convention.

THE Anti-Slavery Electors of Otsego County in favor of Independent Nominations, will meet in Convention at Exeter Centre, on Tuesday, 13th October instant, at 10 o'clock A. M.

DAVID CUSHMAN,
JOHN H. CARSWELL,
CHS. B. METCALF, } Corresponding Committee.

Dated October 8, 1840.

there a whig press that does not ENDORSE WEBSTER'S PRINCIPLES! ☞ Democrats, REFLECT, and *then* ACT.—*Boston Post.*

☞ Tulip, Hyacinth and Daffy Bulbs will be given to all who cultivate flowers—to be put into the ground this month, and they will bloom in June next. GEO. POMEROY.

Cooperstown, Sept. 12, 1840.

HARRISON LAW.

ONE CURRENCY FOR THE RICH, AND ANOTHER FOR THE POOR.

A law of Indiana, approved by General WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON, on the 7th September, 1807, contains the following provision, viz:

"Section 2. In all cases of penal laws, where free persons are punishable by fines, servants shall be punished by whipping after the rate of twenty lashes for every eight dollars, so that no servant shall receive more than forty lashes at any one time, unless such offender can procure some person to pay the fine."

"Servants," under the Harrison proconsolate, meant all persons, black or white, bound to service by agreement or purchase, according to the peculiar laws of the Territory. This provision was applicable to emigrants, or others who might have agreed to serve for a term of years, and to men sold to pay fines and costs.

Here, therefore, we have DOLLARS as the currency of the RICH man, and LASHES as the currency of the POOR. Even the VALUE of the lash is defined by the HARRISON law: "TWENTY LASHES for every EIGHT DOLLARS," equal to FORTY CENTS A LASH. Be it known, therefore, that in the tables of HARRISON currency ONE LASH is equal to FORTY CENTS; and ONE DOLLAR is equal to TWO LASHES AND A HALF! FORTY CENTS of the RICH MAN'S MONEY is equal to ONE LASH on the POOR MAN'S BACK!

Say, poor men, how do you relish this currency? What do you think of the statesman whose feelings would permit him to TAKE PAYMENT OUT OF MEN'S BACKS at FORTY CENTS A LASH? Is there not something INEXPRESSIBLY ABHORRENT in thus balancing MONEY AGAINST LASHES?

It must be recollected, that there could not lawfully be any SLAVES in Indiana, SO CALLED. Those lashes were for FREEMEN'S backs—freemen who were bound to service only for a time.

The removal of the Deposits was ruin, death and a great deal worse in 1834; but the revival of business directly after, prostrated whigery. The Sub Treasury was to ruin and kill us when it became the law of the land, but business is reviving—every thing is flourishing except whigery. That is failing and will disappear before the chilling frosts of November.

Intelligence was received at St. Louis on the 7th instant, of a battle that had taken place between a small party of Sioux and about 250 Pottawatomies, during which, one of the former, and two of the latter were killed.

In his late speech at Dayton, Ohio, as reported in the New York Express, General Harrison said, I am a "*half* soldier, and a *half* farmer." Very possibly the General was right, but he has yet to learn, that it takes more than half a soldier and half a farmer, to make a President of the United States.

WHO TUCKS.—Among the foolish and contemptible tricks of the federalists is that of getting a parcel of their own creatures to sign a paper, declaring that they will not support Mr. Van Buren. Some of them are so impudent and reckless as to represent themselves as "original Jackson men." Such is the profligate mendacity of whiggery.

"How are the times, Mike," asked a federal lawyer of a democratic farmer, the other day on meeting him in the street. "Wonderfully changed," was the ready reply, "those who used to live in *palaces* and drink *champaigne* wine have moved into LOG CABINS and drink HARD CIDER."

The section of the Auburn and Rochester railroad between Rochester and Canandaigua, is completed. Travelling commenced upon it on the 31 inst. The distance is 24 miles. The rest of the road, which will be 30 miles in length, is being constructed. When completed, there will be a continuous railroad communication from Albany to Batavia; and 34 miles more will reach Lake Erie.

A Democratic Mass Meeting will be held at South New Berlin, on Thursday, the 22d inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M. Messrs. Bowne, Chatfield, Nye, and others will address the meeting. Otsego and Chenango counties are invited to attend.

It is estimated that the Equestrian Statue of Washington, projected by the Philadelphians, will cost $30,000 when completed. The base of the pedestal is designed to be constructed of New England granite, and thirteen steps, emblematical of the first Confederated States, of Pennsylvania marble. The embellishments on the pedestal will illustrate four of the most prominent scenes in the life of Washington. It will be an honor to the public spirit and patriotism of the city of Penn.

O W Burlingham
Samuel Beals
Aaron Baldwin
John Bailey 2
Miss L A Bennett
Miss Miranda Blair
Miss Mary Butman
Miss Abigail Buel 2
S G Campbell
Thomas Clark
James Clark
Hiram Conrod
Nicholas Coon
Samuel Crandall
Chester O Cady
John L Card
Otis Chase
A B Coats
R Campbell Esq
Mrs Jerome Clark
Mrs Nancy Clark 2
John Lane
Abijah Mann Esq
Levi Moody
Wheeler Mallet
Miss Joanna Mason
" Mary Moore
William Newkirk
Theodorus Northrop
Robert Nelson
Mrs. Almira Oatly
Horace Potter
Truman Peck
Wm F Peck
Truman Pier
John L Paine or
James M Conley
Orra Peabody
Wm Plumer
Mrs Julia Ann Potter
Enoch W Reynolds
Pardon H Russell
Daniel Rynders
M Ricker
Miss Harriet Rowland
" Rebecca Raught
" Clarinda Reed
" Almira Root
Mrs Martha Ferry
Benjamin Granger
Miss Ann Grosfent
T Hyndman
Nehemiah Hinds 2nd
Lucius M Hall 2
Thomas Hayward
Henry Harvey
Miss Louisa Ann Hall
Joseph Ingram
Lewis Inguire
Miss Roxana Irish
Mrs Lucretia Johnson
Elias Secor
Messrs Spafard Sprague & Gray
Andrew Shaw 2
Jonathan Shepard
Dort H A Smith
Charles G Sisson
Geo Scribner
Lyman Stevens
Charles Smith
Samuel Starkweather 5
Widow Hannah Smith
Mary A Smith
Mrs Jackson Snyder
Miss Francis Story
John Thomson
Ira Todd
Wm C Tracy
Orlo Underwood
Mortimer White
N P Willis
Lorenzo Winslow
John Wahlen 2
Veron Widger
Marvin Wilson
Geo H Webb 3
S Wait
James Willoughby 2
Francis Williams
Justin C Williams
Russell Warren
Timothy Waterman
Harriet A Reynolds
Eliza Russell
Mrs Mary W Robinson

S. DOUBLEDAY, P. M.

LIST of letters remaining in the Post Office at Burlington, N. Y., October 1, 1840.

R G Cole
Truman Coman
Miss Annah Cushman
E S Day
Z W Denham
Miss Elizabeth Douglas
Ira Day
Avis Green
Alvah Hopkins
I Loney
Abram Marcey
Alexander Parker
Orson B Palmer
Gordon Pierce
Miss Jenett Spechius
Elijah Tiffany
Alexander Walling
Mr Wallen
Wm Weston
John Washburn
Porter Yates

GEO. S. GORHAM, P. M.

LIST of letters remaining in the Post Office at Hartwick, N. Y., Oct. 1840.

Laura Angel
Joseph Brown
Samuel Beebee
Triphene Bailey
Jerahmiel Cass
Wm Crandal 2
Wm H Chapel
Abigail Downing
Wm W Decatur
Robert Elered
James Fields
Peter Finkle
Dwite Harrison
Mrs A Morse
Morgan L Mallory
Lyman Welman
Daniel Mott
Louis Maperle
Maria Merrias
Silas Molat
Margaret Patridge
Wm Parker
R S Peters
James Perkins
Fitch & Rockwell
J B Redfield
Israel Richarks
L Todd Esq
Timothy Short
J Smith
Hobert R Tuttle

LYMAN HARRINGTON, P. M.

NOTICE.—The subscriber would again caution all persons against transacting any business with Olney Z. Andrus, such as buying of, or selling to him any kind of property, under any pretence whatever, as his effects were long since taken in charge by the Vice Chancellor, and a committee appointed to attend to the same. And I shall hold any person accountable who shall violate the law in the above business.

S. GREGORY, Committee.

Cooperstown, Sept. 18. 1840. n3w3

LIME.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the inhabitants of this vicinity that he has built a first rate *LIME KILN* in the town of Warren, Herk. co., situated two miles east of Richfield Springs, and one mile west of Little Lakes, on the 3rd Great Western Turnpike. The stone is of a very superior quality, and great care will be taken to have it properly burned. The price will be as low as sold at other kilns in the vicinity.

The above mentioned article will be kept constantly on hand, and good Pine Lumber or Shingles taken in exchange.

AURELIUS TUNNICLIFF

Warren, Sept. 28, 1840.

☞ The Kiln is within 3 miles of a good Plaster Mill. 4m6

1200 GALLONS of good old WHISKEY, just received by

Aug. 17, 1840. H. DAVIS

extensive assortment of Stoves, most approved patterns, which prices that cannot fail to please ment consists in part of the following

Improved 4 boiler Stoves,
do Premium
do Union
Revertible flue, a new article
Patent Prophecy.
Rotary, 4 sizes.
do improved or Iron
Farmers' Fuel saver, and
The celebrated Hot Air.

The above stoves are offered furniture. So much for the walk into the *Parlor*, where elegant Corinthean, Parker's, & co., Mica Front, and Shaw Stoves. Hall Stoves, six, eight, Box Stoves.

Copper, copper bottomed, tin furniture, Russia and English tic Carriage Springs, Axel arms and Brass Bands, Dash and Seat ed Joints and Carriage Lamps, sia and English Sheet Iron, Zinc, no. 1 to 35, Brass ditto, Lead Ware, Mill ⋊ Cut and Tennon Cards of Eastern Manufacture, other Ploughs, Caldron Kettles, Grindstones, cast iron, Minor's Pry Pumps.

Stove dealers will be supplied Tea Kettles by the dozen. above articles will be exchanged old castings will be received.

ELISH

Cooperstown, August 31, 1840.

BRIGADE ORD

STATE OF NEW
East Worcester, July

Pursuant to power vested in me part 1st of the revised statutes, commissioned officers and musicians regiments of the 2d brigade, and 10 fantry of this state, are hereby re appear, armed and equipped accor directs, for the purpose of training, improving in martial exercise, at the es hereinafter mentioned, at 8 o'clock day, viz:

7th regt. 12th day of Sept. next, in Worcester.

112th regt. 14th day of Sept. next, house in Cherry Valley.

21 regt. 15th day of Sept. next, in Cooperstown.

135th regt. 16th day of Sept. next, in Montiselle.

53d regt. 17th day of Sept. next, in Burlington Green.

31st regt. 18th day of Sept. in Yates's in Butternuts.

60th regt. 19th day of Sept. next, in Milford.

The officers attached to the staff are hereby duly required to attend the commanding officer the several and equipped according to law.

E. B. RIGELO

WM. H. CHASE, A. D. C.

YOUNG LADIES' East Hartwick, O Y.—The second or Fall term under the charge of Miss L. F stress, will commence on 9th of September next. Tuition common English branches, and branches in English, and also French and German Languages, and Forte, $8. Board, including be obtained in good families at $

EBENE CLARK
J. D.

August 15, 1840. 50 4

A SELECT SCH

WILL be opened in Springfi under the charge of F. J. V mence Oct. 12th, 1840. All the br ular English and Classical Educat

TERMS.—Common English br Natural Philosophy, History, and Logic, Chemistry, Criticism, the hig es of Mathematics and Languag

N. B. Good board may be obtain ilies at $1 50 per week, or conveni be had where Students can board

Oct. 9th, 1840. n6

LIST of letters remaining in at Jacksonboro, N. Y., Oct.

Jacob C Burst
Christian Beamer
Levi Chase
Wickham Griswold
Solomon Knapp
Jonathan Milk
William Merrill
Henry F Merrill
Rev Mr North
Hannah
Isaac F
George
Eleazer
Stephen
William
Daniel
Lura W

SETH H. C

"The Latch String

PERSONS indebted to the Richardson & Co. are here there is now a chance to pay wi but probably that chance will l tion. Cooperstown, Sept 2

of Stoves of the latest and
ras, which will be sold at
all to please. The assort-
of the following:
er Stoves, nos. 5.
mium " 6.
don " A to E.
new article.

or iron oven.
ver; and last, tho' not least,
ss Air.
are offered with or without
h for the kitchen—please
er, where you will see the
, Parker's, Harp, Stanley
, and Shaw's patent Parlor
es, six, eight, nine plate, and

bottomed, tin and cast iron
nd English Store Pipe, Elip-
s, Axle arms, Silver plated
Dash and Seat Handles, Plat-
age Lamps, Tin Plate, Rus-
et Iron, Zinc, Iron Wire, from
ditto Lead Pipe and Tin
and Tennon Saws, Machine
Manufacture, Side Hill and
ldron Kettles, Nova Scotia
ron, Miner's Patent and Rota-

ll be supplied with Copper
the dozen. Any of the
be exchanged for Wool; also
received.

ELISHA FOOTE.
gust 31, 1840.

DE ORDERS.

STATE OF NEW YORK. }
orcester, July 25th, 1840 }
r vested in me by chapter 10 h,
ed statutes, the officers, non-
rs and musicians of the several
brigade, and 16th division of in-
are hereby requested to be and
equipped according as the law
es of training, disciplining and
exercise, at the times and plac-
ned, at 3 o'clock, A. M. of each

of Sept. next, E. B. Bigelow's
ay of Sept. next, at J. B. Wil-
lbey.
of Sept. next, at Wm. Lewis's
ay of Sept. next, at
y of Sept. next, at B. Dimock's
day of Sept. next, at E. W.
e.
y of Sept. next, at J. C. Bissell's
ched to the staff of said brigade,
ired to attend in company with
ficer the several reviews, armed
ing to law.
E. B. BIGELOW, Brig. Gen.
. D. C.

LADIES' SCHOOL,
rwick, Otsego co., N.
r Fall term of this School,
of Miss L. H. Axtell, In
mence on Wednesday, the
xt. Tuition $1 per term for
branches, and $3 for higher
sh, and also for Drawing,
n Languages. Music on Pi-
rd, including washing, can
families at $1 50 per week.
EBENEZER CHAFFIN,
CLARK DAVISON,
50 4 J. D. LAWYER.

CT SCHOOL

d in Springfield, Otsego co.,
rge of F. J. Werner, to com-
0. All the branches of a pop-
nical Education will be taught.
n English branches including
History, and Rhetorick, $4 00
icism, the higher branch-
and Languages.....$5 00
ay be obtained in private fam-
, or convenient rooms may
n can board themselves.
n6w3

maining in the Post Office at
N. Y., Oct. 1, 1840.

Hannah Perry
Isaac P Romain
George Snyder
Eleazer Spencer
Stephen Slingerland
William Nelle
Daniel Nelle
Lura Welding

ETH H. CHASE, P. M.

String is Out."

debted to the firm of E. D.
Co. are hereby notified, that
to pay without being sued,
nce will be of short dura-
, Sept. 23, 1840. 4 f

articles of Hollow Ware for most other kinds of stoves now in use; the patterns for the above stoves have been improved in several particulars since last year.

CHARLES H. METCALF.
Fly-Creek, June 23, 1840.

JUST PATENTED,

JOUGHTON'S *Climax Franklin and Cooking Stove*, changed from one to the other at pleasure, and doing away the universal prejudice against a close fire.

The subscriber would inform the inhabitants of Otsego, that he has purchased the above right for the county, and intends offering for sale the Climax Stove by the middle of September next. Those intending to purchase, would do well to examine the Climax Stoves before purchasing.

Those furnace men who would like to engage in something new, can be furnished with patterns on reasonable terms

CHESTER G. WHITFORD.
Milford, July 27, 1840. 47 y1

NEW LIBRARY BOOKS

for School Districts, just published by
H. & E. PHINNEY
Oct. 13, 1840.

RUNAWAY.

AN indentured apprentice to the Farming business, named Harvey H. Nash, left my service about the 1st of October, instant, without leave, and has not since returned. This, therefore, is to caution all persons against harbouring of trusting him on my account, as I will pay no debts of his contracting. ANN ADCOCK.
Unadilla, Oct. 26, 1840. 6•3

NOTICE.—Teachers of Common Schools in the town of Hartwick, desirous of procuring certificates, are hereby requested to present themselves for examination, at the stone school house, in Hartwick village, on Saturday, the 7th Nov.

ISAAC B. OAKLEY,
ISAIAH D. WRIGHT,
VAN NESS CARR, } Inspectors.
Oct. 21, 1840. 6•2

NEW BOOKS.—The Man at Arms, or Henry de Cerons, by James.
The King's Highway, by do.
Godolphin, by Bulwer.
Georgia Scenes, with plates.
Life and Travels of Mungo Park,
Dicks' Sideral Heavens.
Practical Phrenology, by Jones, with plates,
Life of Hannah More, by Taylor.
Lives and Exploits of Bandits and Robbers.
Scotland and the Scotch, by Miss Sinclair.
Young woman's Guide, by Dr. Alcott.
Works of Boz, in separate vols., for sale by
Sept. 28, 1840. H. & E. PHINNEY.

NEW MUSIC—Just rec'd by H. & E. Phinney, 100 Pieces for Piano Forte, including selections from the late operas, Amilie, the Postillion, &c. Instrumental and Vocal.
Beethoven's, Strauss', Mozart's, and other Waltzes.
Russell's and other favorite Songs.
Duetts for two performers on Piano.
Marches, Quick Steps, Airs, &c.
The Elleler Dances, Cotillions, &c.
Instruction Books, Exercises for beginners.
A large variety of short and easy pieces for learners.
Sept. 28. 4-3

Russell's Hotel.

E. BELKNAP would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has taken the Tavern Stand formerly occupied by D. Olendorf, and now known as Russell's Hotel, which has been fitted up in a superior style, and is now ready for their entertainment. He assures those who may favor him with a call that they shall have no reason to be dissatisfied with his prices or the accommodations of his house.
Cooperstown, June 13, 1840. n41tf

Richfield Democratic Association.

☞ A Meeting of the Democracy of Richfield and the adjoining Towns, will be held at the village of Monticello, on Tuesday, the 27th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M Several speakers of eminence from abroad will address the meeting. A general attendance is requested
October 24th, 1840.

DIED—In Milford, on the 22nd inst., Mrs. Lydia, wife of Griswould Walworth, aged 66 years.
In Otsego, on the 17th inst., after a short and painful illness, Mrs. Polly, wife of Nehemiah Hinds, 2nd, aged 38 years.
At the Union Factory, on the 24th inst., of consumption, Martin Botsford, in the 64th year of his age.

SALT! SALT!!

A FEW Barrels at the Chequered Store.
A H. CLARK & Co.
Oct. 17, 1840.

American do.		
Holland Gin,		
American do.		
Cider Brandy,		
Cherry Rum,		Liquors.
St. Croix Rum,		
New England do.		
Pure Irish Whisky		
Old Port,		
Pure Madeira,		
Common do.		Wines.
Malaga do.		
Muscat do.		
New Orleans,		
Porto Rico,		Molasses
Matanzas,		
Old Java,		
Laguira,		Coffee.
St Domingo,		
Flour and Rice,		
Macaroni,		
Codfish,		
Mackerel,		
Chocolate,		
Cocoa.		
Oranges and Lemons		
Box and keg Raisins		
Figs and Prunes,		
English Currants,		
Citron and Mace,		Fruit.
Soft and hard shelled Almonds,		
Filberts,		
Brazil and Madeira		
Cloves,		
Cinnamon and Nutmegs,		
Pure Ginger,		
No 1 Eagle.		
Common hard,		
Beach's Patent,		Soap
Common shaving		
Saleratus,		
Pepper Sauce,		
Table Oil—pt. and half pt. bottles,		
Peru and Whale Oil,		
Sperm & Tallow Candles		
Steel, tin, and paper Tobacco Boxes,		
Snuff Boxes,		
Wallets,		
Glass Lanterns,		

Patent Pails,	
Trace Chains,	
Patent Scythe Snaths,	
Grass Scythes,	
Grain Cradles,	
Hoes,	
Patent Wheel Heads,	
Iron Scoop Shovels,	
Rifles,	
Bed Cords,	
Fish Lines, with floats,	
Playing Cards,	
Horse Cards,	
Curry Combs,	
Cut Tacks,	
Nails of all sizes,	
Gimlets,	
Pins,	
Knitting Needles,	
Pocket and Pen Knives,	
Carpenters' Pencils,	
Blue Writing Ink,	
Black Sand,	
Powder and Shot,	
Percussion Caps & Pills,	
Bar Lead,	
Cavendish,	
Spanish cut,	
Fine & course cut,	Tob'co.
Segars,	
India and wool Twine,	
Scotch & Macaboy Snuff,	
Indigo and Starch,	
Long and common Pipes,	
Lucifer Matches,	
Night Tapers,	
Shaker Brooms,	
All sorts of Confectionary	
Onondaga,	
Liverpool sack	Salt,
Fine box	
Bullard's	Soap,
Borax,	
Saltpetre,	
Spool Racks,	
Whalebone & steel Busks	
Fine and coarse Ivory Combs,	
All kinds of Crackers,	
Rat & Mouse traps,	
Iron & Tin Candlesticks.	

Also, now receiving, a full and general assortment of Cooking, Parlour and Box STOVES.
ROBERT DAVIS.
Cooperstown, Sept. 24, 1839.

Dr. Bartholomew's

Pink Expectorant Syrup.

THE cases of consumption are so numerous in all the northern latitudes, that some remedy as a preventitive should be kept by every family constantly on hand, to administer on the first appearance of so direful a disease. This Expectorant Syrup will in every case prevent the complaint. It is quite impossible for any person ever to have consumption who use this remedy on the first approach of cough and pain in the side, and in many instances it has cured when physicians had given up the cases as incurable.

Sold wholesale and retail by Comstock & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 2 Fletcher street, N. Y., and by HANNAY & ROOP, Cooperstown, and by the principal Druggists in the Union.
July 20, 1840. 46 y

LIFE and Journal of Bishop Heber, in two neat octavo vols., for sale cheap by
H. PERKINS.
July 13, 1840. 45tf

TOBACCO AT WHOLESALE.

THE Subscribers are now receiving large supplies of Fine Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, in any quantity for sale to Merchants at 5 per cent. discount. Warranted good.
H. S. BABCOCK & CO.
July 9, 1840. n43m3

Bakery and Grocery.

D. W. CHAPMAN would respectfully inform the public that he has taken the Bakery & Grocery formerly occupied by S. & I. Van Bookkirk, and will keep constantly on hand and for sale a general assortment of Groceries. Also, Baking carried on in its various branches by an experienced workman. Those favoring him with a call, shall have no reason to find fault with the price or quality of his work or goods.
Cooperstown, June 13, 1840.

Dye Woods and Dye Stuffs.

CURTISS & JOHNSON are now receiving at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers,

Logwood,	(Campeachy)	Indigo,	
do	(St. Domingo)	Grain Tin,	
Fustic,		Lac Dye, for scarlets,	
Camwood,		Sulphuric Acid,	
Hyppernic,		Muriatic do	
Hatch Wood,		Nitric do	
Nicaragua,		Tenter Hooks,	
Quercitron,		Press Papers,	
Madder,	(Dutch)	Jacks,	
do	(American)	Alum,	
do	Compound,	Blue Vitriol,	
Indigo	do	Copperas, &c.	

Cooperstown, Sept 12, 1840

Oswego and its vicinity, that he has taken TANNERY lately occupied by Averell & Johnson, where he intends carrying on the TANNING BUSINESS, and will be glad to take shares or as we can agree. The subscriber will pay cash for Hides and Skins of all kinds. Farmers who have hides or skins to sell will do well to call on the subscriber.
Cooperstown, August 22, 1840. 51

NOTICE.—Those indebted to the subscriber, will please call and settle their accounts, and unless settled immediately, they will be placed in the hands of a collector without respect to persons. Necessity compels me to take this course. JOHN RUSSELL.
Cooperstown, August 22, 1840.

TO TANNERS & CURRIERS.

If you wish to buy good Curriers' Oil, get it of H. S. Babcock & Co. I have used several Barrels of it, and find it to be the best article ever offered in this market.
R. WATERMAN,
Tanner and Currier.
Cooperstown, Sept. 21, 1840.

English Berkshire Hogs.

THE subscriber has on hand, of different sizes and ages, *ENGLISH BERKSHIRE HOGS*, from the Piggery of N. Lossen, (importer) Albany; warranted of perfectly genuine Blood. Farmers wishing to improve their breed, can be supplied with a few fine pigs if application be made soon.
AMASA NEWTON.
Address (Cooperstown,) Metcalf Hill, Aug. 15, 1840. 51 tf

LIST of letters remaining in the Post Office, Edmeston, N. Y., Sept. 30, 1840.

E H Burton	Mrs Angeline Peake
Catherine Bowls	Mrs Polly Rowland
Alanson Crumb	L B Stebbins
Ebenezer Eastman	D H Smith
Joshua Emons	Mary Slocum
John Fletcher	Wessel Ten Broeck
Wm Fletcher	John Willis
Artemus Goodenough 2	Samuel Wilbur
John Gross	R. Wallo
David Nichols	Henry H. Webster
Mrs. Polly Hathaway	

SILAS BURLESON, P. M.

NOTICE.—The subscriber would caution all persons against transacting business with Olney Z. Andrus, such as buying of, or selling to him any kind of property, nor any pretence whatever, as his effects were by me since taken in charge by the Vice Chancellor and a committee appointed to attend to the same. And I shall hold any person accountable who shall violate the law in the above business.
S. GREGORY, Committee
Cooperstown, Sept. 18, 1840. n3w3

NOTICE is hereby given, that my wife Nancy has left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation. I forbid all persons from harboring or trusting her on my account, for I shall not pay any debts of her contracting after this date. Dated Maryland, Sept. 12, 1840. PETER H. VANDERBOE
3-3

SOMETHING NEW.—Two bbls. Sword Fish, free from bone, a superb article, just rec'd by H. S. BABCOCK & Co.
Sept. 19, 1840.

PURE Winter Strained Lamp Oil, the best ever offered in this market. 10 bbls. Tanners' Oil, do. Call and see. Sept. 19, 1840
H. S. BABCOCK & Co.

TO TANNERS & CURRIERS.

If you wish to buy good Curriers' Oil, get it of H. S. Babcock & Co. I have used several Barrels of it, and find it to be the best article ever offered in this market.
R. WATERMAN,
Tanner and Currier.
Cooperstown, Sept. 21, 1840.

STOVES! STOVES!!

H. S. BABCOCK & Co., third door west of the Post-Office, Cooperstown, beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally that they are prepared to offer the season's supply of STOVES: consisting of a variety of kinds and sizes, embracing all the most approved patterns in use, all of which they will sell at prices corresponding with the times.

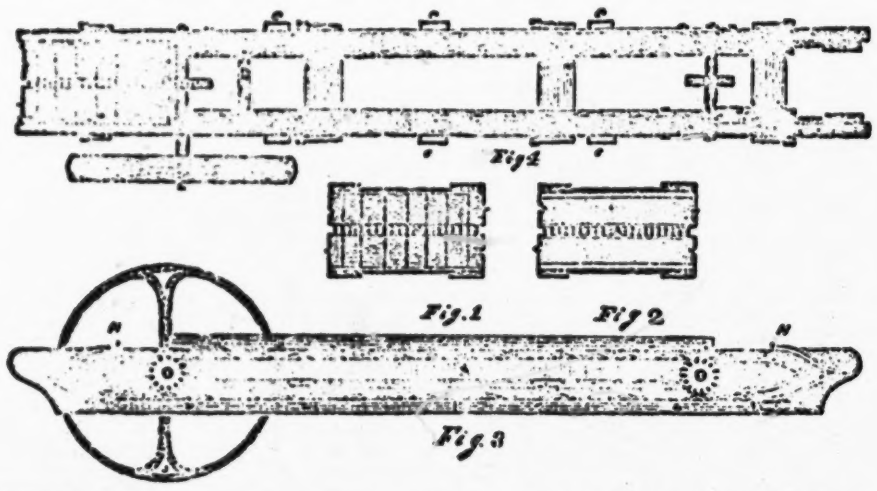
Their stock consists in part of the following kinds:

Celebrated Union Cooking Stoves,	
"	Premium Hot Air do.
"	4 Boiler improved do.
"	3 Boiler " do.
"	Rotary " do.

Oven, Hall, Plate, and Box Stoves, New and Splendid Corinthean Parlor do; Russia and English Iron Stove Pipe of all sizes, together with a general assortment of TIN WARE, all of which will be sold on terms satisfactory to the purchaser. Call and see.

☞ Old Iron received in exchange for Stoves.
Cooperstown, August 17, 1840. 50m3

Arnold's Improved Patent Portable Horse Power.



THE subscriber having purchased the exclusive right of making, using, and vending to others to be used, this new and valuable improvement in the application of Horse Power, to the county of Otsego, offers it to the public as the thing peculiarly calculated to meet the wants of an intelligent and enterprising people. He has the fullest confidence in recommending it to the purpose of threshing, sawing wood, and the various mechanical purposes to which Horse power is applicable. The simplicity of its structure and performance, and the fact that it is so portable, and will be so durable, are matters of no small importance to those who buy for their own use. The Powers, together with threshers and wood saws, will be on hand for sale by the 20th of July next.

The above cut represents the Power with the frame and floor in detached parts previous to several important improvements, viz: Inserting wood into the iron plates for the horse to walk on; removing the gear that moves the floor from the centre to the outsides of the plates; and casting the end guides and boxes in one piece, which precludes the possibility of their getting out of place or deranging the perfect opperation of the floor. The machine itself, however, is its best recommendation. Those who may purchase the machines of me, will have the privilege of using them any where in this county.

Also, O. Badger's Endless Chain Power for sale as usual.

And the Lever Horse Power, for one or two horses.—This machine is portable and very light, and well calculated for travelling threshers.

He is also prepared to execute orders for almost any kind of *Cotton or Woollen Machinery*, with neatness and despatch. He will also make to order *BADGER'S PATENT HYDROSTATIC PRESS FOR Oils, Shingle Machines, Circular and Cut Saw Machinery*, all kinds of Turning Lathes and Engines, Screw Cutting and Mill work generally.

His *Furnace* is constantly supplied with the best of Pig Iron, from which will be manufactured any kind of *Castings* he may be favored with orders for—warranted of soft metal.

He will keep on hand Plough Casting, Scrapers do., Hollow Ware, Pipe and common wagon boxes, Sleigh and Cutter Shoes,

His pattern room is supplied with a good assortment of patterns for Cotton Machinery, Gearing for Cotton, Woollen, Grist, Saw, and Fulling Mills of every description.

Boilers for Steam Engines, Tanneries, and Paper Mills.

He has a pattern maker constantly employed, and will make any kind of Gear, or other patterns to order.

Iron Boring, Turning and Fitting done on short notice.

CHARLES H. METCALF.

Fly-Creek, (Otsego) June 22, 1840. 42-tf

JOHN O. BADGER would inform the public that he has established a MACHINE SHOP at Fly Creek, Otsego co., a few rods south of the Turnpike, where he is now making *Portable Horse Powers and Threshers*. He has on hand and will make to order O. Badger's *Patent Endless Chain Horse Powers*, to operated by one or two horses. He is determined that the workmanship and materials used in these Machines shall be as good, and that they shall not be excelled in the quantity of work they will perform, by any other machine. The Patentee has made some improvements in these Machines, which [illegible] makes them more portable than they were at first; and it is confidently believed that on every account they will be found the best adapted to the use of the Farmer of any in use.

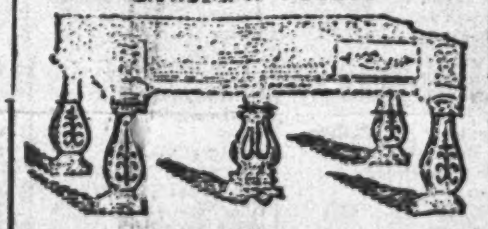
Otsego, (Fly Creek) August 10, 1840. 49

NO MONOPOLY.

NEW FIRM,

In the Brick Shop opposite the Piano Forte MANUFACTORY OF PEASE & FAULDER.

REMOVAL.



PEASE & FAULDER would respectfully inform the public that they have removed their Piano Forte Manufactory, to the rear of the dwelling house of C. D. Pease, one door south of D. Peck's Hotel, and nearly opposite to the Cabinet Shop of A. V. & S. S. Moore, where may be had [illegible] Piano Fortes of

MORE NEW GOODS
AT TH GREEN STORE.

THE subscriber has just received from New York, the largest and most extensive assortment of Goods that he has ever offered to the public, which have been purchased for cash at auction, and direct from the importers, which enables him to offer them at less prices than they can be purchased west of the city. His old customers, and the public are requested to call and examine. Among which are:

41 pieces fine, superfine, extra, three ply, Brussels, and Stair CARPETING
Floor Oil Cloth & Rugs.
Also, a very large and general assortment of BROADCLOTHS, Cassimeres and Satinetts, that were purchased at prices that would ruin manufacturers.
Also, 20 pieces Burlaps,
11 bales brown Sheetings and Shirtings,
3 cases bleach'd Shirtings,
1 bale Russia Diapers,
17 cases Domestic and London Prints,
1 case Irish Linen,
Brown and bl'd Drills,
20 pieces Bed Tick,
Moleskin, Cord and Fustian,
Domestic Plaids, Stripes and Checks,
Paid and stripe Ginghams,
A few pieces of Mousseline de Lane, some new and desirable patterns,
Printed Launes and Muslins,
Black and blue black Italian Silk,
Gro de Berlin, Gro de Swiss,
Gro de Rhine, Gro de Nap,
Florence,
Black Satin & Sinchews,
Silks,
Plain and figured Satin, Marseilles and Valentia Vestings,
A great variety of Gloves and Hosiery,
Marseilles Quilts,
Irish and Russia Sheeting
Black, white and colored Cambricks,
Bishop Launes,
Plain and figured Swiss Muslin,
Linen Cambric Hdkfs. and Launes,
Linen Table Diaper,
Black and blue black French Bombazines,
Black and scarlet Merino Shawls,
A variety of dress Shawls and fancy Hdkfs.
Scarfs & ladies' Cravats,
Black and white French Crape,
Bobinett & Grecian Lace
Thread and Cotton Laces and Edgings,
A great variety of hat, cap, plain Taffeta and Belt Ribbons,
Black Italian and Pongee Hdkfs.
Table and Piano Forte Covers,
Umbrellas and Parasols
A large assortment of shelf HARDWARE.
A good assortment of Crockery, China and Glass Ware.
A choice lot of Family GROCERIES.
Also, Looking Glasses, &c., together with a great variety of other articles, too numerous to enumerate.

J. RUSSELL.

Cooperstown, July 1, 1839.

New and Fashionable
TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscriber has opened a *TAILORING SHOP* at Jacksonboro', Maryland, Otsego county, where all kinds of work will be done with despatch, and according to the latest and most approved style. Cutting done with despatch, and most kinds of produce will be received either for making or cutting at market prices. The public are invited to call on the subscriber and try him, and he pledges himself to do their work in a manner and for prices that will be satisfactory.

Military Coats made according to order.

WM. H. BENNETT.

Jacksonboro', July 13, 1840. 45tf

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale his Farm, situated in the town of Middlefield, about two and a half miles from the village of Cooperstown, and two Miles from the Phœnix Factory. It is well known by the name of the RANSOM FARM, and contains one hundred acres of land, well wooded, watered, and fenced. On the premises is a frame dwelling house, a new log house, and barn with sheds. There is also a first rate Orchard of about 100 trees, near the dwelling house.

TERMS.—Half the purchase money in hand, and a cridit of five years, for the remainder if required. Possession given immediately, if desired. Apply to the subscriber, on the premises, CHARLES KENNARD.

Middlefield, Sept. 26, 1840, 4-tf

New Goods at the Chequered Store.

JUST received, a general assortment of FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Persons wishing to make cheap purchases will please drop in.

Cooperstown, Oct. 17, 1836.

HIDESTON'S PURE CONCENTRED EXTRACT OF LEMON, for flavoring sance, jellies, Custard, Puddings, Pies, &c.

June 1, 1840. CURTISS & JOHNSON.

CONGRESS WATER—Just received a fresh supply, direct from Saratoga Springs. CURTISS & JOHNSON.

HANNAY & ROOF have on hand a

FARE REDU
WINTER ARRANGE

PANTALOONS. FINE, $3 to $7 00 EXTRA, 3 5 " 7 00 VESTS, 3 5 " 10 00 " 5 00

WILLIAM WILSO
21 Main stree
COOPERST

CLOTHING
MADE TO ORD

Of the best materials and workm
Low Prices specified on this Card.

BOOT & SHOE M

WILLIAM PERSONS begs his acknowledgments to past favors, and to inform them ues to manufactnre

Boots and Sho

at his shop, one door north of t where he has on hand, and intends stant supply of articles in his line be made of the first rate of stock to endure good service.

Ladies and Gentlemen are inv examine his Stock, under the as prices are moderate and that the will be thankfully received, and any branch of his business promp

Cooperstown, May 25, 1839.

The Cooperstown Cla Military Acade

(W. H. Duff, A. M., Pri

HIS delightfully situated near th upon the banks of the Susque in twenty miles of Fort Plain u and Utica railroad.

Thorough instruction in the C ematical and English branches, Military instruction and exercis

The students reside with the no daily pupils are received.

The next Term will comme February, 1840.

REFERENCES.

Hon. S. Nelson, C. J., J. Fenim M. Bowers, Wm. H. Averill, E. Robt. Campbell, esqrs., Rev. Rev. A. E. Campbell, Coop D. D. Barnard, M. C., Hon. A. Dix, F. Bloodgood, M. F. Reyno Bloodgood, esqrs., Albany; Hora Troy; Thos. H. Rochester, esq. Cooperstown, Jan. 27, 1840.

DR. D. A. MC
UTERI ABDOMINAL SU

THIS instrument receives favorable notice of Physi munity by its utility and cheapn perior to any instrument of the celebrated one of Dr. Hull not sale by CURTISS & Cooperstown, Dec. 9, 1839.

H. PERKIN

HAS just received at his door to the Post Office, a of *BOOKS*, amongst which Series of Classical Works Coop with improvements, &c. Bro tionary; Robertson's America; mes of the English Language tory of New York, in 2 vols.; R ume; Waddington's Church H peare, in 1 volume; Andrew's C French Testaments; Newgen Webster's and Walker's large tionaries; Bennett's Book Ke Astronomy, &c. 44tf

SOMETHING N

JUST received, an extensi *DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE STUFFS, PAINTS,* for sale at prices which cannot purchaser, at the new store one Russel's Dry Goods Store and the one formerly occupied by th CURTISS & Cooperstown, June 15, 1840.

Ginger Sno
PEDDLERS LOOK

AT the Bakery near the can be supplied with Gin &c., equal if not superior to Call and see. L. Cooperstown, August 31, 1

PROJECT PR
November,

...EDUCED.
...ARRANGEMENT.

...LIAM WILSON,

21 Main street,

COOPERSTOWN.

COATS.
FINE, $12 to $16 00
SUPER, 16 to $20 00
EXTRA, 20 to $26 00

...OTHING
... TO ORDER,
...ls and workmanship, at the
... on this Card, ☞ *For Cash.*

...HOE MAKING.

...RSONS begs leave to tender
...ledgments to the public for
...form them that he contin-

...and Shoes,

...r north of the Post Office,
...d, and intends keeping a con-
...les in his line, warranted to
...rate of stock, and of course
...ice.
...men are invited to call and
...nder the assurance that his
... and that the smallest favors
...eceived, and all orders in
...siness promptly attended to.
...y 25, 1839.

...town Classical and ...y Academy,

..., A. M., Principal,):
...nated near the Otsego Lake,
...f the Susquehanah, and with-
...Fort Plain upon the Albany

...tion in the Classical, Math-
...sh branches, is united with
... and exercises.
...ide with the Principal and
...eceived.
... will commence the 17th of

...ERENCES.
...C. J., J. Fenimore Cooper, J.
...I. Averill, E. B. Morehouse,
...qrs., Rev. F. T. Tiffany,
...pbell, Cooperstown; Hon.
...C., Hon. A. C. Flagg, J. A.
...M. F. Reynolds, S. De Witt
...lbany; Horatio Averill, esq.,
...chester, esq., Rochester.
... 27, 1840. n31tf

...A. MOORE'S ...IXAL SUPPORTER.

...nt recommends itself to the
...ce of Physicians and com-
... and cheapness, as being su-
...ment of the kind in use—the
...r. Hull not excepted. For
...URTISS & JOHNSON.
..., 9, 1839.

...PERKINS

...red at his Bookstore, next
...st Office, a new assortment
...gst which are—Anthon's
...Works; Cooper's Dictionary,
..., &c.; Brown's Bible Dic-
... America; Crabb's Synony-
... Language; Dunlap's His-
...n 2 vol.; Rollin, in one vol-
...; Church History; Shaks-
...; Andrew's Classical Works;
...; Newgent's Dictionary;
...ker's large and small Dic-
...; Book Keeping; Blake's
...41tf July 6, 1840.

...HING NEW!

...an extensive assortment of
...DICINES, CHEMICALS,
...PAINTS, OILS, &c. &c.—
...ich cannot fail to please the
...r store one door west of J.
...Store, and directly opposite
...mpied by them.
...URTISS & JOHNSON.
... 15, 1840.

...er Bread.

...LOOK AT THIS.
...near the Town Pumps you
...will Ginger Bread, Cakes,
...ries to any in the world.
L. I. BURDITT.
...ril, 1840. 52 3

...CT PROBE
...or, 1967

...ared by

Otsego Freemen's Convention.

THE Electors of Otsego county friendly to the independent Anti-Slavery nominations, are requested to attend a convention at Leroy, on Wednesday, the 9th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating suitable candidates to receive the support of the friends of liberty at the coming election.

DAVID CUSHMAN,
JOHN CARSWELL,
CHAS. H. METCALF.

August 27, 1840. n32w2

OTSEGO COUNTY, } ss.
Clerk's Office,

NOTICE is hereby given that the Panel of Grand and Petit Jurors for the next court of common pleas and general sessions to be holden at the Court House, in the village of Cooperstown, on the second Monday of October next, will be drawn at this office pursuant to the statute in that case made and provided, on Wednesday, the 16th day of September, inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

JESSE ROSE, Clerk,
By THOMAS PEASLE, Dep. Clerk.
Dated September 4, 1840. n1

BOOT & SHOE MAKING.

WILLIAM PERSONS begs leave to tender his acknowledgments to the public for past favors, and to inform them that he continues to manufacture

Boots and Shoes,

at his shop, one door north of the Post Office, where he has on hand, and intends keeping a constant supply of articles in his line, warranted to be made of the first rate of stock, and of course to endure good service.

Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call and examine his Stock, under the assurance that his prices are moderate and that the smallest favors will be thankfully received, and all orders in any branch of his business promptly attended to.

Cooperstown, May 25, 1839.

CASH paid for Flax Seed, by
HARRINGTON & ROSE.
Hartwick, Nov. 3, 1839

TO SPORTSMEN.

O. B. SPRAGUE begs leave to inform the inhabitants of Cooperstown and its vicinity, that he has opened a Shop over the Jewelry Store of Jesse Graves, and nearly opposite the paint store of E. & H. Cory, where he will manufacture and keep on hand *Rifles, Fowling pieces, &c.*, the workmanship and quality of which cannot be excelled in the county.

Old Guns repaired on the shortest notice.

Cooperstown, June 22, 1840. n42n3

BULWER'S "*Godolphin*," for sale by
Sept. 5. [tf] PERKINS & PAINE.

BUFFON'S Natural History of the Earth, of Man, and Quadrupeds, abridged with additions from Cuvier, Lacepede, and other eminent Naturalists, in 2 volumes, with 50 superior engravings colored to nature.

The American Common Place Book of Prose, being selections from the best American Authors. Opie's Tales in illustration of lying in all its branches; Voyage and Shipwreck on Pelew Islands, &c. Also, just received, Illustrations of Arts and Sciences, Mechanical Subjects Illustrated, the Fine Arts, with Lives of Eminent Masters, Selections from Dr Johnson, Cottage Economy by Cobbett, Dick's Survey of the World, Flowers of Ancient History for youth. Also on hand an assortment of rising 300 kinds, mostly in leather binding for libraries.

H. & E. PHINNEY.

Oct. 12, 1840.

OTSEGO COUNTY, } ss. NOTICE is hereby given that a distribution of the money arising from the sale of the real estate of Jesse Smith, deceased, will be made among the creditors of the said deceased by Geo. A. Starkweather, Surrogate of the said county, at his office in Cooperstown, in said county, on the 24th day of November next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at which time and place the creditors who have not heretofore established their debts or demands before the said Surrogate, will present and prove the same.

GEO. A STARKWEATHER, Surrogate.
Dated, Oct. 7, 1840. n6w6

Brick and Tile.

200.000 NEWLY burnt Brick and Tile, of a superior quality—warranted to stand fire, for sale by
RUFUS S. PETERS.
Hartwick village, August 17, 1840. 50-3

One Cent Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on or about the first of March last, an Indentured Apprentice Boy, named Cary Howard Jo...

H. PERKINS

HAS just received at his Bookstore, next door to the Post Office, a new assortment of *BOOKS*, amongst which are—Anthon's Series of Classical Works; Cooper's Dictionary, with improvements, &c.; Brown's Bible Dictionary; Robertson's America; Crabb's Synonymes of the English Language; Dunlap's History of New York, in 2 vol.; Rollin, in one volume; Waddington's Church History; Shakspeare in 1 volume; Andrew's Classical Works, French Testaments; Newgent's Dictionary, Webster's and Walker's large and small Dictionaries; Bennett's Book Keeping; Blake's Astronomy, &c. 41tf July 6, 1840.

SOMETHING NEW!

JUST received, an extensive assortment of *DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, DYE STUFFS, PAINTS, OILS, &c. &c.*—for sale at prices which cannot fail to please the purchaser, at the new store one door west of J. Russel's Dry Goods Store, and directly opposite the one formerly occupied by them.

CURTISS & JOHNSON.

Cooperstown, June 15, 1840.

A. S. BROWN would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Cooperstown and its vicinity, that he has taken the well known

Boot & Shoe Store,

formerly occupied by Stephen Gregory, situated nearly opposite H. & E. Phinney's Book Store, where he has on hand and will continue the manufacture of

Boots & Shoes

of the best materials and workmanship, which will be sold low for cash or approved credit.

Most kinds of country produce received in payment for work.

Also will be kept for sale for cash shoemaker's tools and findings.

All kinds of morocco, lining and binding, skins, sole and upper leather, black varnish, a superior article for boots and shoes, harness, carriage tops, trunks, &c.; paste and waterproof blacking of the best kind.

All orders for any of the above articles, will be carefully and punctually attended to.

Cash and the highest price paid for HIDES.

Cooperstown, April 27, 1840.

OTSEGO COUNTY, ss.—Notice is hereby given that a distribution of the money arising from the real estate of Charles Firman, deceased, will be made among the creditors of the said deceased, by George A. Starkweather, Surrogate of the said county, on the thirtieth day of October next, at his office in Cooperstown, at which time and place the creditors who have not heretofore established their debts or demands before the said Surrogate, will present and prove the same. Dated 10th September, 1840.

GEO. A. STARKWEATHER, Surrogate.
n2w6

BOOKS! BOOKS!!

PERKINS & PAINE, (next door to the Post Office,) have just received a large supply of Books and Stationary which are for sale cheap. Amongst the number is Cooper's Naval History; Path Finder, Home as Found, Irving's works in 12 volumes; Godolphin, by Bulwer; Countess of Ida, by Fay; Michael Armstrong, Georgia Scenes, Henry of Guise, Kings Highway, Philip Augustus, Gentlemen of the Old School, Village Belle, &c. &c.

Cooperstown, Oct. 12, 1840.

Look to your Pantries and Bedrooms.

ROACH AND BED BUG BANE.

THE subscriber has for many years been in the habit of supplying many families with this certain and immediate remedy for those noxious vermin, and has consented, at the strong solicitations of his friends, to bring it out in this public manner. He now has the positive affirmations of a great number of citizens, (some of whom are the most wealthy and fashionable ladies in Chestnut street,) that this Bane is to all cases a sure and certain remedy, and these certificates are in the hands of the Agents, where any one wishing can convince themselves of their genuineness. This is better than all the puffing of a thousand unknown names; and the unprecedented sale which the Bane now has, is full proof of this fact, and of its virtues.

E. SAUNHOLTZ,
Inventor and Proprietor.

Sold by HANNAY & ROOF, Cooperstown.
July 20, 1840. 4ly

DR. SPOHN'S
Sick Headache Remedy.

FOR the permanent cure of this distressing complaint, never fails. When performed by it effectually removes the system, and does away the cause of the SICK & NERVOUS HEADACHE. Thousands have tried it, and found precisely the relief which the article promises to bestow. Certificates of the strongest kind, and from the most respectable persons, are in the possession of the proprietor, some of which have been published, testifying to the permanent cure, and others to the immediate relief given by this remedy. It affords relief to the afflicted in 15 or 20 minutes from the first dose. If taken when the symptoms of an attack are first felt, it prevents the further progress of the complaint, and can produce no danger at any time by an excessive dose; as in such a case it would soon throw off the contents of the stomach, leaving it sweet and healthy with an excellent appetite. All afflicted with headache should not fail to procure the article, and relieve themselves from a distressing complaint.

Physicians have in many instances given it to their patients, and in every instance to our knowledge, with great satisfaction have found it a certain cure. Get

NEW STORE & NEW GOODS!!

AT THE CHEQUERED STORE can be found a full and ample assortment of goods at the lowest prices, among which are the following articles:

DRY-GOODS

of all kinds, such as black, blue, green, mixt, olive and adelaide Broadcloths; Satinetts, Cassimeres, Beaver and Pilot cloths of all colors and quality for overcoats; Merino, Rob Roy, and Brocha Shawls; Mousline de Lane dress Shawls and dresses; Calicoes, Ginghams, gloves, Silks, plain and fig'd satin, pocket and dress hdk'fs, printed launes and muslins, bombazine, hosiery, vestings, moleskin, shirtings, sheetings, linen, cambrick, crape, cravats, scarfs, thread, lace, edgings, Carpeting, &c. &c.

GROCERIES.

A general assortment, such as loaf and brown Sugars, New Orleans, Porto Rico and Matanzas Molasses, imperial, gunpowder, pouchong, souchong, old and young hyson, and hyson skin Teas, Coffee, Chocolate, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cassia, Rice, Indigo, blk Snuff, nail rod, plug and paper Tobacco, &c. &c.

HARDWARE, &c.

A general assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery, &c., among which are Mill, cut, trunn, hand, back taper, and buck Saws; horse nails, wro't and cut nails, best English wire trace chain, brass and cast andirons, sheet iron, tea kettles and brass kettles, iron scoop Shovels, Ames' best shovels, spades and dung forks, Carpenters' and Joiners' tools of all kinds, Looking-Glasses, a large assortment; Travelers' Baskets, &c. &c.

The above and numerous other articles can be had at the Chequered Store, cheap, for cash, all kinds of country produce, and good credit.

Call and examine.

A. H. CLARK & CO.

Cooperstown, Oct. 1st, 1840.

All news items in this
paper
appeared in the
weekly issues
of the
Freeman's Journal
at
sometime during
the months of September,
October, and November, 1840.

This period was the
high point
of the bitterly fought
"Log Cabin"
presidential election
in which
Martin Van Buren
and
Richard M. Johnson
were opposed
by
William Henry Harrison
and
John Tyler.

Although the articles
were taken
from different issues
of the
newspaper,
they have been kept,
as nearly as possible,
on the same page as that
upon which they appeared
in the original.
Every effort
has been made
to retain the original
format and flavor
of the
newspaper.

...Bed Pointed Chain Bore Pumps, to operated by one or two men, and that the workmanship and materials used in these Machines shall be as good, and that they shall not be excelled in the quantity of work they will perform, by any other ... The Patentee has made some improvements in these Machines, which ... which seem more portable than they were at first; and it is confidently believed that they will be found the best adapted to the use of the Farmer of any in use.

Otsego, (Fly Creek) August 10, 1839. 49

NO MONOPOLY.

NEW FIRM,

In the Brick Shop opposite the Piano Forte MANUFACTORY OF PEASE & FAULDER.

THE Subscribers having formed a copartnership in the Cabinet & Chair making business, hereby give notice that they will manufacture and keep constantly on hand, a variety of splendid CABINET FURNITURE, of all descriptions, and of the most approved patterns, consisting in part of square and scroll Sofas, Bureaus, centre, pier, card, work, dressing, dining and breakfast Tables, Lounges, Ottomans, Bedsteads of all kinds, Wardrobes, Sideboards, Foot Stools, &c. They also intend to keep constantly on hand, *CHAIRS* of every variety, consisting of Grecian and curled maple, fancy, fancy painted, Windsor, &c., which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest, for Cash or approved credit.

The Subscribers having had the advantage of learning their trades in the city of New York, feel no hesitation in saying that they can and will manufacture furniture superior to any west of the Big City. All orders thankfully received, and punctually attended to; Old Furniture cleaned, repaired and varnished with neatness and despatch.

N. B. Wanted immediately, a quantity of seasoned lumber, consisting of Cherry, Pine and Bass wood Boards, Maple Joist, &c., for which the highest price will be paid in exchange for furniture.

A. V. & S. S. MOORE.

Cooperstown, May 11th, 1840. 1yn36

CURE FOR CANCER.

THE subscriber has providentially discovered an infallible cure for this dreadful disease. He has tried it in a number of cases the past year, and in no case has it failed. It is a salve, possessing extraordinary virtues—it kills the Cancer, which shortly disappears, without the least pain. Those suffering under this terrible disease, would do well to make the trial. The Salve can be had of the subscriber, at residence in Springfield (two miles from the West Village), Otsego county, New York.

BARNES BAIRD.

Springfield, July 23d, 1839.—n48

FLAX SEED wanted by HANNAY & ROOF.

Oct. 1, 1840.

CONGRESS WATER on hand and for sale by HANNAY & ROOF.

Oct. 2, 1840.

PRINCE'S POLISH.—A most splendid article for polishing silver Britania, Plated ware, and Brass and Copper. For sale by HANNAY & ROOF.

Oct 2, 1840.

CIDER BARRELS.—2000 gallon Iron Bound Oil Casks, a superior article preserving cider For sale by E. & H. CORY.

Sept. 30, 1840.

MACHINE CARDS.—Now receiving on consignment, woollen and cotton cards, of every description, of eastern manufactures (leather ...ck tanned.) Factories can be furnished with any quantity at short notice. A very superior article. E. FOOTE.

Cooperstown, May 4, 1840.

HANNAY & ROOF have on hand a large assortment of PAINTS, &c, warranted pure, which having been purchased at the present low prices will be sold accordingly. Persons wishing to buy, will do well to call and examine qualities, &c before purchasing elsewhere, June 8, 1840.

ELLIPTIC CARRIAGE SPRINGS—A new supply. Springs from 2 to 7 leaf WARRANTED—Weight from 50 to 100 lbs.—Very cheap. E. FOOTE.

Cooperstown, May 4, 1840.

RING BONE, &c.—Brook's remedy for Ring-Bone, Spavin, Wind Galls, &c. warranted to cure—price 50 cents. For sale by HANNAY & ROOF.

Cooperstown, Oct. 6, 1839.

REMOVAL.

PEASE & FAULDER would respectfully inform the public that they have removed their Piano Forte Manufactory, to the rear of the dwelling house of C. D. Pease, one door south of D. Peck's Hotel, and nearly opposite to the Cabinet Shop of A. V. & S. S. Moore, where may be had superior Piano Fortes, of French, Grand, and English action, on terms to suit purchasers.

Old instruments tuned, repaired and improved. All orders in their line will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

C. D. PEASE.
T. C. FAULDER.

Piano Fortes and Mockcords are at this factory made,
By men of worth and genius who understand their trade
And Organs, too, of tone so sweet and workmanship so rare
In all this spacious country none can with them compare.
Piano Fortes for tone and touch cannot excelled be,
And sold for nearly all the price they ask in Albany.
Just call & see, I know you'll say that they are just the thing,
Equal, if not superior to, the far famed Unkenering.

Cooperstown, June 15, 1840.

What is Life without Health!

Philadelphia, December, 1837.

To Dr. Jayne,

DEAR SIR—The astonishing and almost miraculous effects your Expectorant had on my neighbor, the Rev. Mr. Basling, whose case you will recollect was given over by his physicians, and who himself had lost all hope of ever being permitted to preach again, but who, from the use of your medicine, is so far restored as not only to be able to walk out, but also to preach, made so wonderful an impression on my mind, that after consulting with several friends, and learning that you were a *regular Practitioner of Medicine*, and that your remedy was not of those quackish compounds with which the public are so frequently deped—for you must know that I am a mortal enemy to quacks—I called upon you and purchased half a dozen bottles, and told you that if I lived to take them, you should have a good report from me.

I am alive and well this day. Thanks be to a merciful God, and your Expectorant; and now I come forward cheerfully to fulfil my promise.

For twenty long years had I been a constant sufferer from the effects of a hard, dry cough, pain in my breast, and difficulty of breathing; the last five of which chills and fevers every fall and spring, were added to my misery. I was worn away to a mere skeleton; with the greatest difficulty could I get up and down Stairs, my appetite was gone, and my strength so far failed me, that my friends were persuaded I could not survive many weeks, unless I obtained relief. Indeed, sir, my situation was so perfectly miserable to myself, and so distressing to my family, that I felt willing to die, whenever it should please the Master to take me home. But I heard of your medicine and relief came. Yes! it proved the "Balm of Gilead" to my poor afflicted body. Before I had taken one *bottle* I experienced a mitigation of all my symptoms, and to my great joy I found in the continued use of it, the happiest relief. In short, sir, *it has made a perfect cure of me*—and I can truly say, I have no desire to be better.

Now, I consider it is a duty I owe you, and thro' you, the public, to make my case known believing that it will be the means of directing hundreds who are afflicted as I have been, to the use of a remedy, which, under the blessing of God, I consider to have *preserved my life*.

You are at liberty, sir, to make use of this letter to your advantage, and make my case as extensively known as you please. If there be any who doubt the truth of the above statement, (for I have heard that many persons who have cures to sell, forge certificates, and publish them,) refer to me. I shall be happy to see them, and I will not only confirm the above statements, but give them particulars which it would be unnecessary to furnish for the public press. With everlasting gratitude, I am, dear sir, your obliged friend.

MARY GILL.

No. 165 Queen st. below Fourth.

☞ The above valuable Expectorant is only prepared by Dr. D. Jayne, No. 20 South 3d street, Philadelphia, and may be had of

HANNAY & TOOF, Cooperstown.

Price $1 00.

THIS EXPECTORANT NEVER FAILS TO CURE ASTHMA, OR RELIEVE A COUGH! [n10 1y]

WESTERN FLOUR.—The subscriber is now receiving a large lot of superfine and common Western Flour, which will be sold as cheap as any in the market. Having made arrangements to have Flour on hand, persons residing from a distance, can at all times be supplied with any quantity they may wish. ROB'T DAVIS.

Cooperstown, June 8, 1840.

TERMS.—Half the purchase money in hand, and a cridit of five years, for the remainder if required. Possession given immediately, if desired. Apply to the subscriber, on the premises. CHARLES KENNARD.

Middlefield, Sept. 26, 1840, 4-tf

New Goods at the Chequered Store.

JUST received, a general assortment of FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Persons wishing to make cheap purchases will please drop in.

Cooperstown, Oct. 17, 1840.

HIDESON'S PURE CONCENTRED EXTRACT OF LEMON, for flavoring sauce, jellies, Custard, Puddings, Pies, &c.

June 1, 1840. CURTISS & JOHNSON.

CONGRESS WATER—Just received a fresh supply, direct from Saratoga Springs. CURTISS & JOHNSON.

HANNAY & ROOF have on hand a large assortment of PAINTS, &c; warranted pure, which having been purchased at the present low prices will be sold accordingly. Persons wishing to buy, will do well to call and examine qualities, &c. before purchasing elsewhere, June 8, 1840.

To the Bald Headed,

AND OTHERS.

DOES any know a neighbor or a friend who has been Bald, & whose head is now covered with fine hair? One whose coat collar was covered with dandruff, though brushed every hour, which has now vanished entirely? Or one whose hairs at early age were turning grey, who now has not a grey hair? Children whose heads were covered with scurf,—whose hair would not grow, that are now growing the fullest crops of hair? Some cases must be known to most persons. Ask them the cause, and you will be told, these things have been done by the use of the *BALM OF COLUMBIA*. Of 20 years growth is this article, its demand increasing annually some hundred per cent; though when discovered not opposed by any thing for the same purpose, now assailed by almost numberless mushroom trash preparations that will ruin the hair if used to any extent. Can more than these facts be wanted; refer to the recommendations by a list of names of respectability, unequalled by any other article. Look to these things; buy this article. Stay and preserve your hair by its use, or if bald restore it. Ladies, attend to this; hundreds in fashionable life are using it as the only article really fit for the toilet. Long hair is very apt to fall out. Ladies, use the balm of Columbia in time to save yourselves the disgrace of baldness by neglect of your persons. It is your duty, as moralists, to preserve the beauties of nature, with which a bountiful Creator has endowed you; use the Balm, for it will do it.

CAUTION TO BE REMEMBERED.

Several most flagrant attempts have been made to counterfeit the true Balm of Columbia.—Some of the impostors have gone so far as to counterfeit the splendid wrapper, and the Falls of Niagara, every external mark except the name of Comstock, which they dare not forge.

To avoid impositions therefore, always look for the name of Comstock & Co. or L. S. Comstock, and never buy the article unless it has that name upon it.

Sold Wholesale and Retail, only at No. 2 Fletcher street, N. Y., and by HANNAY & ROOF, Cooperstown.

June 15, 1840. 41-1y

E. & H. CORY,

DEALERS IN

DRY AND MIXED PAINTS, OILS, TURPENTINE Copal and Shellac Gum, Copal and Shellac Varnish, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Putty, Glue, Sand Paper, Paper Hangings, Stone Ware, Wood and Willow Ware, Mahogany, Cabinet Hardware, Chairs, and Cabinet Furniture, Looking Glasses, &c &c.

MAIN STREET, COOPERSTOWN.

Paints and Oil.

THE Subscribers have just received a large supply of Paints and Oil, among which are the following:

White lead, dry, pure,	Verdigris, dry and ground in oil,
do do ground in oil,	Chrome Green, no. 1,
Red lead	French do
Eng Venetian Red,	Chrome Yellow,
Spanish Whiting,	Litharge,
do Brown,	Gold and Silver Leaf,
Paris Whiting,	Bronze of every variety,
Window Glass, Putty,	Gum Copal & Copal Var-
Spirits Turpentine and	Paint Brushes. [nish.
Linseed Oil—pure.	

The above articles are *warranted* of first quality, together with a very extensive assortment of *Medicines, &c.*, all of which will be sold at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase will please call and examine prices, qualities, &c. &c. August 26, 1839.

HANNAY & ROOF.

SOMETHING N...

JUST received, an extensive ... *DRUGS, MEDICINES, ... DYE STUFFS, PAINTS, O...* for sale at prices which cannot fail ... purchaser, at the new store one ... Russel's Dry Goods Store, and ... the one formerly occupied by the ... CURTISS & ...

Cooperstown, June 15, 1840.

Ginger Bre...

PEDDLERS LOOK A... AT the Bakery near the T... can be supplied with Ging... &c., equal if not superior to ... Call and see. L. ...

Cooperstown, August 31, 184...

PROJECT PRO...
November, 1...

Prepared b...
Carol J. DuB...
and
Mona M. Buck...

From Newspap...
Courtesy o...
New York State ...
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Project PRO...

A Project fo...
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HEAD PIPES.—... ceived at a low pric...

Cooperstown, June 8, 1...

July 6, 1840.

ING NEW!

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store one door west of J.
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RTISS & JOHNSON.
15, 1840.

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LOOK AT THIS.
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with Ginger Bread, Cakes,
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L. I. BURDITT.
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CT PROBE
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ared by
J. DuBois
and
M. Buckley

Newspapers
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M.—A new supply, just re
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E. FOOTE, Agt.
ne 8, 1840.

OTSEGO COUNTY, } ss. NOTICE is hereby given that a distribution of the money arising from the sale of the real estate of Jesse Smith, deceased, will be made among the creditors of the said deceased by Geo. A. Starkweather, Surrogate of the said county, at his office in Cooperstown, in said county, on the 24th day of November next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at which time and place the creditors who have not heretofore established their debts or demands before the said Surrogate, will present and prove the same.

GEO. A STARKWEATHER, Surrogate.
Dated, Oct. 7, 1840. n6w6

Brick and Tile.

200.000 NEWLY burnt Brick and Tile, of a superior quality—warrnted to stand fire, for sale by
RUFUS S. PETERS.
Hartwick village, August 17, 1840. 50-3

One Cent Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on or about the first of March last, an Indentured Apprentice Boy, named CARY HOWARD JOSLIN, about 12 years of age. All persons are hereby forbid harboring or trusting him on my account, as I shall pay no debts of his contracting. Whoever will return said boy shall receive the above reward, but no charges paid.
J. L. NEWTON.
Hartwick Aug. 21, 1840. 51-3

LIBRARIES.

NEW SUPPLY, for School Districts, just received by H. & E. Phinney, Cooperstown, embracing rising of 5000 volumes, among which are

Rollin's Ancient History.
Russell's France, England, United States, Greece, Rome, &c.
Thatcher's American Revolution, with biographical sketches of Gen. Putnam, Steuben, La Fayette, Gates, Stark, Lee, &c.
Naval Monument, containing accounts of the battles of the navy of the U. States, with 25 engravings.
Universal History, by Von Muller.
Indian wars of the U. States with engravings.
Josephus' History.
History of South America, by Grimshaw.
Beauties of History.
Life of Brant, including the border wars of the Revolution.
Cyclopedia of History, ancient and modern with engravings.
View of the World, describing manners and customs, &c. of all nations with 72 engravings.
Plutarch's Lives.
Lives of Washington, Jefferson, Franklin, Columbus, Marion, Paine, Jones, Bonaparte, Penn, &c. &c.
Moral Looking Glass.
Tales for instruction of Youth.
The Young Merchant, his education, qualifications, duties &c.
Elliot's Travels in Ancient Russia, &c.
Records of Travels and Voyages to the Mediterranean, &c.
Captain Back's Expedition to the Arctic Ocean.
Travels in Turkey by Dr. Urquhart.
Paley's Moral and Political Philosophy.
Useful Knowledge
Combe on the Constitution of Man.
Dick's Works on Philosophy and Society.
Mental Illumination.
Celestial Scenery, &c.
Seneca's Morals.
Juvenile Companion or Fireside Reader.
Parley's History of Birds.
Natural Theology with essays of Lord Brougham.
Bacon's Essays.
Locke on the Understanding.
Young Man's Book of Knowledge.
Pastime of Learning.
Conversations on Botany.
Political Economy, Illustrated by Tales.
Cabinet of Curiosities and Wonders of the World.
Mechanics Illustrated.
American Gardener by Fessenden, &c.

The above are mostly in neat and durable leather binding, for Libraries, and with many other valuable and interesting works are now for sale at the lowest prices, by
H. & E. PHINNEY.
August 1, 1840. 50 tf

DR. I. H. ELMORE'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC PILLS.—It is only from the experimental knowledge of the proprietor during fifteen years' practice of medicine, that he is enabled to furnish a remedy to those who are affected with Dyspepsia, from which they will not have to turn with disappointment after a time. For sale by
CURTISS & JOHNSON.
May 18, 1840.

HOUSE KEEPING.—A general assortment of House Keeping Articles for sale by
May 17, 1840. E. & H. CORY.

Otsego, April 27, 1840. 31-3m

Physic and Surgery.

DOCT. A. E. METCALF would inform the public that he has recommenced the practice of Physic and Surgery in the village of Clarksville, and that he is prepared to attend to all calls in his profession. Surgery and diseases of the eye particularly attended to. Patients from a distance with chronic diseases of the eyes, can obtain board in the village at a moderate charge.

☞ Charges for professional services as low as those of any competent physician or surgeon in the county.

Clarksville, March 16, 1840. 29ly

CAST STEEL SCYTHES.

THE subscriber is now receiving on Commission, 100 *Dozen of Snaith & Wright's Cast Steel, German Steel, and Steel Back, Grass and Cradle, Patent Double S.S. Scythes*, a very superior article—WARRANTED. Merchants in the county of Otsego will be supplied at the lowest wholesale factory prices. They are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.
E. FOOTE.
Cooperstown, May 4, 1840.

To the Bald Headed.

THIS is to Certify, that I have been bald about twenty years and by the use of the genuine Balm of Columbia, my head is now covered with hair. I shall be happy to convince any one of the fact that will call and see me at Delhi village. The above article I bought at Griswold, Chase & Co.'s store, who had it from Comstock & Co.
JOHN JAQUISH, Jr.
Delhi, July 17, 1839. 41-1y
Sold by HANNAY & ROOF, Cooperstown

Hewes' Nerve & Bone Liniment.

THIS article is offered to the public as a never-failing cure for the Rheumatism, and it has for a number years sustained its reputation, and accomplished cures which had defied the power of every other article. In acute and recent cases, the relief is invariable, after one or two applications of the Liniment, and in chronic Rheumatism, the cases of cure are numerous. It is truly a remedy that reaches the nerve and bone with the most happy effect.

Sold wholesale and retail by Comstock & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 2 Fletcher Street, N. Y., and by the principal Druggists in the Union.
For sale by HANNAY & ROOF, Cooperstown.
July 20, 1840. 46-1y

LAMP OILS.—Sperm Oil, (bleached and unbleached); Elephant do.; Whale do. refined; do. do bleached; do. do winter strained. Also, Oils for Wool Carding, Olive Oil, Tanners' do. and Linseed Oil, rec'd and for sale at very low prices, by
June 8, 1840. HANNAY & ROOF.

TO CLOTHIERS.—The subscribers have just rec'd a large supply of carding oil, of various qualities, which will be sold at unusually low prices.
HANNAY & ROOF.
June 8, 1840.

July 20, 1840.

DR. SPOHN'S
Sick Headache Remedy.

FOR the permanent cure of this distressing complaint, never fails. When perfected by it effectually removes the system, and does away the cause of the SICK & NERVOUS HEADACHE. Thousands have tried it, and found precisely the relief which the article promises to bestow. Certificates of the strongest kind, and from the most respectable persons, are in the possession of the proprietor, some of which have been published, testifying to the permanent cure, and others to the immediate relief given by this remedy. It affords relief to the afflicted in 15 or 20 minutes from the first dose. If taken when the symptoms of an attack are first felt, it prevents the further progress of the complaint, and can produce no danger at any time by an excessive dose; as in such a case it would soon throw off the contents of the stomach, leaving it sweet and healthy with an excellent appetite. All afflicted with headache should not fail to procure the article, and relieve themselves from a distressing complaint.

Physicians have in many instances given it to their patients, and in every instance to our knowledge, with great satisfaction have found it a certain cure. *Sick and Nervous Heads* is a complaint with which physicians do not wish to have any thing to do, and generally prescribe only for temporary relief; consequently, Dr. Spohn's Sick Headache Remedy escapes the opposition which some other proprietary articles meet from that source.

Try it once and you never will regret it. It is composed entirely of vegetables, and contains no mineral, or poisonous drug of any kind, and does not require any change of diet or exercise.

Sold wholesale and retail by Comstock & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 2 Fletcher Street N. Y., and retail by Hannay & Roof, Cooperstown, and also by the principal Druggists in the Union.
June 29, 1840. 48—1y

School District Libraries.

THE first and second series of Harper's School District Libraries for sale by the set, or at the same rate by the volume to suit the wants of any district; also Library Cases.

These volumes are recommended to Trustees of School Districts as the best selection for the use of school districts, by the Hon. J. C. Spencer, (see his circular to trustees of school districts and commissioners of common schools;) John A. Dix, late Secretary of State and Superintendant of common schools; Gov. Seward, and the late Governor Marcy. These works are all well bound and warranted as good as those bound in "*Library Sheep*," or *Mutton Calf*. For sale next door to the Post Office, by
H. PERKINS.
Cooperstown, July 1, 1840. n4tf

ELMORE'S BILLIOUS PILLS.—Just received a new supply of the justly celebrated Family Medicine, and for sale by
June 22, 1840. CURTISS & JOHNSON.

JANE'S *Indian Expectorants*, for coughs, influenza, consumption, asthma, spitting of blood, hoarseness, whooping cough, difficulty of breathing, and other Pulmonary affections, by
June 22, 1840. CURTISS & JOHNSON.

FLOUR.—Now receiving a superior lot of *WESTERN FLOUR*, made from Winter Wheat—fresh from the Mills.
ELISHA FOOTE.
Cooperstown, May 23, 1840.

BRUSHES.—Hair hat, cloth, crumb paint, and shoe by CURTISS & JOHNSON.
June 22, 1840.

Ten days later from New-York—by
LAKE BOAT BANNER, a large assortment of *IRON & STEEL*, (about 20 tons not 47,) which we are selling at usual reduced prices.
HARRINGTON & ROSE.
Hartwick, Nov. 2, 1839.

LAWS OF NEW YORK, 63d Session, 1840—Just published. For sale by
July 25, 1840. H. & E. PHINNEY.

NOTICE.—Those indebted to the subscriber, will please call and settle their accounts, and unless settled immediately, they will be placed in the hands of a collector without respect to persons. Necessity compels me to take this course.
JOHN RUSSELL.
Cooperstown, August 22, 1840.

DAYS *Counterfeit Detector*, constantly for sale at the Bookstore of
PERKINS & PAINE.
Cooperstown, Sept. 5, 1840. 1tf

WINDOW GLASS, Putty, Spirits Turpentine, Copal Varnish, Ground Paints, Linseed Oil, Sand Paper and Drugs and Medicines, for sale wholesale and retail, by
HANNAY & ROOF.
June 8, 1840.

TO PRINTERS.

BOSTON PRINTING INK—warranted—at Manufacturer's prices, viz: 30 cents to $1 00 per lb. in kegs of from 20 to 50lbs. Fine Job Ink in canisters of 6 lbs.

We have used ink from this manufactory some ten years and found it a good article.
H. & E. PHINNEY.
Cooperstown, June 8, 1839

Although the articles were taken from different issues of the newspaper, they have been kept, as nearly as possible, on the same page as that upon which they appeared in the original. Every effort has been made to retain the original format and flavor of the newspaper.

LEAD PIPE.—The Subscriber gives notice to the public, that he is now prepared to manufacture Lead Pipe, for the conveyance of water, at his shop, near Samuel J. [illegible]'s, at one and a half miles north of Cooperstown. A large supply of various sizes and discriptions, kept constantly on hand. All special orders promptly attended to. The Pipe will be sold CHEAP for CASH.
CALEB THAYER.
Otsego, April 27, 1840. 31-3m